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12 JUL 1930
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VOL. XVIII NO 153 BOMBAY SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1930 PRICE ONE ANNA

500 PERSONS INJURED ON GHARWALI DAY IN BOMBAY.

25 Repeated Lathi Charges By Police.

MR. MODY AND DR. GOUR ARRESTED

Sequel To Defiance Of Police Chief's Ban On Silent Procession.

TROOPS KEPT IN READINESS.

The vicinity of Azad Maidan was once again the scene of repeated lathi charges by Bombay Police on peaceful Congress Volunteers and the crowd of spectators resulting in nearly 500 persons being injured. Out of these injured about 250 are detained in the Congress Hospital.

Mr. Dhirajlal Modi, President, Dr. Mazharul Haque Gour, Vice-President the "War Council" and Sirdar Thaman Singh, Captain of the Congress Volunteers who were leading the "Gharwal Day" Procession, were arrested as they reached the Victoria Terminus. After the arrest of these leaders, from 5-30 to 8-30 p. m. the police made about 25 lathi charges both on the volunteers and the crowd. Troops were kept in readiness.

Before the Police retired, they ordered the Congress Ambulance men to clear out. The latter were pushed and some Ambulance men received injuries.

The strain on the Congress Parsi and Swastik Ambulance car was so severe that many private motor cars were requisitioned for service. For three hours continuous stream of cars carried the injured and wounded to Congress Hospital where a band of voluntary workers both Doctors and Nurses tended the wounded.

A BAND OF VOLUNTARY RED CROSS WORKERS BUSY THROUGHOUT NIGHT.

Two orders, one banning the procession to be organised by the Satyagraha Committee and the allied processions and the other prohibiting the members of the National Militia as well as the public from assembling on the Esplanade Maidan, were served on the members of the War Council by Inspector Lyons of the Lamington Road Police Station.

Inspector Lyons accompanied by two more police officers called at the Congress House on Friday afternoon at about 2-0 p.m. and served the orders on Mr. Dhirajlal Modi, President of the War Council, Messrs. Palekar and Ramakant, the Secretaries, and Mr. Taman Singh, the Captain of the Volunteers.

Unlike the previous orders this time the public have been prohibited from assembling at the Esplanade Maidan, but so far as can be ascertained from inquiries it seems that no arrangements have been made to inform the public of the ban.

The evening's Harwood League football match between the East Lance and the Royal Artillery was postponed.

TEXT OF ORDER.

Whereas it has been publicly announced that the volunteers of the National Militia have been summoned to assemble on the Esplanade Maidan this afternoon and to take part in the "Garhwal" Procession, I, Daniel Healy, Officiating Commissioner of Police for the city of Bombay, being of opinion that it is necessary for the preservation of public peace to prohibit the assembly, do hereby in virtue of the powers vested in me by section 23 sub-section 3 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902, prohibit the aforesaid Assembly and for the same reason prohibit the public from assembling on the Esplanade Maidan, in connection with the aforesaid procession.

Another order runs as follows: Whereas it has been publicly announced that the Satyagraha Committee has undertaken to take out a Garhwal Procession on Friday at 5-30 p.m. from the Esplanade Maidan, I, Daniel Healy, being of opinion that it is necessary for the preservation of public peace to prohibit this and all allied processions, do prohibit the aforesaid procession.

AZAD MAIDAN SCENES.

Th Azad Maidan was once again converted into a huge "battle field" on Friday evening following the prohibitory order of the Commissioner of Police against the "Gharwal Day" procession organised by the "War Council" of the B. P. C. C. The police authorities in anticipation of the event as the Congress authorities had decided to defy the order made preparations on a large scale to circumvent the efforts of the Congress Volunteers to go into a procession.

POLICE "BANDOBUST."

About 700 police constables armed with lathis were posted at different strategical positions of the Maidan while military lorries with soldiers were posted at Carnac Road Corier, Dhobi Talao, Bori Bunder and Queen's Road. A number of European police officers under the direct supervision of the Commissioner of Police and the Deputy Commissioners of Police controlled the area from Bhatia Baug to Dhobi Talao while Mounted Police helped occasionally the armed police constables in charging the crowd to clear the road. Besides these, a posse of police force was kept in readiness at Esplanade Police Station in case of emergency.

THE "GOOD SAMARITANS."

The Red Cross Ambulance Cars this tme were more in evidence than any other time before assisted by the Parsi Ambulance Division, the Swastika Ambulance and the Municipal Ambulance. The Congress Ambulance with their staff were of course, the first to appear on the scene by 4 p.m. to render the first aid.

FIRST LATHI CHARGE.

The first batch of volunteers came at 4-50 p.m. although 5-30 p.m. was fixed for the purpose of the procession. A lathi charge by tre Police disabled four volunteers while many more were injured and they were removed to the Congress Hospital promptly. This batch was headed by the two Sikh leaders, the captain and the vice-captain of the Volunteers and they were put under arrest and taken to the Esplanade Police Station lock-up.

MR. MODY AND DR. GOUR ARRESTED.

Ten minutes later another batch with Mr. Dhirajlal Mody and Dr. Mazrul Huque Gour came and both Mr. Mody and Dr. Gour and Sirdar Thaman Singh were put under arrest and the volunteers were again dispersed with a lathi charge.

The way the arrests were carried out evoked the resentment of the crowd. The President of the B.

(Continued on page 9.)

PROTEST AGAINST LATHI CHARGE ON FRIDAY.

—:o:—

COMPLETE HARTAL TO-DAY.

—:o:—

(Through B.P.C.C. Publicity Bureau.)

There will be a public meeing under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to-day (Saturday the 12th inst.) at 6 p.m. (S. T.) at Azad Maidan.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta, who has been nominated the President of the B.P.C.C., and will preside at the meeting. Prominent workers will address the meeting. Loud speakers will be installed.

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has declared a complete hartal and requests the public strictly to observe the hartal in view of the serious events that occurred on Friday evening at Bori Bunder.

EX- SPEAKER WATCHES THE CHARGES.

—:o:—

At aout 6-30 p.m. Mr. V. J. Patel the ex-Speaker accompanied by Mr. Haribhai Amin was seen passing in the car waching the scenes. He was cheered by the crowds as they passed the Victoria Terminus.

SIR LESLIE WILSON DISTRESSED.

—:o:—

Sir Leslie Wilson, ex-Governor of Bombay in the course of a letter dated June 26th to Mr. W. T. Halai says:—

"I cannot tell you how distressing it is to me to read and hear of all the disturbances in the Presidency where I spent five of the most interesting and happy years of my life, mainly owing to the kindness of the people in towns districts in every part."

MRS. HANSA MEHTA.

—:o:—

Nominated President of War Council.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta has been nominated as the President of the "War Council" by Mr. Dhirajlal Modi who was arrested on Friday evening while leading the "Garhwal Day" procession.

Immediately after Mr. Modi's arrest Mrs. Hansa Mehta took charge of her work and was seen busy at the Congress House last night discussing with her colleagues the plans of future work.

IN HONOUR OF MR. MODY.

—:o:—

FOUNDRIES AND PRESSES TO CEASE WORK TO-DAY.

—:o:—

In honour of Mr. D. C. Mody, President of the Bombay "War Council", Andheri will observe Hartal to-day and all the foundries will remain close. The President of the Press-Owner's Association has also requested all presses to cease work to-day.

DR. MOONJE FINED RS. 5!

—:o:—

FOR LEADING FOREST SATYAGRAHA.

(From Our Correspondent.)

PUSAD, July 11.

The second batch of the Forest Satyagraha led this morning by Doctor Moonje was arrested. Dr. Moonje was fined Rs. 5 or in default, imprisonment till rising of Court. The volunteers were let off with admonition.

CONGRESS HOSPITAL FULL OF MAIMED HUMANITY.

500 Persons Injured During Lathi Charges.

"Five hundred persons injured!" This was the tale of woe told at the Congress Hospital on Friday night. From early in the evening victims of lathi charges at Bori Bunder were pouring in the Hospital in Ambulance vans, private cars, taxis, and victorias.

By 7-30 the Hospital was full with patients. Cots were laid even in the small open site in front of the Hospital. To provide accommodation for overflow patients, the hospital authorities hurriedly converted two rooms in Ramnarain's House, opposite the Harkisondas Hospital, into a temporary Hospital.

CASUALTIES TREATED.

By 9 o'clock 307 patients had been treated for injuries in the following centres.—

Congress Hospital	157
Arab House	80
Ram Narain's House (New Charni Road)	49
Janmastami Building	21
Total	307

BOY WITH BROKEN RIBS.

Out of this number more than 150 persons will have to be detained in the Hospital for treatment. Three persons are lying in a serious condition. There are among the injured several boys one of whom is said to be suffering from broken ribs.

CONGRESS RED CROSS MEN HURT.

More than a dozen Congress Red Cross volunteers are also injured. Dr. Shroff attached to the Congress Hospital told a representative of the "Chronicle" how Red Cross men came to be treated by police. "I was standing with a batch of ambulance men at Bori Bunder" he said "several sergeants asked us to clear out from the place inspite of the fact that we pleaded that we were on a mission of mercy. Mrs. Hansa Mehta intervened on our behalf and we were allowed to stay for some time. Later a sergeant pushed us back saying "you can go to hell." We were forced to withdraw noticing the threatening attitude of the police."

Mr. Masih, one of the captains of the Congress Ambulance Corps has received lathi blows and so also Dr. Gole, who was supervising ambulance work.

300 MORE TREATED ON FIELD.

Apart from 307 persons treated in the Hospitals more than 200 persons were treated in Ambulance cars for minor injuries and discharged.

The dressing room of the Congress Hospital presented a terrible spectacle with heaps of blood-stained bandage lying about and maimed humanity.

SISTERS OF MERCY AT WORK.

—:o:—

The nurses at the Sir Harkishandas Hospitals and the women Volunteers at the Congress Hospital have put themselves at the disposal of the authorities ungrudgingly throughout the night, for rendering services to the wounded. Even those who had worked during the day willingly came forward to work in the night and attended to those who were detained in the Hospital.

NEGOTIATE WITH CONGRESS.

—:o:—

Mr. Jayakar To Plead With Viceroy.

—:o:—

SIR H. GOUR AS DEPUTY PRESIDENT.

—:o:—

SIMLA, July 11.

The Assembly met to-day to elect its Deputy President and to continue the debate on the Round Table Coference.

Lobby news was that the Government had issued a whip supporting Sir Hari Singh Gour as he was the nominee of the Nationalist and Independent Parties. This made his election certain as against Mr. Rajah, member of the 'Depressed' classes and Col. Gidney, representative of Anglo-Indian community.

NEW DEPUTY PRESIDENT.

Sir Harisingh Gour was elected Deputy President.

The voting was as follows:—

Sir Harisingh Gour	62 votes.
Colonel Gidney	17 votes
Mr. M. C. Rajah	15 votes.

—A. P.

A Move To Solve The Impasse

—:o:—

SIMLA, July 11.

It is understood that the Hindu members of the Central Legislature are holding a meeting this Sunday when they propose to review the situation.

It is expected that the meeting will authorise Mr. Jayakar, to negotiate with the Viceroy with a view to bringing about a settlement with the Congress.—A. P.

—:o:—

Approval From London

ALLAHABAD, July 11.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru has received the following cable from a friend in London:—

"Sastri, Andrews, Tagore, Joshi and English friends consider Viceroy's statement such as merits hearty collaboration with the Round Table Conference."—A. P.

COULDN'T LEAVE THEIR HOUSES.

—:o:—

Why M. L. A's Were Absent From Assembly.

(From Our Special Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 10.

I understand that Messrs. S. Mitter and Amarnath Dutt did not attend the Assembly to-day, because they were not allowed to get out of their houses by the women volunteers posted as pickets.

UNCONDITIONAL AMNESTY.

—:o:—

Mr. Kelkar's Plea.

POONA, July 10.

Commenting on the Viceroy's statement Mr. N. C. Kelkar, ex-M.L.A., says:

The Viceroy has reached the limit of his persuasive powers and cannot help himself further. All sympathise with the Viceroy and the Labour Government in the difficulties, but India's difficulties are greater. Government must announce a general and unconditional amnesty and create a practical impression of official good-will Then only Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Motilal Nehru will attend the Conference. Conditional amnesty will make things worse. The Labour members of the Simon Commission should have added minutes of dissent if they meant well towards India.—A. P.

EARTHQUAKE HAVOC.

SHILLONG, July 10.

A report from Tura, headquarters of Garo Hills, states that all public buildings and offices have been severely damaged by the recent earthquake. Telegraphic communications have been interrupted, several houses in the bazaar have collapsed and general damage has been done to property.—A. P.

SIMON REPORT—BEDROCK OF NEW PROPOSALS.

—:o:—

British Politicals Repudiate Lord Irwin

WILL R. T. C—WALLAHS PERSIST IN THEIR OPTIMISM?

DOMINION STATUS—UNTHINKABLE.

—"MANCHESTER GUARDIAN."

LONDON, July 11.

Lord Birkenhead following up his article in the "Daily Telegraph" attacks the Viceroy and his latest speech which he declares is so ambiguous, that it is almost impossible to select from it any clear and unambiguous proposal. He asserts that Lord Irwin's statement is certain to mislead and disparage the Simon Commission's authority.

An appeal not to allow the Simon report to become a matter of Party controversy was made by the Marquess of Zetland in an address before the East India Association. He said India was too great a question to become a shuttlecock of Parties. He considered that the Simon report, though there might be disagreement on details, provided a basis on which the three parties in Parliament could find common ground.

Marquess of Zetland pointed out that the invitation to the Round Table Conference would emanate from the government and the report formed an obvious contribution of the government as a definite and constructive attempt to effectuate the pledge of 1917.

An endorsement of the Marquess of Zetland's plea was the keynote of speeches in a subsequent debate and warm tributes were paid to Lord Irwin for his part at the most difficult time.

No Dominion Status.

The Manchester Guardian says: It is no good persuading a man like Pandit Motilal Nehru to attend the Round Table Conference unless he is prepared to recognise that all talk of Dominion Status for India is out of question. Vague expressions of goodwill, open minds etc are all very good but they butter no parsnips, unless they are backed by a realisation of facts. Facts of this case are that no conceivable British Parliament would be prepared at this stage to pass as law a Government of India Act which would be approximated to the minimum demands of the Congress leaders The Congress Party is essentially a no-compromise party, nor unhappily is there any reason to suppose that a journey towards London or a call from the Buckingham Palace or a dinner with the Premier would make its leaders miraculously change their viewpoint."

The "Daily Herald" remarks that the Simon report does not tie the hands of either the government or the London Conference or Parliament. The paper hopes that in the next few weeks, commonsense will prevail on both sides and a possibility be recreated of that co-operation which is the only alternative to bitter and disastrous conflict.

The "Daily Mail" thinks that the report is now apparently to be tossed into wastepaper basket. It says Lord Irwin is advancing on a road which leads to a swift and inevitable loss of India.

"The "Daily Express" comments similarly regarding the position of the report and urges the necessity of a firm and just rule in India.

Reuter learns that Mr. R. H. A. Carter, one of the assistant secretaries of the Simon Commission has been appointed secretary-General of the Round Table Conference assisted by another India Office official, namely Mr. S. G. Grist.—Reuter.

MORE PRESS COMMENTS.

The "Morning Post" does not think that the address is well calculated to restore peace to a distracted country and respect for hardly less distracted Government. The paper urges at least the Conservatives and Liberals to refuse to throw over the report of the Simon Commission whose conclusions, implemented with some necessary emendations, should stand.

The "Daily Telegraph" which considers there is little chance of Round Table Conference reaching agreement, describes the statement as "lamentable." It thinks high and honourable hopes of non-Party settlement of Indian problem will hardly survive it.

The "Daily News and Chronicle" repudiates the suggestion that the statement implies shelving of Report. It says if Lord Irwin's speech really succeeded in persuading Indian opinion that Round Table Conference will be really free and any claims of Indians can be made at it, it is an important piece of public service.

B. P. C. C. RAIDED THRICE IN ONE DAY.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, July 10.

The Bengal Provincial Congress Committee Office was raided thrice to-day and the Editor of the Congress Bulletin and the Officer-in-Charge were arrested. —Free Press.

The Government are considering the engagement of experts, on Tobacco cultivation. Negotiations are in progress with Rome Brussels and Athens in connection with their offer of specialists. —Reuter.

LONDON, July 11.

Stockholm.—The International Trades Union Congress has, by fifty-five votes to thirty, decided to transfer the headquarters of the Trade Union International from Amsterdam to Berlin.—Reuter.

CANBERRA, July 11.

The Government has suffered reverse, the Senate deciding to refer the Reserve Bank Bill to Select Committee which has been instructed to report in a month's time.—Reuter.

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A 1152

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Medical.

WANTED—Medical man to purchase old established dispensary. Terms moderate. Real bargain. Excellent chance to beginner. For particulars apply Box No. 88, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R. 2779

SPECIFICS for LUNACY—Hysteria, Chronic headaches, Hemiplegia, Malaria, Dyspepsia, Vertigo, Paralysis, Diseases of women and children, Rheumatism, Consumption. See BHATHENA, No. 8, Grant Buildings, Colaba, Bombay.
P R2746B

ASTHMA

Does your chest trouble you or do you feel uneasiness while breathing or coughing heavily? No matter congenital or self acquired. No relapse, no failure. Guaranteed remedy will be supplied on receipt of the full history of the disease. Send one Rupee stamp with your detailed history while asking for full particulars and prescription. Tegar Chemical Works P. O. Baghbazar, Calcutta.
(2)

TURKO THERMAE—High Frequency Electric treatment. Nurse in attendance. For health and Beauty, 309, Hornby Road, opposite Whiteway, Bombay.
M R2799

Trade Announcement.

FOR SALE—LOGWOOD, Magenta Soluble Blue. Apply Box No. 78, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T R2760

TO PHOTOGRAPHERS Boycott British Papers and use Prabhakar Bromide Papers. These are much cheaper and more reliable. PRABHAKAR BROTHERS, Opposite Rajabai Clock Tower, Fort, BOMBAY.
T 1035

FOR SALE—A HILL, near G. I. P. Ry. Line at KALYAN. (Thana Dist.) is offered for sale at a reasonable price interested person or persons may communicate with Box No. 96, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle,55
N R2795

AUCTION SALE—TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), the 13th instant, at 10 a.m. (S.T.) of very valuable teak and blackwood most durable and decent complete Bunglow Furniture, Safe (with stand), Columbia Gramophone, Records, Carpets Singer Sewing Machine (Hand & foot combined), Brass and Chinaware, Wall Clock, Geaseware, Crockery, etc., etc., at Chawpatty Sea Face. Babulal Mansion, near Marina Mansion, Auctioneers: VORA & CO.
T R 2784

ATLAS CAMPHORINE EGGS.—Latest German discovery for destroying, Mosquitoes, Bugs, Moths, Silver-fish files, etc. for hotels, palaces, libraries, home stationery, etc. Best preservative Can be had from DARAB FRIRES 243, Bazar Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.
T R2793

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion	Rs. 2-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their Advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement columns

NOTICE.

ONE "ORDINARY" SHARE CERTIFICATE No. 13377 of the Tata Power Company, Ltd., standing in the name of Mr. Hoosain Wally Mahomed, has been LOST or MISPLACED. All persons having any claim on the said Share are requested to intimate the same to the above Company at their Registered Office at Bombay House, 24, Bruce Road, Fort, Bombay, within 15 days from the date of this Notice, after which date no claim will be considered and Duplicate will be issued to Mr. HOOSAIN WALLY MAHOMED.
1159

"ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD."

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 34271 on the life of BHANUDAS HARIBA PISE, of Bombay, a Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.
H. E. JONES,
Manager.
Bombay, 12th July, 1930.
R2787

NOTICE.

WANTED for NAWANAGAR STATE, Medical Service, 2 ANGLO-INDIAN NURSES, qualified as follows:—(1) General Nursing certificate and experience of nursing cases of Radium treatment, (2). General nursing and Midwifery certificates. Will be required to take charge of Female Hospital (50 beds) under Lady Doctor. Staff already consists of four English Sisters and Indian Nurses
Apply with salary required and full testimonials to the undersigned.
Chief Medical Officer,
1065 Nawanagar State.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions, are required to attend at the High Court on MONDAY morning, the 14th July, 1930, at 11 o'clock (S. T.).
BUNDALIBHOY HAJEEBHOY,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Sheriff's Office,
High Court,
Bombay, 11th July, 1930.
1160

Public Notices.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VII OF 1913
and
IN THE MATTER OF THE NADIAD OIL MILLS CO., LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

NOTICE.

In pursuance of Section 209 of the Indian Companies' Act, 1913, a MEETING of the Creditors of the Nadiad Oil Mills Co., Ltd., will be held at the Office of the undersigned on MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 1-30 p.m. (S. T.).

NARIMAN D. ADENWALLA,
Voluntary Liquidator.

Chhotalal Bhuvan,
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
1154

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the PREFERENCE SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Company will be CLOSED from the 21st July to the 4th day of August 1930, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Dividend Warrants for the half-year ending 15th August, 1930.
Intimation as to change of address should be notified to the Company immediately.
By Order of the Board
P. D. MAHALUXMIVALA,
Secretary.
11th July, 1930.
1156

Legal Notices

NOTICE

CONCERNING PUBLICATION OF THE WORKS AND WRITINGS OF DADOBA PANDURANG TARKHADKAR, DECEASED.

OUR CLIENTS intend to publish new editions of the following books, viz., "Laghu Vyakarana" (Elementary Grammar) and "Mothe Vyakarana" (Advanced Grammar), written by the abovenamed deceased Dadoba Pandurang Tarkhadkar, as also of all other books written by the said deceased after making such alterations and emendations therein as may be necessary. Our clients also intend to publish the hitherto unpublished writings, essays, poems and speeches of the said deceased Dadoba Pandurang Tarkhadkar. All persons desiring to give any information in the matter and/or claiming any right or interest in the said works and writings of the said deceased Dadoba Pandurang Tarkhadkar or any one or more of them are required to make the same known in writing to us in our Office at Medows Street, Fort Bombay, within one month from the date hereof, otherwise at the expiration of the said period our clients will not entertain any objection to such publication and will not recognize any rights or claims of any person or persons in the said works and writings of the said Dadoba Pandurang Tarkhadkar, deceased.

Dated the 3rd day of July, 1930.

MADHAVJI & CO.,
Attorneys-at-Law.
1155

LOST.

ONE SHARE CERTIFICATE NO 1502 FOR ONE SHARE NO. 22720 OF THE TRITON INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that One Certificate for one share of the Triton Insurance Company, Ltd., bearing the abovementioned particulars, standing in the name of Maganlal Dalpatram (deceased), has been LOST or MISLAID. Any claim in respect of the said Certificate should be notified to the said Company at their Registered Office at 4, Clive Row, Calcutta, within three months from the date hereof, otherwise duplicates in respect thereof will be issued to Kesavlal Maganlal, Administrator appointed of the estate of the said Maganlal Dalpatram irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.
Dated this 3rd day of July, 1930.
JHAVERY & CO.,
Attorneys for Keshavlal Maganlal, the Administrator of the Estate of Maganlal Dalpatram (deceased).
1126

Legal Notices.

PRODDUTUR MUNSIFF'S COURT

O.S. NO. 74 OF 1930.

Mahendrakar Venkata Koridappa Row of Jammalamadugu ..... Plaintiff,
(1) Gokuldas son of Bhagwandas, (2) Venkatadas son of Maggandas, of the firm of Liladhardas Girdhardas, Indapur, Poona Dist ..... Defendants.

The above suit for the recovery of Rs. 122/4 due on deal bags in cloth is posted to 26 July, 1930.

C. S. NARASIMHA CHARLU,
Plaintiff's Pleader.
2797

Auction Sales.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
123 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT THE PREMISES AT DEOLALI.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO ACQUIRE VALUABLE PROPERTY AT A HEALTH RESORT NEAR BOMBAY.

SALE OF PROPERTY KNOWN AS "HORMUZ LODGE" AT DHONDY ROAD, DEOLALI.

Under instructions from Messrs. Hormusjee M. Vakeel and Co., attorneys for the owner Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE AND CO. will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 20th day of July, 1930, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises at Deolali the following property.

All that piece of Inami land admeasuring about 3,093 sq. yds. with a Bungalow thereon called HORMUZ LODGE situate at Singve Banula, Dhondy Road in Deolali and registered along with other land formerly under Book No. 204 and now under R. S. No. 169 and assessed by the Cantonment Committee of Deolali under No. 23.

Full printed particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained of Messrs. Hormusjee M. Vakeel and Co., Attorneys for the owner, 60, Forbes Street, Fort, or of the undersigned.

Private offers will be considered before the sale by the said Solicitors or by the undersigned.

SORABJI COWASJI AND CO.

MORE THAN 100,000

CLIENTS have had our wonderful foretelling. Mr. E. Subramania Iyer, M.A., M.L. Trivandrum, writes:—The reading has given me complete satisfaction and considerable help." Wonderful Annual Reading Re. 1, 5 years' Rs. 2-8. State birth, particulars or time of writing. KALINGA ASTROLOGICAL BUREAU, Vizianagaram City. Our 13 books 1/2 price to our clients for a month.

A NATION GROWS WHEN ITS NATIONAL BANKS GROW AND PROSPER.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
is
AN INDIAN NATIONAL INSTITUTION.
worked and managed by Indians,
IT IS YOUR "OWN BANK".

BANK'S CAPITAL.	
1911	Rs. 20,00,000
1913	Rs. 50,00,000
1917	Rs. 60,00,000
1919	Rs. 1,00,00,000
1923	Rs. 3,36,25,400
1930	Rs. 3,36,25,400

Study the Absolute Security and the innumerable services THE CENTRAL BANK offers to the public and you will appreciate to deal with it.

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA,
Managing Director.

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is a woman's chief asset, and more than anything else the possession of beauty gives happiness and content to woman and pleasure to the men of her family.

MILLIONS

of women in every part of the World have preserved and improved their beauty by the use of Oatine Cream and Oatine Snow; Oatine Cream massaged well into the skin each night will reveal the hidden beauty that lies beneath the skin in every woman, while Oatine Snow used during the day will preserve the complexion against any climatic conditions. Make and keep your women folk happy and contented by taking Oatine home to them, after a course of the Oatine treatment their enhanced beauty will give them and you the greatest pleasure.

OATINE

preparations contain no animal matter whatever and are untouched by hand during manufacture and packing. Obtainable from all chemists and store dealers at reasonable prices.

Give Oatine preparations a trial by filling in and sending the coupon below

OATINE CREAM
for nightly massage

OATINE SNOW
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COUPON—*Send me trial samples of Oatine Cream, Oatine Snow, Oatine Soap, Oatine Face Powder and a full size Oatine Shampoo Powder, for which I enclose 6 annas in stamps by Registered Post,*

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Address _____

THE OATINE Co., 119, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort Bombay.

Do You Know That

Swadeshi and Swaraj are Synonymous Terms?

One without the other is unthinkable and impossible.

HOW WILL YOU SECURE ECONOMIC and POLITICAL SWARAJ?

THE OBVIOUS ANSWER IS:
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If you want to push forward your Swadeshi goods in the market you can do so by consulting

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AND BY

ADVERTISING YOUR WARES IN THE BUREAU'S **SWADESHI DIRECTORY** to be published in about a couple of months. The Directory will be a cyclopaedic work of Reference on the subject of indigenous industries as has not been attempted hitherto.

EXHIBITING YOUR WARES IN THE BUREAU'S **SWADESHI MUSEUM** now being fitted and equipped in an up-to-date and attractive style in a well-frequented locality in Bombay. Watch for the opening date in about a fortnight's time.

TAKE ADVANTAGE of these IMMEDIATELY and carry your message all over the country.

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PRICE **Rs. 7** ONLY

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MOHANDAS KAMALSY,

13-14, MUMBADEVI, BOMBAY.

BOYCOTT THE R. T. CONFERENCE.

—:o:—

"Least That You Can Do."

Mr. E. R. Hirjibehedin, in the course of an Open Letter to the Liberals published in the "Kaiser-i-Hind" says:—

There are none so blind as those who would not see and it is in the hope that you may not have reached that pathetic stage that I am addressing these words to you Would it shock you, gentlemen to know that you are directly and indirectly responsible for the repressive policy of the Government? You are the dividing factor between the Government and the people. It is true that you have issued statements protesting against the present Police Raj. That was exceedingly kind and considerate of you! I am also aware that you have on the whole disapproved of the Simon Report, but your close political connections with the Government must have shown you by now that the bureaucracy does not give twopence for statements and newspaper protests. You visit the Congress Hospital and come out "sadder and wiser" but it seems that the grief and the wisdom do not remain very long with you. For you go and sit in the Councils and the Assembly and thereby help to perpetuate a system of Government that is based on the most violent kind of repression. What do you really do in these Councils? How can you go there year in and year out when you know that you occupy there a precarious position? You know that you have no power there, that you can merely advise and more often than not your advice finds its way into the waste paper basket.

TOOLS.

It is a pity that what brains you have you allow to be wasted in debating questions that now no longer matter to the nation. The direct effect of this is that the Government has been advancing your support of them as evidence that the whole of India is not behind the national demands. By remaining in the Councils you participate in the Government's policy of crushing the national movement and if you say that your sympathies are with the national movement then, gentlemen, by remaining in the Councils you are acting against your conscience. Are you going to let yourselves be made a tool of such camouflage? Would you with full knowledge of these facts be disloyal to your own people? The indirect effect of your attitude is that the nation loses the valuable services of your experience and intellect. Thus your position is doubly injurious and a great stumbling block to all honourable conciliation between the Government and the people.

You want to go to the Round Table Conference. You have, of course, had intelligence enough to renounce the Simon Report, but this gleam of hope is dimmed by the fact that you cannot overcome your temptation to be entertained by British statesmen in England. To-day the most outstanding amongst you is he Rt Hon. Srinivas Sastri. If you will not listen to any one else, I hope you will at least listen to your own leader. "If the Report," says Mr. Sastri, "is to be the framework for the consultation at the Round Table Conference, even a bare suggestion of this departure would add another to the long list of India's grievances and it would be difficult and almost impossible to get cooperation of any intelligent and responsible Indian representative." Would you, therefore, by agreeing to go to the Conference, let the country believe that you are neither intelligent nor responsible? The strength of the Simon Report is derived from men like you. The belief of the Simon Commission, as also of the Government, is that India must not get responsible government, because she is not united in her demands, yours being the dissentient voice.

The great national drama enacted before your eyes should convince you that the movement is not a mere passing phase. The new spirit has come to stay and will remain even after Swaraj has come, for the awakening amongst the people is not merely political but also moral and spiritual. I earnestly hope that you are not under the same belief as the Government are that by putting the national leaders into prison the movement will be suppressed. You can see that the national movement is progressing in the most organised fashion though the most prominent leaders are in jail. If you are living under the unfortunate illusion that in the absence of these national leaders you may once again lead the masses, then I must earnestly ask you to get rid of that illusion. When a nation is cleansed by sacrifice and becomes heroic there is no room for hero-worship, for every man who does his bit is a hero in himself. Do not therefore try to pull off the leadership stunt. Do not hesitate in your decision in the vague hope of being the designers of India's destiny. Rather, do the duty that is right in front of you.

As true friends of the Government and of the people, in short as honourable men that you are, you must give up your seats in the Councils and Assembly and must write directly to His Excellency the Viceroy in clear and definite terms that you will have nothing to do with a Round Table Conference that does not recognise India's right to immediate Dominion Status and where you will not be allowed to discuss and assert yourselves as representatives of a free people. That is the least you can do, and I am sure that you do it you will not have lived in vain.

APPALLING MINE EXPLOSION IN BERLIN.

—:o:—

Heavy Death-Roll.

LONDON, July 9.

Berlin.—Two hundred miners are entombed as a result of coal gas explosion in mine at Hausdorf in Silesia. Twenty bodies have hitherto been recovered but it is feared that death roll is heavier.

Sixtyseven bodies have been brought to pithead at Hausdorf and 50 survivors have been removed to hospital. Hopes are entertained of rescuing the remainder.—Reuter.

GERMAN MINING DISASTER.

—:o:—

LONDON, July 10.

Berlin.—Enghtyone bodies have been recovered from Hausdorf Mine. Sixtynine miners are still entombed in pit filled with carbonic acid gas. A number or rescuers have been either gassed or injured by the falling of rocks and rescue work was been suspended. It appears that the disaster was not due to explosion but to sudden irruption of carbonic acid gas after blasting another part of mine.—Reuter.

IMPERIAL BANK RATE.

—:o:—

BOMBAY, July 10.

The Imperial Bank of India rate of interest on demand loans on Government paper is reduced to five per cent.—A. P.

Bomb-Throw At Inspector's House.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, July 9.

A bomb was thrown, this morning, at the residence of Inspector Harendranath Acharya of Howrah Detective Police. It exploded in a room occupied by a maidservant, with a loud report, but nobody was hurt. No arrest has been made.—A. P.

LAW-EXAMINATION AGAIN POSTPONED.

—:o:—

Picketing In Heavy Rain.

CALCUTTA, July 9.

For the third day in succession, the University Law Examinations were postponed to-day, owing to picketing by men and women, despite heavy rain.—A. P.

CALCUTTA CORPORATION ADJOURNS.

—:o:—

Sequel To Congressman's Arrest.

CALCUTTA, July 9.

The Corporation meeting this evening, was adjourned for ten minutes, as a protest against the imprisonment of Mr. Lalit Mohan Das, the Vice-President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee.

The Bengal Provincial Congress committee office was raided today. Twenty volunteers including Bonwari Pal, officer in charge, were arrested and copies of Congress bulletin seized.—A. P.

CHURCH UNION.

—:o:—

LONDON, July 10.

The Lambeth Conference after hearing the Bishops of Calcutta and Dornakal resolved to appoint a Committee to consider the Church Union of South India and report to the full Conference.—Reuter.

FOUR KILLED IN TRAIN DERAILMENT.

(From a Correspondent.)

CAMBAY, July 6.

Four persons were killed in a derailment of a train between Cambay and Sayama. Heavy rains caused the derailment. The railway lines were washed away and the engine stuck in the ground. There was a terrific accident in which ten persons were injured besides four killed outright.

No postal communication is possible.

HANDSOME DONATION TO CONGRESS FUND.

—:o:—

The Staff of the Oriental Life has contributed a handsome donation of Rs. 500 to the Congress Fund.

INDIA & BRITISH CAPITAL

—:o:—

(BY N. SUBRAMANIAM.)

When Mr. S. N. Haji drafted his Bill for the reservation of Coastal Trade in India for Indian Vessels the British capitalists under the leadership of Lord Inchcape went to the extent of threatening the industrialists of this country by saying that they will completely stop the flow of British capital into this country if such drastic measure were passed by the Indian legislators. Whether the threat was meant in all sincerity or only to scare away a few members of the Assembly, the fact remains that there is a strong belief in this country that without the aid of British capital no industry of any substantial worth can be built in this country. The policy of the Government of India in raising loans in the London money market for extension of railways and other State aided projects at exorbitant rates of interest and on easy terms for the contributors, has led people of Inchcape school of thought to believe that in the absence of British capital in India the whole industrial progress of this country will be at a dead stop.

This is only a fallacy on the part of the British capitalists. Writing in the "Manchester Guardian" Commercial, in a special supplement "Canada", Mr. Arthur F. White says:—"Reviewing the industrial development of Canada since 1910, it is difficult to say that progress has been retarded by the absence of foreign capital." Canada is purely a country of British origin and Britain has many an interest in that country. More than 60 per cent. of the Britishers depend on Canadian wheat, and Canada is the sole supplier of timber to Great Britain. As such it will be interesting to note the volume of British capital in Canada. Mr. Arthur White says: "One of the striking observations from a study of the sources of capital coming into Canada is the relatively small amount of British capital entering the Dominions. Canadians own 55 to 65 per cent of the securities of all enterprises on Canadian soil." In 1929 out of 628 million dollars floated as loan Canada herself has contributed 52.42 per cent, U. S. A. 43.18 per cent and Great Britain 4.40 per cent. From 1917 onwards this was the highest contribution made by Great Britain.

The very object of the Government of India in floating loans in London is to stabilise the exchange by artificial stimulation. The new 6 per cent loan, which was recently floated in London at 99, was to stabilise the falling exchange which went below parity towards the end of May and at the beginning of June, and except for that, there was not any sufficient reason to justify why the Government should float a loan in such a feverish hurry. and that also at such an exorbitant rate of interest. Canada could thrive without the aid of the British capital because she had her banking system based on sound and automatic basis. Her insurance companies also did a good amount of ground work by attracting capital from abroad. The Sun Life of Canada has written business in 1929 to the extent of £132 millions. When we turn to India our banking system is not yet organised on a sound basis with a central banking corporation to act as reservoir to the other indigenous banks. When once our banking system is organised, (which will depend on the recommendations of the Central Banking Enquiry Committee) and when once our insurance companies get a strong footing, we will be in position like Canada, and no amount of vain threats of Inchcape and his colleagues can have any effect on our financial stability.—

BASEIN, July 8.

Six arrests were made here on July 3 for breach of Forest Laws. —Free Press.

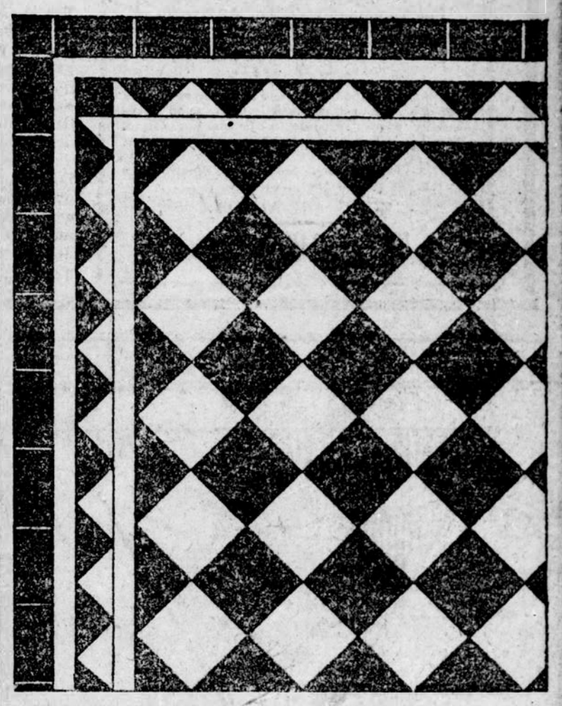
PERSONAL APPEARANCE

Is a keynote of success in life Worried and weak Man and Women will be delighted to know that Elixir Nervana which is a well-known and well tried tissue builder have improved the personal appearance of thousands by 100 p.c. A through course of three bottles will show a marked difference in your appearance and be assured that our guarantee backs you. Price Rs. 5|- per bottle V.P.P. extra. Available from all leading chemists or from:—

M. D. VORA & CO.,

Hospital suppliers.
Princess Street, Bombay, 2.

THE BIGGEST FACTORY OF ITS KIND IN THE WORLD.



Beautiful Floors.

WHICH house would you occupy in preference—a house with indifferent "kutcha" flooring, or one with clean, shining, and decorative tiles? The answer is fairly obvious. It is not only for its natural beauty that you would choose it, but from the points of economy and cleanliness as well. No dust-catching mats or expensive carpets, which need daily cleaning and dusting and frequent replacement.

That is the question which all quick-thinking and progressive property owners are to-day answering by getting their houses paved with modern, sanitary and beautiful tiles, and the best, strongest and most economical are produced at

THE ELEPHANT GLAZED TILES FACTORY

144, Dharavi Road, Dharavi, BOMBAY 17.
Showrooms:—2, Bruce Street, BOMBAY.

Branches:—
LAHORE CANTT. Ganga Ice Factory Build., Punch Kuwa.
AHMEDABAD 113, Armenian Street.
MADRAS.

India is for Indians only

If you really desire to be a free nation, then

(a) Recognise your own Indian Institutions, Industries, Banks, Insurance Companies and Shipping, etc., and do not let your wealth go out of India.

(b) Give a chance to your own Commercial brains and recognise Everything Indian.

(c) Bank all your money with Indian Banks,

(d) Insure always with Indian Insurance Companies.

(e) Travel always by Indian Steamers.

A Real Indian Concern—
Purely Indian Directors.
Purely Indian Management.

THE METROPOLITAN MUTUAL BANKING & ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
"AMARCHAND BUILDING", BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

Agents throughout India, Burma and Ceylon.

Current Accounts:—Opened free of charge.

Fixed Deposits:—Received at interest.

Savings Bank:—Deposits received and interest allowed.

Government and other securities received for safe Custody, Purchases and sales effected. Interest and Dividends collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions. The purchase and sale of Government securities undertaken at all the Branches for the Public generally. Loans and cash credits granted, approved mercantile Bills discounted and Rupee letters of credits and Travellers' cheques issued throughout the World.

The Bank undertakes Executor and Trustee business. Rules may be obtained on application.

Debenture Loans issued against approved securities at 3-1|2 per cent. p. a.

Co-operative Loans granted to the Shareholders according to Rules.

Fire, Marine, Accidents and other kinds of Insurance effected at cheap rates.

General Banking business transacted.

Agency applications from respectable and influential Brokers are invited.

Apply to THE MANAGING AGENTS.

REGINA
HAIR RESTORER
For Restoring Grey or Fading Hair to its Natural Colour.
NOT A DYE
Shake the bottle thoroughly, and apply by means of a brush or sponge, rubbing well into the roots of the hair daily, until desired depth of colour is obtained. Afterwards it is only necessary to apply every few days.
REGINA TROCHIPAL HAIR RESTORER does not stain the skin or the pillow-case.
KEEPS AGE AT BAY.
M. T. MADON & Co.,
Crawford Market, .. BOMBAY.

SLIMOIDS FOR OBESITY CURES SLIMOIDS

ITS DANGERS
The digestive organs of those suffering from Obesity or over stoutness do not function properly. Instead of assimilating and covering the natural fats into nourishing and vigour producing elements, superfluous fatty tissue is permitted to accumulate. This accumulation impedes the action of the various organs, causing loss of vim and energy, quickness and shortness of breath on the least exertion, palpita and other affections of the heart, headaches, constipation, foul breath, kidney troubles, and other disorders.

ITS INCONVENIENCE
In these days of tennis, golf, and other out-door sports, the over-stout are at a grave disadvantage.
At Dances too, the stout person cannot move with that ease and grace so fully enjoyed by those less fleshy.
And in many other ways during every day life, those suffering from Obesity, through their enforced in-activity, are unable to extract the full enjoyment of life.

ITS CURE
"SLIMOIDS"
"SLIMOIDS" are a combination of harmless ingredients scientifically prepared, and possessing properties unequalled for the speedy absorption of adipose tissue.
"SLIMOIDS" are convenient in form and pleasant to take. Rs. 1-12-0 per Bottle.
One should be taken after every meal and at bedtime, and should be followed by a draught of water.
Sole Distributors :—
The Trochipal Pharmaceutical Co., England.
Sold by all well-known Chemists OR Tel. Add. "THOUGHTS."
M. T. MADON & Co., Crawford Market, Corner Shop, BOMBAY. Phone No 22628.

TUNOCITO
Vegetable Laxative Pills.
Constipation causes the poisonous germs and bacteria of the bowels to be absorbed by the blood, causing
DEPRESSION INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS DYSPEPSIA
SICK HEADACHE FLATULENCY, Etc.
TUNOCITO
Vegetable Laxative Pills
are a compound of rare medicinal herbs, roots, etc., which, taken as directed, produce a natural action of the bowels, remove the poisons from the system, and so create vigour and vitality.
NATURE'S TONIC.
M. T. MADON & Co.,
Crawford Market, :: BOMBAY.

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JABAKUSUM
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"TREND OF MODERN PHYSICS."

—:o:—

Prof. Einstein On Space And Matter.

Professor Albert Einsten gave one of his very rare lectures in England on "The trend of modern physics." He spoke, as he always does, in German, but a large audience was able to follow his lecture with the help of Dr. H. L. Brose, of Nottingham University, who at the end rapidly translated what Professor Einstein had said:

The sensational point in the lecture was the announcement that in the near future Professor Einstein hopes to complete a new and even more comprehensive theory in which the laws of geometry and gravitation as established by his general theory of relativity will be united with the laws governing electro-magnetic phenomena which have not yet been brought into the general scheme. This he hopes to do by concentrating on the question of direction in space instead of on size only.

Dr. H. H. Turner, Savilian, Professor of Astronomy at Oxford, was in the chair.

Introducing the lecturer as "the greatest man of science of our time", Dr' Turner said that Einstein was not only the sole man who saw how to complete Newton's laws, but the only man who saw that they needed completing.

Professor Einstein, who was greeted with cheers, said that he wished to explain in the best way possible the trend of modern physics, and to outline the future of the subject. He began by sketching the development of the idea of space as an absolute thing. Space was not a primary conception. In pro-scientific days the primary conception was of rigid bodies, and the idea of space was due to the relationship between bodies. It was first introduced vide a system of axes of reference into science by Descartes to profor the determination of the position of bodies. A greater change was made by Newton's introduction of the idea of force—that is, of acceleration, which can be imagined only in reference to a real rigid body. Newton had the genius to give space definite physical reality. This point had been unduly neglected by his followers.

Faraday and Maxwell then introduced the idea of the electro-magnetic field under the form of a new body called the ether in order to account for electro-magnetic phenomena occurring in space. The next change, a small one, was made by the special theory of relativity. Classical physics pointed a four dimensional continuum cut into two blocks, before and after. This was not consistent with the constant propagation of light, and the special theory gave absolute and independent existence to the space-time continuum.

The definite change in our ideas about space was brought about by the general theory of relativity. Under Newton's theory it was impossible to tell whether a co-ordinated system of bodies was in acceleration or in rotation. It was found that watches and measuring-rods acted differently in acceleration and rotation, and a new geometry had to be devised. This led Professor Einstein to work out his theory of the purely metrical structure of space, the fundamental formulae governing which were then briefly explained.

THEORY OF RELATIVITY.

What were the achievements of the general theory of relativity? It had advanced the view of the uniformity of the world picture. It had reduced the particulars necessary for experiment with phenomena. It had built a bridge between geometry and physics. What were its weaknesses. By taking the matrical structure of space as a basis it was possible to show that geometry and gravitation were both represented in this structure. But what was to be done with electro-magnetic phenomena which forms so important a part of the world of physics? To introduce these phenomena into the general theory of relativity it was necessary to add to the material structure terms which would account for electro-magnetic phenomena. It should be possible to get a further form of material space which would comprise all phenomena in one set of equivalents. This would clearly be a great gain in picturing the uniformity of nature.

In what way could this problem be solved? It was very difficult and had not yet been finished. His colleagues regarded his own views as a "particular craze." But he had faith in the path along which he was proleeding The theory was not finished, but here was evidence that the end was near. He wanted to find out what additions would have to be made to the material structure of space in order that electro-magnetic phenomena might be included under its laws. He was taking no notice of the results of the quantum theory. If he could deal with a microscopic phenomena the results for microscopic phenomena would come out by themselves.

"The new idea which has occurred to me," said Professor Einstein, "is that in considering the elements in space we have compared them only as regards size, but there is a further element which may give a clue. You can also compare them in the matter of direction. It occurred to me during a severe illness two years ago that direction might give the additional terms required to allow electro-magnetic phenomena to be included in one field with geometry and gravitation.

"The way in which this problem presents itself indicates the introduction of terms to be known as H's which I will not further discuss here except to say that there are sixteen of them, and that they are not symmetrical. The object is to get conditions which will satisfy all the necessary requirements. The problem is nearly solved, and already we have an approximation of the laws of gravitation and electro-magnetics. But that is not enough. The laws may come out. But I want to apply these laws to natural particles. I also want to derive the elements of matter electrons and protons, out of the metrical structure of space.

"Now it appears that space must be regarded as the primary thing, and that matter is derived from it as a secondary result. space is eating up matter. Space is having its revenge. But that is still only a pious wish."—"Manchester Guardian."

BOMBAY'S HEALTH LAST WEEK.

—:o:—

The total mortality 516 was 20 more than in the preceding week; the death rate registered was 20.7. The mortality for the 27th week of 1929 was 431 and death rate 17.3 and the average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium 1925-29 was 494 and death rate 19.9.

Out of the total deaths 156 were among infant under one year of age.

Small-pox caused 17 attacks and 13 deaths.

The number of live births registered during the week was 468 and compares favourably with that for the 27th week of 1929 when the figure was 459 and with the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1925-29) viz. 401.

Carbolic Acid Poisoning.

—:o:—

Indumati Ajitsinhji Kapadia, a young Hindi woman residing at Napean Sea Road was found suffering from the effects of carbolic acid poisoning on Tuesday and was placed under the treatment of Dr. W. Nunan but died subsequently. The Coroner will hold an inquest to-day.

MORE DONATIONS FOR CONGRESS HOSPITAL.

Following are some of the donations to the Congress Free Hospital received on Tuesday:—

Trustees of Ardesar H. Wadia Rs. 1,000.
Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Rs. 100.
S. Hormasji and Company, Rs. 100.
Wadala Bazar residents Rs. 351.
T. C. Wanua and Co., Rs. 101
Teju Kaya and Company Rs. 251.
Lakshmidas Chandaramji Rs. 115/10/-.
Staff and Agents of Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada Rs. 100.

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P. O. Box 101, MADRAS. Manager:—V. RAGHUPATHI, B.A., B.L. Tel. Add. "Kalpam" Madras.

DEPRESSED CLASSES TRIBUTE TO CONGRESS.

—:o:—

MEERUT, July 8.

"No doubt we have our quarrels with the orthodox and conservative sections of Hindus but it means no indifference towards the Congress. The Congress has done its utmost to better our lot and it is our bounden duty to stand by it at a critical time in its history. Now I am sure my community will not lag behind in the struggle for freedom" said Sjt. Satyapal presiding over the Depressed Classes Conference here.

Resolutions were then passed asking the depressed classes to participate in the struggle for freedom.—Free Press.

OPENING OF SILVER CITY.

—:o:—

The opening of the Silver City [illegible] took place in the presence of a huge crowd.

The Silver City which is aspiring to be the leading amusement park of Bombay has got a very ambitious programme in view.

The most important feature of the Silver City is of course its Dance floor.

BOYCOTT R. T. C.

—:o:—

Deccan Merchants Suggestion.

The Deccan Merchants' Association has issued the following statement on the present political situation in the light of the Simon Commission's report and Pundit Motilal Nehru's arrest:—

The Committee of the Deccan Merchants' Association are of opinion that the Simon recommendations fall short of the national aspirations.

The Committee are definitely of opinion that unless the Round Table Conference is convened for framing Dominion Constitution for India, all political parties should boycott it.

How Doctors Can Help Movement.

—:o:—

The following resolutions were passed by the Ahmedabad Medical Society at its meeting held recently:—

"This meeting of the Ahmedabad Medical Society condemns the violation of the laws of humanity committed by the Government in different parts of India against non-violent Indians—men, women and children; and urges upon all medical men to support the national movement, to encourage Indian industries by using drugs and chemicals manufactured in India by Indian firms, and to boycott drugs, preparations, appliances of British manufacture."

"That consultation with British medical men holding qualifications registerable under British Medical Acts should be stopped."

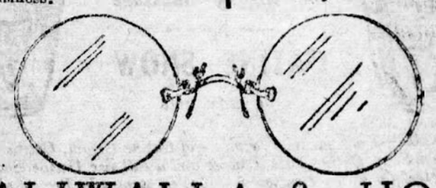
A SAVAGE SENTENCE.

—:o:—

MRS. LUKMANI'S CONVICTION HORRIFIES MUSLIM WOMEN.

A meeting of Muslim ladies held at "Sabhate Ameera" on Wednesday passed a resolution "expressing horror at the injustice of Mr. Choubal in sentencing Mrs. Lukmani, a respected and aged lady to six months' rigorous imprisonment."

Mrs. Atiya Begum characterised the sentence as savage.

HERE ARE A COUPLE OF LATEST CERTIFICATES.
V. J. PATEL, Esqr.
Ex-President, Legislative Assembly Says :—
The Glasses that Messrs. Baliwalla & Homi prepared for me, have given me entire satisfaction. I wish them every success in the business.
GEORGE SLOCOMBE, Esqr.
Says :—
I have found the Glasses you Supplied me very satisfactory.

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My wife is now the happy mother of a girl child after 15 years of married life.
I always keep stock of Lodhra in my dispensary and never forget it even in my sleep.
The pain which afflicted my wife the last over 15 years stopped in 3 doses.
I found it a sovereign remedy for all menstrual troubles.
Wonderfully cures all complaints peculiar to women and bestows health and happiness on them.
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MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

A. & O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH and LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES (CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK).

Date	Steamers.	Tons.
July 5th	Rampura*	16,601
12th	Malwa	11,000
19th	Maloja X	16,083
26th	Karmala X	16,619
Aug.		
2nd	Morea*	10,946
9th	Kaiser-i-Hind	11,518
16th	Narkunda X	16,572
23rd	Macedonia	11,120
30th	Rajputana*	16,568
Sept.		
6th	Ranpura	16,601
13th	Mooltan X	20,847
20th	Ranchi	16,650
27th	Karmala*	10,946
Oct.		
4th	Viceroy of India	19,648
11th	Comorin X	16,133
18th	Kaiser-i-Hind	11,518
25th	Karmala*	10,827
Nov.		
1st	Rajputana	16,568
8th	Malwa X	16,888
15th	Rampura	16,601
22nd	Macedonia*	11,120
29th	Karmala	10,827
Dec.		
6th	Narkunda*	16,572
13th	Viceroy of India	19,648
20th	Rawalpindi	16,619
27th	Kaiser-i-Hind	11,518
1931.		
Jany.		
3rd	Mooltan X	20,847
10th	Rajputana	16,568
17th	Ranchi	16,650
24th	Rampura	16,601
31st	Maloja X	20,837
Feb.		
7th	Mantua	10,946
14th	Comorin*	16,132
21st	Viceroy of India	19,648
28th	Naldera X	16,086
Mar.		
7th	Kaiser-i-Hind	11,518
14th	Karmala X X	10,827
21st	Ranchi	16,650
28th	Narkunda X	16,572
Apr.		
4th	Rampura	6,801
11th	Mooltan X	6,542
18th	Karmala X	6,857
25th	Viceroy of India	8,648
May		
2nd	Mooltan X	20,952
9th	Kaiser-i-Hind	11,518

X To Marseilles only.

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

A Through from Australia.

* Through from China.

‡ With limited accommodation for passengers from India.

‡‡ Extra steamer carrying 1st Saloon and 3rd cabin passengers.

¶ To Marseilles only.

These steamers will call at Monaco after leaving Marseilles. Passengers can be booked to Monaco the fares being those in force between Bombay and Marseilles.

NEW REDUCED FARES FROM BOMBAY TO EUROPE.

TO LONDON.

1st Saloon.

	A	B	C	D
Single	£93	£83	£73	£63
Return	161	144	126	106

2nd Saloon.

	A	B
Single	£56	£50
Return	98	88

TO MARSEILLES.

1st Saloon.

	A	B	C	D
Single	£84	£74	£66	£58
Return	147	130	115	102

2nd Saloon.

	A	B
Single	£52	£46
Return	91	81

SPECIAL SHORT SEASON RETURN TICKETS 1930.

1st and 2nd Saloon Return tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued available for return to Bombay by "VICEROY OF INDIA" due 18th September 1930. The fares will be as follows:—

	1st Saloon	2nd Saloon.
To London and back by Sea	£103	£78
To London and back with special train both ways	£130	£98
To Marseilles and back	£159	£78

NEW THIRD CLASS CABIN.

FARES TO EUROPE.

	Single	Return
London	.. £30	£52
Marseilles	.. 38	49

Return tickets home 3rd Cabin to out 1st or 2nd Saloon can be arranged.

OUTWARDS—OCTOBER 1931.

The "Strathnaver" a new steamer of 21,000 tons will call at Bombay on her Outward voyage in October next year carrying First Saloon and Third Cabin passengers.

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT PORT SOUDAN, MALTA and/or TANGIER.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
20th Nov.	DUMANA	3,427
11th Dec.	DOMALA	3,422

These two vessels are one class ships. Fares as follows:—

	Single	Return
Bombay to Plymouth A.	£64	£113
B	£55	£105
C	£52	£ 98

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date about		
July 4	Rajputana	Colombo, China & Japan.
18	Mooltan	Colombo & Australia.
Aug. 1	Mantua	Colombo, China & Japan.
15	Comorin	Colombo & Australia.
29	Malwa	Colombo, China & Japan.
Sept. 12	Naldera	Colombo & Australia.
26	Morea	Colombo, China & Japan.
Oct. 10	Narkunda	Colombo & Australia.
24	Rawalpindi	Colombo, China & Japan.
Nov. 7	Mooltan	Colombo & Australia.
21	Ranchi	Colombo, China & Japan.
Dec. 5	Maloja	Colombo & Australia.
19	Malwa	Colombo, China & Japan.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only. Period of availability 16 weeks, sailings approximately every months. Fares £74 to £103.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS. TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

1930 July		
11th	Varsova	Karachi, Bushire, Mohammerah & Basrah.
16th	Barpeta	Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports.
16th	Khandalla	East and South Africa.

Special 1st Saloon cheap Excursion return tickets to Mombasa for Rs. 500 May to September 1930.

There will be sailings to Karachi on Wednesdays, Thurs.,Friday every week. The departure of the Karachi Gulf mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs.Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamers or through passengers to Basrah.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage may be arranged with MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

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FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave.	Reach s.
Sado Maru	5828	1 July	12 July
Atsuta Maru	8000	....	@12July
Kashima Maru	10000	....	@22July
Tottori Maru	5973	15 July	26 July
Chidzuoka Maru	8270	29 July	7 Aug
Hakone Maru	10000	....	@12 Aug
Suwa Maru	11000	....	@26 Aug
Rangoon Maru	8082	17 Aug.	28 Aug at
Fushimi Maru	11000	....	9 Sep.
Tamba Maru	5845	29 Aug.	12 Sep

*Do not carry passengers.

(a) From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles	Arrive London
Terukuni Maru	11000	22 July	4 Aug	6 Aug
Hakusan Maru	10000	5 Aug.	14 Aug.	16 Aug.
Haruna Maru	10500	20 Aug.	7 Sep.	9 Sep.

FROM ORIENT TO SAN-FRANCISCO.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hong kong	Leave Kobe
Chichibu Maru	22000	31 July	6 Aug.
Shinyo Maru	17000	13 Aug.	20 Aug.
Tatsuta Maru	22000	21 Aug.	27 ug

Others are Orient-Seattle South-American (East and West Coast) and Japan, Australia Services.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL	100,000,000
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Canton	Marunouchi (Tokio)	San Francisco
Changchun		
Dairen	Nagasaki	Samarang
Fengtien	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsan
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
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THE INDIA PROVIDENT Co., Ltd

25% of the Premium refunded as Bonus, Funds about Rs. 2½ Lakhs.

The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Re. 1 and As. 8 per month. Active and Honest Agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co. Chief Agents, Mazgaon, BOMBAY, 10.

The Favourite

The idol of the whole family. Cheery, jocular, generous to everybody. But just occasionally he smokes a little too much, stays out a little too late, dines or sups not wisely but too well. In the morning, a headache .... "seedy" .... "fogged out." No need to worry! There is always

CAFIASPIRIN

Two tablets, a glass of water, and all is right again! Dad, mother, and the girls too, find prompt and fresh vigour in CAFIASPIRIN, when they wake up "headachy" and not too well after late hours of dancing and jollity.

BAYER

ULCERINE

(Regd.)

Without operation, cures—Piles, Fistula, Carbuncle, Witlow, Gangrene, Boils, Foul Ulcer, etc., on application. Instantly relieves a pain of poisonous Boils and Sores draws out all pus magically. Even operated wounds of any extent healed in a week. It is taken also internally as best blood purifier. Cure guaranteed. Phial Re. 1-4-0. Postage extra. Ask free Booklet to—NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal.

Agents: J. Tirath and Co., Sunder Road, Karachi.

Kemp and Co., Charni Road, Bombay.

Telegraphic Address: "Mauf", Kandi.

National

Insurance Company Limited.

HEAD OFFICE:

9 Old Court House Street, CALCUTTA.

(Established 1906)

WHEN ONLY PURELY INDIAN IS THE NECESSITY

"NATIONAL"

WILL EASILY BE THE FIRST CHOICE FOR LIFE ASSURANCE.

Because

(1) This is the oldest and strongest Indian Managed concern.

(2) Its Invested Funds, liberality of contract, World-wide policies are attractive features.

(3) Its premium rates are low and Surrender and Loan Values are liberal.

FOR LIFE ASSURANCE EVERYTHING DESIRED IS OFFERED BY THIS STRONG COMPANY.

INSURE IN AN INDIAN MANAGED CONCERN AND SUPPORT INDIA'S CAUSE.

Chief Agents: Branch Office

R. G. DAS & CO., Managers.

Let your Body and Brain Be Refreshed by using ZANDU'S Draksha-Asava

Mridvikarishta-Sharangdhar M. Ch. 10.

A Delicious and Remarkable Remedy

Why Remain Fatigued and Depressed? Why not try from to-day ?

That Acts At Once

ZANDU'S Draksha-Asava

The Well-known Body and Brain Refresher

Avoid Substitutes

ZANDU Pharmaceutical Works Limited, Sayani Road, BOMBAY 14

Selling Depot: Old Bhatia Mahajanwadi, Kalbadevi, BOMBAY 2

¼ lb.As.13, ½ lb.Re.1-8, 1 lb.Rs.2

NERVINUS

(WITH GOLD).

AN AMAZING ELIXIR OF LIFE indicated in LASSITUDE; TROPICAL Debility; DYSPEPSIA; KIDNEY and LIVER TROUBLES; ANAEMIA; BLOOD IMPURITIES; Sexual or Seminal weakness. Loss of flesh, female disorders, etc. Month's use bottle Rs. 5; Ext, Musk Liniment for Local Weakness Rs. 2-8. Both together Rs. 7. Guaranteed Harmless. V.P. charges extra. Dr. N. Massey, Ahmedabad:—It did much good where other remedies failed. Mr. H. Carter, Bombay:—Your Nervinus is splendid quite a marvel. S. Lone, Esq., Rangoon:—I cannot live without Nervinus Behar Chemical Works, Shree Gauranga Bhavan, Bhagalpur Branch: Mihijan. Telegraphic Address: "CHEMISTS"— BHAGALPUR, or from:—Thomson & Taylor, Ltd., and Treacher & Co. Bombay; Konkar Bros. & Co. Poona and Pandit Shah & Co. Ahmedabad.

BREATHE-WELL & GET WELL.

You could positively overcome long standing Digestive troubles, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Flatulence, Weakness, Imaciation and Nervousness by our Breathe-Well methods 4 weeks course of instructions. Price Rs. 5/-. Postage 5 Annas. 4 days trial.

DR. KUSUMGAR, (Electric-Clinic). P. B. 2159, Bombay.

YOUR Eye

DOES IT TROUBLE YOU? IF SO, try Seller's Lotus Honey, the safest, surest and most high-praised Natural Cure for Eye-diseases. Cures even Cataract, etc. Literature free. THOMSON & TAILOR, LTD., BOMBAY.

Art is Admired everywhere

Araujo Fernandez & Co.

MERCHANT TAILORS,

(Princess Street, Bombay.)

Have elevated their Tailoring to an Art.

RHEUMATISM.

The Amrita Bazar Patrika, the oldest English Daily of Calcutta, writes:—(30th January 1930).

"The Rheumatism Oil prepared by Swami Premanandaji, the famous Vedantist Yogi, is efficacious in all cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica and Lumbago old or new. The medicine is for application only, the result being instantaneous and permanent. It is extensively used for the last 12 years and can be had of Professor S. N. Bose, B.A., "Swami Premananda Ashram", (Post Box 11418), Calcutta, the price being Rs. 2-8 per phial"

SCOTT'S Porage Oats

for nourishment and sweet nutty flavour, no imported Oats can compare with Scott's Porage Oats, the finest that even Scotland can produce. Scott's Porage Oats are splendid for strength and vigour grand for brain.

COOKS IN 5 MINUTES.

Sole Agents:

HERBERT, SON & CO., LTD., BOMBAY.

Deka Wires and Cables DKW

(MADE IN GERMANY)

THERE ARE NONE BETTER

DEKA CABLES A. N. CLASS

Are Guaranteed Equal in all respects to

C. M. A. 600 MEGOHM GRADE CABLES

USED LARGELY BY:—

GOVERNMENT DEPTS., RAILWAYS, TRAMWAYS, MILITARY SERVICES, MUNICIPALITIES, PUBLIC BODIES, ETC., THROUGHOUT INDIA.

CABLES OF ALL CLASSES FOR LIGHTING, TRACTION TELEPHONY. TELEGRAPHY.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

CAN BE HAD FROM ALL LEADING DEALERS.

Sole Agents:—

J. C. KARAKA & CO.,

127, Fort Street, BOMBAY.

Telegrams:—"Gauntlet."

Telephone No. 24726.

Wanted Sub-Agents.

FIRST DAY EFFECT.

RAJRATNA.

(Reg.) No. 3680

A specific for weakness. This medicine contains valuable ingredients like Kastoori Chandrodaya and Moti. No abstinence.

Price: Sample Packet of 10 Pills, Rs. 5. Full Size Bottle of 50 Pills, Rs. 20. V.P. Extra.

RAMARATNA.

(Reg.) No. 3680.

For external application, to give increased nerve vigour. Price: Sample Packet, Rs. 5 Full Size Bottle, Rs. 20. V.P. Extra.

Sthambhan Pills.

One hour effect.

Price: Rs. 5 per Bottle. V.P. Extra.

TRY for other diseases our effective remedies. Weekly Medical Charges. Rs. 5 only. Postage Free.

Write for further particulars to

Vaidya Jayantilal Ambashanker.

Adishwar Building, Pydhoni Chawk, Bombay 3.

H. O. VADHWAN CITY.

DONATIONS FOR CONGRESS HOSPITAL.

—:o:—

The following are some of the donations to the Congress Free Hospital received on Wednesday July 9:—

	Rs.
Poona Jain Gujrati Stri Samaj through Popatbai Manilal	291
Tenants of Topiwala Lane Chawl ...	101
The Gujrat Metal Syndicate	401
A Parsi Sympathiser ...	150
Manubhai Khushal Mistri ...	100
Indian Staff and Friends of N. Y. K.	101
Tenants of Bhawanji Kamdar Old House	131
Ratanlal Rancnoddas	100

Messrs. Muller and Phyps (India) Ltd. whose representative visited the Hospital on Tuesday and sent some medicnes and provisions after his visit have sent yesterda a First Aid Box.

The Zenith Chemical Works have sent some medicines and surgical instruments through Mr. Mudliar.

Ajmer Congress Secretary Jailed.

—:o:—

AJMER, July 10.

Sjt. Baijnath Mahodaya, General Secretary of the Ajmer Provincial Congress Committee was arrested under Section 117 I. P. C. on Saturday last. The trial took place at Nasirabad in the early hours of the morning. After a brief hearing in which the accused did not take any part, the Magisrate sentenced him to 2 years' R. I.—Free Press.

A Thana Incident.

—:o:—

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

"The following account of an incident in the Thana District shows how far some of the exponents of civil disobedience consider themselves bound by the doctrine of non-violence.

"A few days ago, a party of about twenty villagers including boys armed with axes and scythes marched into the reserved forest of Juchundra, cut down three teak trees and carried them off to their village. On their way to the forest they met the beat guard and after telling him what they intended to do, threatened to kill him if he followed them. When they reached their village they set up one of the trees outside the school house and hoisted a Congress flag on it. The Range Forest Officer visited the village the next day but could do nothing owing to the menacing attitude adopted by the villagers.

"The matter is being dealt with by the police, but it is significant in so far as it shows the inevitable trend of the civil disobedience movement."

CHARKA EXHIBITION. IN CALCUTTA

Amidst shouts of "Bande-Mataram" Soudamini Mehta Secretary Gujrathi Stree Mandal opened a "Charkha' Exhibition" on Sunday morning at the Marwari Balika Vidhyalaya at Banstoli Gulli, Calcutta, before a large gathering of ladies and gentlemen including Seth Anandaji Haridas, Messrs. G. L. Mehta, Durga Prasad Khaitan, Prabhudayal Himatingka, Jalodia and others.

In opening the exhibition, Sm. Soudamini Mehta said that following the lead of Mahatma Gandhi, Bombay had taken up "Charkha" in right earnest and Calcutta was also not lagging behind. India was being drained of her wealth by foreign cloth and to-day people in India could not get a full meal day. But there was a time when Indians could produce "mulmul" by 'Charka' She fervently appealed to all to take to 'charka' in right earnest. She announced at the meeting that in Calcutta several thousands of ladies had taken the vow not to use foreign cloth any more.—Free Press.

Raid On Satyagraha Patrika.

SURAT, July 9.

The Secretary, Publicity Bureau, writes:—

During the last few days, the police kept a strict watch on the Office of the District Congress Committee. On the 7th intant, every approach to the Congress Office was occupied. To the little boys who were till now selling the "Satyagraha Patrika" without being interfered with, this unusual raid came as a surprise. An amusing tussle followed, some of the more energetic and more intelligent brains from these little children took from the office some waste copies and went out. As soon as they were out on the street tney began to cry loudly "Satyagrah Patrika" for one pice. The police naturally followed. But in the meanwhile those who had taken away copies of the "Patrika" escaped and the copies were quickly sold out. In the evening the police retired. Now they are making greater efforts to trace the place where the "Patrika" is printed and from where it is published. The copies are snatched from the seller wherever found. Yesterday a boy was taken to the police station for selling the "Patrika" and is detained there. The "Patrika" is daily printed, published and sold in broad daylight.

AN ALLEGED VIOLENT PROHIBITION NOTICE.

—:o:—

The Director of Informotion writes:—

The following notice was recently found hanging on the wall of the Girls' School in Katargam, Surat District. It indicates an interesting method of non-violent advocacy of temperance:—

NOTICE. .. ..

A strict notice is hereby given to Koli brothers of Katargam to the following effect:—

You should get your liquor shop building vacated within a week or else calamity will fall on the houses of your Panch Patels. Take this for certain. The son of Bhimbhai Patel, he owner of the toldy shop premises is informed that he should get his premises vacated, if not, the most strngent measures will be taken.

Manchha Bhangia is warned that he should give up drinking liquor and toddy within a week, if not, take it for certain that he also will be shattered to pieces.

Pashwa Dubla, toddiwaila's servant is warned that he should give up his job, if not it will be incumbent on the writer to approach him where he sleeps and to tie him down and set fire to the toddy shop, whereby he will have to burn alive. As against this it is preferable to give up service.

This notice should be carried out within a week. Dated 29th June 1930.

SERIOUS RIOTING IN RHINELAND.

SEVERE EXCESSES COMMITTED

LONDON, July 10.

Cologne.—There is an alarming development of rioting in recently evacuated Rhineland districts ostensibly aimed at the supporters of the former separatist movement though there have been several cases of private revenge. Severe excesses have been committed at Treves which is in a state of siege. Police have been armed with rifles and teargas grenades. Streets are barricaded. Nevertheless many separatists premises have been sacked.

Reinforcements have been called up to Treves as also to Mainz, Wiesboden and elsewhere.—Reuter.

"MAKE SECOND WIFE HAPPY."

—:o:—

DYING GIRL'S REQUEST TO HER HUSBAND.

The Coroner held an inquest on Thursday touching the death of Indumati Ajitsinh Kapadia (16) who died of Carbolic acid poisoning on Wednesday at her residence at Napean Sea Road. A letter was found by the police written by the deceased to her husband in which she stated that she was going away for good and to excuse her if she said anything to him. In the last para she wrote: "I have a last request to make and that is that if you remarry, make your second wife happy and do not take her curse."

The husband is in a hospital having recently been operated for appendicitis.

Mr. Lalji Dayal, Cloth merchant, the father of the deceased stated that his daughter was happy at her husband's place and he had never heard of any complaint regarding unhappiness. The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

ALLEGED DEALINGS IN 'CHARAS.'

—:o:—

THREE ARRESTS.

Thne Mahomedans were arrested in Bombay in connection with importation of charas to the extent of Rs. 9,000. The accused, Mia Mohmed, a Trans-Frontier man, Mohmed Ibrahim, a native of Jeddah and Abdulla from South Canara were placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Thursday.

It appeared from the remand application that the Bombay C.I. D. and the Excise authorities received a telegram from Peshawar about a fortnight ago that a gang was dealing in 'charas' between Peshawar and Bombay.

They made an investigation and intercepted a parcel of 'charas' worth Rs. 4,000. On further investigations a parcel containing charas worth Rs. 5;000 was recovered from Sion. Subsequently the accused were arrested.

Mr. S. K. Nabiulla, Advocate, applied for bail on behalf of the second and the third accused. He submitted that his clients were leather goods merchants at Nalbazar. His Worship ordered the accused to be enlarged on bails of Rs. 12,000 each, Rs. 6,000 to be deposited in cash.

ALLEGED DISCOVERY OF BOMB.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, July 10.

A bomb with fuses is said to have been discovered from the trunks belonging to two Bengali youths who, were arrested at Sealdah station as they alighted from Barisal express by C. I. D. men who, acting on information, were on watch since morning.—A. P.

Convalescent

Over are the days of weary waiting, over the white nights of fevered restlessness. Recovery is on the wing — sped up by the aromatic breath, the soothing touch of "4711" Eau de Cologne, wondrously refreshing and invigorating.

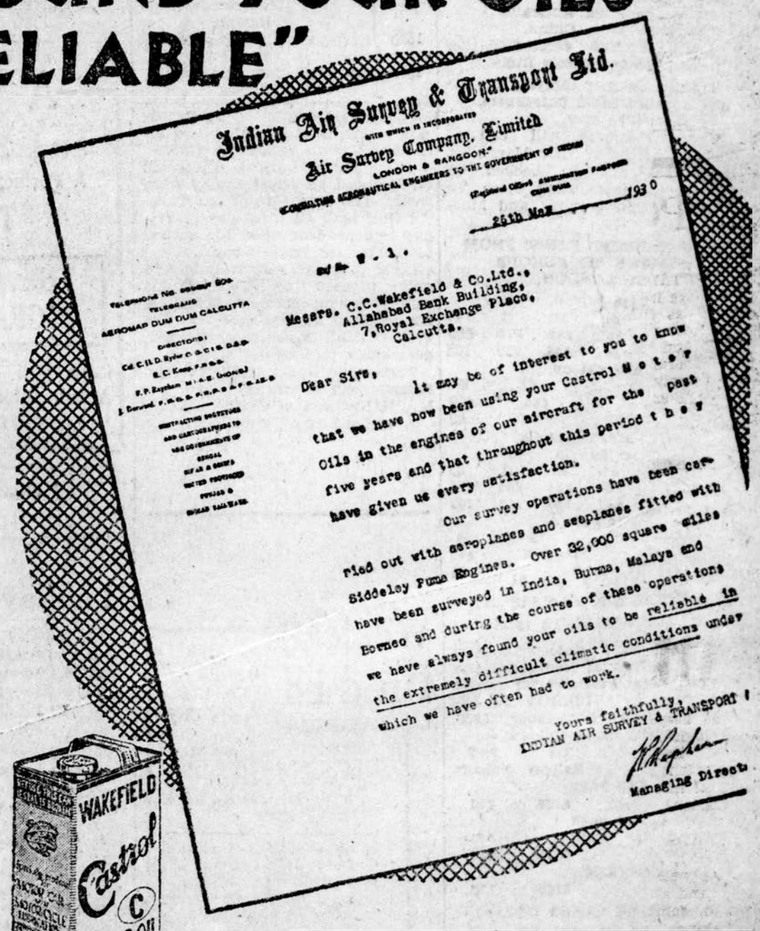
"4711" Eau de Cologne is a real boon to convalescents, their trusted companion on the road to health and strength.

"4711" Eau de Cologne with the Blue and Gold Label. The Standard of Excellence.

No. 4711. Eau de Cologne

Representative: ROBERT BLAU (India), Central Bank Buildings, Bombay.

"WE HAVE ALWAYS FOUND YOUR OILS RELIABLE"


Indian Air Survey & Transport Ltd.
Air Survey Company, Limited
LONDON & RANGOON
25th May 1930
M/s. C.C.Wakefield & Co.Ltd.,
Allahabad Bank Building,
7,Royal Exchange Place,
Calcutta.
Dear Sirs,
It may be of interest to you to know that we have now been using your Castrol Motor Oils in the engines of our aircraft for the past five years and that throughout this period they have given us every satisfaction.
Our survey operations have been carried out with aeroplanes and seaplanes fitted with Siddeley Puma Engines. Over 32,000 square miles have been surveyed in India, Burma, Malaya and Borneo and during the course of these operations we have always found your oils to be reliable in the extremely difficult climatic conditions under which we have often had to work.
Yours faithfully,
INDIAN AIR SURVEY & TRANSPORT LTD.
Managing Director

Wakefield Castrol Motor Oil

In your car or motor cycle, CASTROL remains unaffected by the extreme climatic conditions of the East. Obtainable throughout India at the same price as ordinary oils.

C. C. WAKEFIELD & CO., LTD.,

Head Office for India, - - - - BOMBAY.

Branches throughout INDIA.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

—:o:—

Shorts Covering On Heat Wave.

WALL-STREET FIRM

Bombay, July 11.

Yesterday the New York Cotton futures market ruled firm on drought reports and advanced further on strength of Wall Street and covering by shorts. Prices fluctuated within a ranfe of 20 points and closed at a net rise of 22 to 26 points. Spot Cotton prices improved 10 points to 13.30c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market ruled firm and close at a rise of 24 points. Spot Cotton prises advanced 25 points to 12.65c.

The Liverpool Cotton market opened at a rise of 1 point but owing to reports of unfavourable weather prices advanced particusalery for near months and closed at a rise of 12 to 6 points. Spot Cotton sales were 3,000 Bales.

So far the heat waves have not done any important damage to the crop but it said that such weather kills boll-weevil. However continuance of the present weather is likely to damage the crop.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co. in their report state as under:—

Bombay market was opened up to 3 p.m. Prices opened easier following American advices but sharply declined on heavy selling by Bazaar operators due to a sharp fall in local shares and linseed prices despite the reduction in the local Bank rate. Notwithstanding reported satisfaction at the last clearing settlement, some trouble is again apprehended during this settlement and the public loss occasioned by the ruling of the East India Board is considered to be enormous and will take a considerable period for the trade to recover from it.

Market appears steady on heavy "short" covering on reports of heat in Oklahoma and Texas and also the apprehension of the usual deterioration period setting in from the 3rd week of this month. So far, there is no serious damage to the crop and it has already commenced to move in the South and farmers are likely to put out Hedge sales on all advances and thereby the supply of contracts will be more in evidence. Almost all the countries in the World adopting Gold as the medium of currency have reduced the intrinsiv value of all commodities and investments in securities. The enormous production of cottongoods during the last 3 years has not entirely gone into consumption due to reduced purchasing power of the World. The high Tariff rates in America and intended increase in Tariff of other countries is seriously unsettling the American producers and is believed to lead eventually to reduce the consumption of American Cotton.

PRIVATE CABLES.

New York October Highest 13.30 lowest 13.06.

New York December Highest 13.42 (Close) lowest 13.22 (10-30 a.m.)

Hemelryk:—"Heat excessive Central Belt and Georgia."

New York:—"Very steady Liverpool buying and professional operators. Hot and dry weather causing anxiety. There has been no damage done but will cause some if continues. Acts well and looks higher."

Reuter:—Market opened firm on drought reports and advanced further on strength of Wall Street and covering by shorts."

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following telegram from our New York and Liverpool friends dated 10th July 1930.

New York friends cables:—

"Heat waves made shorts cover but believe excessive temperature detrimental to weevil.'

Liverpool friends cable:

"Look as if market could do better, dry weather causing complaints, are not confident of higher prices think advance only temporary.'

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable dated 10th inst. (5-25 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

Advise covering bearish transactions on easy markets being prepared to put out short sales again an any material rise due to crop scares."

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, July 10.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	4,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	1,000
Sellers July-Aug. £17:2:6.	

LONDON SILVER.

London, July 10.

Silver Market.—Market is steady

Spot	16-1/16
Forard	16

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, July 10.

Cottonseed, Bombay, ton.—Nominal July-Aug. £5:10:0.

Castorseed, Bombay, ton,—Sellers July-Aug. £14:2:6.

Rapeseed, Toria ton—Sellers July-Aug. £14:0:0.

STOCK EXCHANGE CRISIS

—:o:—

Plea For Reconsideration Of Board's Order.

Bombay, July 11.

The resolution passed by the Board of Directors of the Bombay Stock Exchange closing down forward trading until further notice has not met with general approval.

It is understood that a requisition signed by over 65 members of the Share Market is being sent to the President requesting him to call a general meeting and act according to the sense of the meeting.

CAUSE OF CRISES.

It is said that the political situation is the cause of the crisis and it is feared that under the present state of affairs, Bear raids are likely to lead to serious consequences. The action of the Board is critisized by interested parties and investors under the plea that yesterday's decline in share values was not extra-ordinary but was just on account of the manipulated position of some scrips.

It remains to be seen what further action will be taken by the Board. It may be said that yesterday's urgent meeting lasted over three hours and the present situation was considered by the Directors in all respects.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, July 10.

October	13.25+.22
December	13.42+.26
January	13.43+.22
Middling Spot	13.30 +.10
October	13.02+.24
December	13.17+.25
January	13.21+.25
March	13.41+.24
May	13.58+.23

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New Cork, July 10.

July	12.80+.24
October	13.05+.24
Middling Spot	12.65+.25

NEW YORK.

New York, July 10.

New York 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time).—	
July	Unquoted.
October	Unquoted
October (New Contract)	13.10
New York 11-45 a.m.—	
July	13.07
October	13.08
October (New Contract)	12.85

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, July 10.

	Opening	Closing.
July		7.23+.12
August		7.09+.12
September		7.02+.11
October	6.30	6.96+.10
November		6.92+.07
December		6.95+.08
January	6.92	6.97+.08
February		6.99+.08
March	6.97	7.04+.07
April		7.06+.06
May	7.06	7.10+.07
June		7.12+.07
July		7.14+.07
Middling Spot		7.60 +.01

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, July 10.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	3,000
Sales on Speculation	100
Sales of East Indian Cotton	100

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, July 10.

Scinde, Fully Good	4.15
Scinde, Fine	4.40
Scinde Superfine	4.65
Bengal Good	3.90
Bengal Fully Good	4.15
Bengal Fine	4.40
Oomra Good	4.00
Oomra Fully Good	4.30
Oomra Fine	4.60
Broach, Fully Good	5.10
Broach Fine	5.35
Broach Superfine	5.60

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, July 10.

July	11.38
November	11.43
December	11.49
January	11.53
March	11.56
May	11.75
F.G.F. Spot	12.40

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, July 10.

Chartered Bank of I.A. & C. £17-1/8.

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank, (London Register) £107-1/2.

National Bank of India £42-1-4

Funding Loan 4 p.c. £91-1/8.

Conversion Loan 3-1-2 p.c. £79-1/4.

Indian Loan 5-1/2 p.c. £100-1/8

Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p.c. £46-1/2.

Indian Stock, 3 p.c. Sterling Loan £53-1/2.

Indian Stock 3-1/2 p.c. Sterling Loan £62-1/4.

Consols 2-1/2 p.c. £55-7/8.

War Loan 5 p.c. £103-1/4.

Victory Bonds, 4 p.c. £94-7/8.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, July 10.

Demand Bills	486.25

Bombay Cotton

—:o:—

Bombay, July 11.

In response to firm advices from New York our market opened at Rs. 190/8 for Broach J.A. delivery. There was a small turnover but the undertone was fairly steady. Liverpool opening advices were steady and the market closed at 4 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A. 191/8
Broach A/M. 223
Oomra July 159
Oomra D/J. 182
Bengal July 142
Bengal D/J. 160

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 11.

July 115.00 plus 5.10.
October 118.10 plus 5.10.
December 118.60 plus 5.90.

GOLD.

London, July 10.

Bar gold, fine, per oz. £4:5:0-1/2.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, July 10.

Interest, Day to Day Loan	1-3/4 p.c.
Interest 7-Day Market Loans	2 p.c.
Bank Bills, 3 Months	2-3/8 p.c.
Bank Bills, 6 Months	2-3/4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 Months	3-1/4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills, 6 Months	3-3/4 p.c.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, July 10.

T T London on Berlin	20.39-1/4
T T London on Amsterdam	12.09-3/4
T T London on Brussels	34.83
T T London on Madrid	41.43
T T London on Milan	92.89
T T London on Berne	25.04
T T London on Paris	123.64
T T London on Prague	164.00

PROF. K. T. SHAH NOT WANTED.

—:o:—

UNIVERSITY SYNDICATE'S AMAZING DECISION.

—:o:—

The Syndicate of the University of Bombay has decided not to retain the services of Prof. K. T. Shah, as head of the University School of Soviology. This decision has been made inspite of Prof. Shah's brilliant work at the University for nine years.

IN AID OF CONGRESS HOSPITAL

—:o:—

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

—:o:—

Under the auspices of the Swadeshi Pracharak Prabhat Phari there will be a Grand Variety Entertainment by boys and girls today (Saturday) (July 12) at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge. One at 5 p.m. and the other at 8 p.m.

The programme will include vocal music, Indian Orchestra, flute solo, college picketing scene, liquor picketing scene, mimicry etc., etc.

The proceeds of the entertainment will go to the Congress Hospital.

—:o:—

LECTURES BY PROF. SHAH FOR WOMEN.

Prof. Shah will deliver series of lectures on 'Present Movement from the economical Point of View' to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. at Vanita Vishram Hall. Women only should attend the lecture. There will be accomodation for few students in gallery, to hear the lecture.

—:o:—

THE CHARKA PRACHARAK EXHIBITION.

—:o:—

Mr. Jairam T. Halai, Secretary, writes:—

The above exhibition which was to be opened to-day (Saturday) is postponed on account of the situation created in the city by the events in connection with the "Gharwal Day" procession. It will be opened on Sunday, the 13th instant, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) by Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale. All those who have received invitations will please note the change in date.

Graham Pole On C. I. D.

I have gone out to India time and again during the last 20 years and I have never gone out without being followed all over the place by two Criminal Investigation Department officials. I never could make a speech without two men representing the Criminal Investigation Department in front and taking down every word that I said. I was asked when I was in India, not long ago, if I would preside over a Trade Union Railwaymen's meeting, and I agreed. I saw two reporters in front of me at the meeting, and, as they were going to report what I said as chairman, said I to them: "What paper are you representing?" They replied: "We are not representing a paper; we represent the C. I. D." "Why on earth are you here?" I asked. They replied: "We have come to report your speech." I asked: "Where they had come from," and they actually travelled 200 miles to report what I might say, because I was a member of the Labour party. They had to go back 200 miles.

At the end of the day, they said: "You have said nothing unconstitutional. You are not a revolutionary." I said: "What did you expect?" "What," they replied, "you are a member of the Labour party."

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

—:o:—

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Common Juror's attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

SWARAJYA SABHA.

The General Meeting of the Swarajya Sabha will be held today (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Kanyashala Hall.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for Mauritius and Reunion per Extra S. S. "Sirsa" Via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Monday the 14th inst. instead of 13th as previously notified.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, Shanghai and Japan per S.S. "Sado Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p. m. on Saturday the 12th inst.

CURRENCY DEPT. ABSTRACT.

(In thousands of Rupees).

July 7.

Notes in circulation 164,71,21

Reserve—Coin and bullion: In India:—

Silver coin 109,85,16; Gold coin 32,27,63; Silver bullion 3,47,99

Securities (purchase price) in India 18,37,48; in England 72,95.

INDIAN WOMEN MUST JOIN THE FRAY.

—:o:—

Women's Meeting at Vanita Vishram.

To congratulate Mrs. Lukmani, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mrs. Kamaladevi Mrs. Perin Captain, Mrs Munshi and other women who have been clapped into jail for taking a lead on the national struggle, a meeting of Bombay women was held at Vanita Vishram, on Friday evening, Dr. Dossibai Dadabhoy presiding. The hall was fully packed.

Mrs. Rattan Bai Mehta, in opening the meeting said one could not help admiring, the courage and patience of thousands of India's daughters, in the national struggle to assist their brave brothers in the fight and to achieve the political emancipation of India's womanhood.

LET MAHATMA DECIDE.

Seth Abdulla, Senapati of the Ville Parla Congress Camp, congratulated his brave sisters that had been jailed and said that since the last ten years India had been striving hard for freedom and this time, her womanhood, inspired by Mahatma Gandhi, had come to the forefront in the struggle and snatched a right that had been denied to it. The object of Mahatmaji in launching the movement, he said was to enable the Indian to be master in his own house. The daughters of India, in coming forward to picket liquor and cloth shops, had undertaken, a risky work.

FOLLOW MRS. LUKMANI'S EXAMPLE.

Mrs. Janki Bai said the time had come, for Mohamedan ladies to follow Mrs. Lukmani's example by casting aside their old purdah system which came in the way of their taking a part in social and political activities, and which kept them prisoners for life, and ruined their health.

AWAY WITH DRINK.

Mr. Chaganlal, said that it was the duty of every Indian to eradicate the vice of drink and that the work which the women picketers in special, had been doing had a great effect.

Temina Behn, in a stirring speech denounced the disastrous Hindu and Muslim traditions that kept women confined to their houses like prisoners.

GOVT. CANNOT STOP.

Mr. K. Natarajan, then rose, amidst cheers, and after paying a tribute to the womannood of India that had undertaken the task of striving for the nation's freedom, said "Our sisters have been doing a purely humanitarian work, in the present struggle. In taking their posts bravely at the liquor shops to persuade their brothers to give up their vice of drinking they had been preaching a religious precept and Government in promulgating the picketing Ordinance, and Government had come in the way of a nation's moral reforms.

After short speeches delivered by Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale, Mrs. Rattan Behn Mehta and some others, the meeting ended with the singing of national songs.

—:o:—

its adhesion to M. Briand's me-

Poland, in common with Spain, Rumania and Italy, has notified its adhesion t Mr. Briand's memorandum advocating the organisation of a Federation of Europe published in the middle of May. It expresses its willingness to participate in a conference in that connection which it suggests should be held in September.—Reuter.

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Policy. 865. M. K. Ayyappa

I thank you for the prompt and generous payment of the amount under the Life Policy of my husband late Kandra Ayyappa. He had insured his life in your Company only in the month of December 1929 and died within four months thereafter. Though there were discrepancies of Age, and Medical Certificate you were kind enough to condone the same and pay me the amount with the least possible delay. I appreciate your attitude in causing the least possible trouble and inconvenience to the beneficiaries. You have not even insisted upon the usual Succession Certificate. You have made me realise the blessing of Insurance by paying me nearly Rs. 2,000/- for a single payment of Rs. 107/4/- by my husband.

With best wishes for the longevity and prosperity of your Company,

I remain, Dear Sirs,
Yours sincerely,

(Sd.) BASAMMA.
(Widow of M. K. Ayyappa.)

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—:o:—

VILLE PARLE SATYAGRAHI CONVICTED.

—:o:—

Mr. Bhalchandra Wadekar, Satyagrahi volunteer of the Vile Parle Camp, was arrested on Thursday at Mulund for distributing pamphlets to Police. He was tried by the Magistrate at Kurla and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

Latest Cotton Prices.

—:o:—

(Through the Cotton Information Bureau 381, Ismail Building 2nd floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

—:o:—

NEW YORK MARKET

—:o:—

OCTOBER.

New York, July 11.

Previous Closing Rate	13.25
To-day's Opening Rate	13.30
Difference	plus .05
To-day's Closing Rate	12.97
Difference	--28

Broach expectations J.-A. Rs. 185.
Broach expectation A.-M. Rs. 218.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

OCTOBER.

—:o:—

Liverpool, July 11.

Previous Closing Rate	6.96
To-day's Opening Rate	7.02
Difference	plus .06
To-day's Closing Rate	7.01
Difference	plus .05

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LINSEED.

London, July 10.

Linseed, Calcutta, London, ton,— Sellers	£16:6:3 July-Aug.
Linseed, Calcutta, London, ton,— Sellers	Aug.-Sep. £16-6-3.
Linseed, La Plata, c.i.f. ton— Sellers	July-Aug. £14:15:0.
Linseed, Bombay, c.i.f. ton—	

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LEADING STORES.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1930.

DESPERATE OPTIMISM.

—:o:—

Every one who has so far welcomed the Viceregal pronouncement—described by Mr. Jadhav as "beautifully vague" and, according to the "Times" correspondent, by the majority of Indian members of the Bombay Council as "meaningless"—has done so on the assumption that Dominion Status is implicit in the pronouncement and that it could not be made explicit because of Liberal and Tory opposition. That both Tories and Liberals are opposed to Indian aspirations is evident from the comments of the British Press and politicians. The "Morning Post," the "Daily Telegraph," the "Daily Mail," the "Daily Express" and Lord Birkenhead are all furious because the Viceroy showed signs of going beyond the Simon Report, while Lord Zetland and the "Daily News and Chronicle" also support that report but not with the same amount of fury. But the most significant comment of all is that of the "Manchester Guardian," significant because the "Guardian" represents not the Tories—die-hard or progressive—nor yet the moderate Liberal. It is the organ of advanced left-wing Liberalism and it says: "It is no good persuading a man like Pandit Motilal Nehru to attend the Round Table Conference unless he is prepared to recognise that all talk of Dominion Status for India is out of question." From this it is clear that neither the Liberals nor Tories are prepared to entertain any suggestion of Dominion Status. This fact, it will be said, justifies Lord Irwin's ambiguity. Yes, more than that, it justifies the view of those who refuse to accept the offer of the Conference.

For, if the fear of Tory-Lib. opposition compelled the Labour Government not to commit themselves to Dominion Status even with what are vaguely knwon as transitional safeguards, the same fear will render that Government unable to accede to the minimum demands even of our Indian Liberals. This for the simple reason that no possible miracle can change the Tory-Liberal preponderance in Parliament to an absolute Labour majority. That Liberals and Tories would reject any proposal regarding Dominion Status, is, as we have pointed out above, clear from the warning given by their Press. Even Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru admits it when he says, "I have a thorough distrust of the Conservaties and Liberals in England." This being the case and Labour being afraid of "instanteneous defeat" directly the opposition suspect it of entertaining progressive sentiments towards India, may we ask, in the name of commonsense, what ground there is for optimism? Much is being made of "the very clear statement," to quote Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru, "that the agreement at which the Conference is able to arrive will form the basis of the proposals which his Majesty's Government will later submit to Parliament." It is because of this "very clear statement" that Dr. Sapru has received a cable saying "Sastri, Andrews, Tagore, Joshi and other friends consider Viceroy's statement such as merits hearty collaboration with the Round Table Conference." But there is absolutely no chance of an "agreement" at the Conference. His Majesty's Government is too afraid of "instantaneous defeat" to meet the minimum demands not of India but of men like Dr. Sapru and Messrs. Sastri, Jayakar and Jinnah. Indeed, if there had been any intention of doing so, the private assurance demanded by Mahatma Gandhi from Lord Irwin on December 23 would have settled the problem of India long ago.

The truth is that, whether because of the fear of the opposition, or out of its own Imperialistic inclinations, Labour is unwilling to grant freedom to India, "which will mean," as Mr. Lalji Naranji says, "that Indians will be masters in their own house, of their Shipping, Banking Insurance and other industries and trades". Incidentally, we notice that the "Times of India" asks the mercantile community to do a number of things apropos of the present situation. The answer is supplied by Mr. Lalji's statement which we published yesterday. As Mr. Lalji explains, the commercial community is behind the present political movement because it is convinced of the economic necessity of Indians being masters in their own house. Therefore, "the value in money of the sacrifices made by the commercial community," he says, "will be infinitesimal compared with the value of freedom to the country." That freedom is not forthcoming through the Round Table Conference. That is why the mercantile community is behind the Congress and that is why the Congress rejects in the name of India the latest offer of a Round Table Conference. For we cannot repeat too often that Congress alone represents India. Nor can we repeat too often the warning that those non-Congress men who propose to "represent" India at the Round Table Conference have no representative capacity and will, therefore, go to London at their own risk. The country will have nothing to do with them and will denounce them as betrayers of its cause.

THEIR EFFICIENCY.

—:o:—

The British bureaucracy in India and its apologists boast that efficiency is the watchword of its administration in this country. But cases occur in which the lamentable ignorance of officiadom of facts well-known to everybody comes to light and those who betray this ignorance show themselves inefficient in a remarkably ridiculous manner. We understand that police inquiries were made at the house of Mrs. Lukmani, the veteran Muslim nationalist, who was sentenced the other day to four months' hard labour under the picketing Ordinance. The Magistrate for reasons best known to himself had classed her as a "B" class prisoner. Now officialdom desires to ascertain her social status and her income! It is unaware, we suppose, that Mrs. Lukmani, the daughter of the late Justice Badruddin Tyebji belongs to one of the most cultured Muslim families in the country, of the highest social status and, with a reputation for being educationally the most advanced. Nor is officialdom aware that Mrs. Lukmani has laboured long in Bombay as a keen social worker, as the Treasurer and member of the Executive of the Bombay Ladies' Branch of the National Indian Association and as Joint Secretary of the Princess Mary Ladies' Gymkhana, along with Mrs. F. S. Talyarkhan. Recently Mrs. Lukmani threw herself heart and soul in the anti-drink movement. She went from house to house and secured promises from people to give up drink. She used to stand 65 feet away from the entrance to liquor shops and the presence of this aged Muslim lady of 59 was a wholesome deterrent to the visitors to these shops. Some of them came to her house later to express their gratitude for having induced them to give up the drink habit. Mrs. Lukmani did much for the poor of Chembur. She had a free class for educating poor girls. And now she is classed as a 'B' class prisoner, which is an insult to a lady of her high social standing. Why should not the authorities abolish these invidious distinctions and treat all political prisoners equally as 'A' class? A remarkable point in the prosecution of Mrs. Lukmani is that although she was charged with having picketed at Chembur on the 4th instant, she was, we understand, not there on that day but at Vile Parle Satyagraha Camp.

WHAT THE KING SAID.

—:o:—

When the text of His Majesty the King's speech on the occasion of the opening of India House in London was cabled by Reuter there occurred in it the phrase "peoples of India" and we expressed our astonishment that the King, who had in his speech referred to a united India, should have also suggested that this country was inhabited by a number of "peoples". Reuter now cables a correction which gives the accurate words. The King used the word 'people' and not 'peoples' in the significant sentence in which His Majesty pleaded for 'wider sympathy' between the 'people of India' and those of Britain. The cabled correction is sure to give great satisfaction in this country.

WATERPROOFS FOR MUNICIPAL STAFF.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir—As the question of the purchase of water-proofs of British make by the Bombay Municipality is still being agitated in your paper I shall be obliged if, in fairness to the Standing Committee and myself, you will publish the following.

The press report of the proceedings of the Standing Committee which appeared in your issue of the 27th June as well as in some other papers, is not quite accurate and does not give a correct impression of what transpired at the Standing Committee meeting. The facts are that as required by the law, tenders were invited by public advertisement for the supply of waterproofs. Only four tenders for gods which were all of British make, were received. The most suitable out of them was selected by me and sanctioned by the Standing Committee. It is not legal for me or the Standing Committee to set aside the requirements of the law with regard to the invitation of tenders and to purchase articles not tendered for, regardless of the quality or price. Thousands of varieties of articles have to be purchased by me for the requirements of the Municipality and it is not possible for me to know whether articles of non-British or Indian make with regard to these requirements are available, if those interested in them will not tender. I think you will agree that it is the duty of the manufacturers or dealers to tender for such articles and not for me to try and find out whether such articles are available in India or elsewhere, nor is it in accordance with the Municipal law to set aside the tenders and purchase articles not tendered for.

The Corporation Resolution of 1923 to which reference was made in the Standing Committee is as follows:—"This Corporation is of opinion that no articles manufactured in any part of the British Empire outside India should be used by any of the Departments of the Municipality or by any of its contractors except when they are not available in any other part of the world". With the best will in the world, it is not possible to carry out this resolution literally. Literally interpreted, it means that no articles of British manufacture should be used at all by the Municipality so long as similar articles, no matter what their price or quality and whether tendered for or not, are available anywhere in Asia, Europe or Africa. The interests of the consumers who are all Indians as well as the ratepayers, a large majority of whom are Indians, have to be considered by the Municipality no less than the interests of dealers in German water-proofs. It was with this object that in the case of mill-made cloth (Indian, not German) negotiations were carried on to restrict the price. The resolution, though it cannot be carried out to the letter is being carried out in the spirit, as preference is given to Indian-made goods, even when the quality is slightly inferior or the price is slightly higher. This policy is well-known to the Standing Committee and has been cordially endorsed by it. In a report called for some time ago by the Corporation, it was stated that out of goods of the value of Rs. 9,63,000/- purchased during the year, only goods worth about Rs. 2 lakhs were of foreign manufacture, while the rest were of Indian manufacture.

—Yours, etc.,

A. R. DALAL,
Municipal Commissioner.

Dated July 11.

FRESH POWERS FOR THE BOMBAY POLICE.

UNCALLED-FOR ATTACK ON THE RIGHTS OF THE PUBLIC.

(BY P. J. SHROFF, ADVOCATE).

The Government of India and the Provincial Governments have already in their armoury more than sufficient weapons empowering Magistrates and police officers of certain ranks to disperse by force under certain specified circumstances "unlawful assemblies" and "assemblies of five or more persons likely to cause a breach of the peace." Section 127 of the Criminal Procedure Code empowers magistrates and police officers incharge of a station to command an unlawful assembly or an assembly of five or more persons likely to cause a breach of the peace to disperse. Section 40 of the Bombay City Police Act which is based on the above section of the Criminal Procedure Code runs as follows:—

"Any magistrate or officer-incharge of a section may command an unlawful assembly or any assembly of five or more persons likely to cause a disturbance of the public peace to disperse; and it shall thereupon be the duty of the members of such assembly to disperse accordingly.

"If, upon being so commanded, any such assembly does not disperse, or if, without being so commanded, it conducts itself in such a manner as to show a determination not to disperse, any magistrate or officer-in-charge of a section may proceed to disperse such assembly by force etc."

Under the Bombay City Police Act Officer-in-charge of a section shall include when the Inspector-in-charge of the section is absent or unable from illness or other cause to perform his duties, the next senior Police officer in the section, or such other officer as the Superintendent of the Division may, subject to the sanction of the Commissioner of Police, appoint in that behalf.

OBNOXIOUS PROPOSAL.

The Bombay Government is going to introduce in the Bombay Legislative Council (which by the way is at present a body composed of officials, nominated members, rank communalists, and some other nondescript persons who mostly represent themselves), a Bill amending the Bombay City Police Act with a view to empower sergeants and sub-inspectors of police with powers with which magistrates and police officers-in-charge of a section are invested.

In very civilized country of the world the Legislature zealously define and safeguards the rights of the public. The law courts of all the civilized countries have been the custodians of the rights of the people as against executive authority. The power to declare an assembly of five or more persons an unlawful assembly is not to be exercised lightly. Even in a country like India where the police have been accustomed to exercise extensive powers, the Legislature has thought it wise to give this right to magistrates and police officers of certain rank only. Section 141 of the Indian Penal Code lays down what constitutes an unlawful assembly. No assembly would be unlawful unless it behaved in such a manner as to come within the purview of the definition in Section 141 of the Indian Penal Code. But the words "an assembly of five or more persons likely to cause a disturbance of the public peace" are nowhere defined. It lies in the discretion of the magistrate or the police officer to declare what acts on the part of an assembly of five or more persons are likely to cause a disturbance of the public peace. This is, indeed, a very extensive power and must be exercised in a responsible manner by persons well qualified to exercise it; all the more so because the Act indemnifies all magistrates and police officers who act in good faith while purporting to act under Section 40 of the Bombay City Police Act and because no magistrate or police officer purporting to act under the abovementioned section can be prosecuted in any law court without the previous consent of the Governor-in-Council.

SPECIOUS PLEA.

In the opinion of the Bombay Government the sergeants, are fit persons to be invested with the powers of declaring an assembly an unlawful assembly. Under the specious plea that great difficulty was experienced in dispersing unlawful assemblies during the last year's Bombay riots, because the police-officer-in-charge of a section could not be present at more than one place at one and the same time, an attempt is being made to invest petty and unqualified police officers with vast powers, which seriously jeopardize and curtail the rights of the public. May we ask why the Government did not bestir itself so long to remedy the defect in the Act which became "prominently" noticeable during the riots which took place last year? It is argued that the police officer-in-charge of a section cannot be present at more than one place at one and

(Continued on page 9.)

WATCH THEM—WHY?

A PLEA FOR FAIRNESS TO CONGRESS LEADERSHIP.

(BY "ACADEMICUS.")

There is a fine legend of the English 'tragedienne' who played Lady Macbeth's part and who, one day, took fright at the rustling of her dress while pacing her drawing-room floor and rushed into the arms of her husband with a scream in the sub-conscious belief that he was the stage Macbeth.

TOUCH OF SPOT LIGHT.

The young ladies who recently took part in some kind of theatrical performances in celebration of the Boycott Week and who emerge out of he Press column in a new role, rather remind me of the artistic legend. The so-called appeal that they have issued, in collaboration with some other persons, and which was published in these columns on the 10th instant under the intriguing heading of 'Watch Them', appears to me to be more melo-dramatically heroic as well as comic, than serious In so far, however, as it is claimed to be an intelligible statement of some of our 'youths'' view of political consequence it is tragically nebulous and heart-breakingly absurd, containing, at the same time an element of mischief which I would ask the 'tableau artistes' promptly to eliminate.

WHAT'S THE BASIS?

'Watch them,' they say. Yes, but whom? What 'elders'? The statement was issued before the Viceroy made his Assembly speech and the purely hypothetical attitude of the Congress leadership towards the proposals embodied in that speech is too ridiculous to be real. The theatrical 'attack' has no point at all since it seeks to condemn what does not exist except in the imagination of those who lead it. No honest critic of the Congress leadership could feel that it has given any cause for the sort of provocation that may conceivably deserve the "warning" of these "youths". We have seen how more recently, the Congress 'leadership' has undergone a change that practically enables the "led" to absorb it in action. There has been no single suggestion of "disruption" in the Congress ranks so far and the reliance of the manifesto issuing "youths" on paper-resolutions exposes to the critical view its whole character of stage artificiality.

A CHALLENGE.

Personally, I suspect that the fair ones who have joined in the cheap slogan of 'Watch Them', are mere dupes and probably do not grasp the whole significance of the statement to which they have affixed their names. They ought to understand that no political movement could be directed by the letter of this that or the other resolution but shapes itself into action according as conditions are created and that it cannot conform to any formula at all. That is, however, not to deny that it must have a fundamental basis adherence to which is furnished unquestionably by the present Congress leadership. Let us, at least, have the specific accusation formulated intelligibly before we are asked to 'watch' the Congress leadership. Will the signatories to this theatrical 'manifesto' come out with their charges against the Congress "elders" or withdraw the insinuation that is so grossly unfair and seems to have an origin in some agency of mischief?

Continued from column 7.)

aroused. But has the spirit underlying the leaflet also disappeared? No proof has been forthcoming. For, the Government have not yet thought fit to offer a public apology for it, which is the least that they ought to have done in the circumstances.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

Political Prisoners in U. P.

"One who knows" writes in the course of a letter: "The persons arrested for political offences in the Rai Bareli District (U. P.) since the beginning of the Civil Disobedience campaign number 150 or so. Amongst these are included men of respectable status and position in life and of high intellectual training and education, also some graduates and students of the Kashi Vidiya Pith, but the District Officer has such a high and fantastic idea of the qualifications necessary for classification in "A" Class, that only one prisoner, Babu Sitla Sahai, could achieve this distinction. Of the remaining, four or five including Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai, an ex-M.L.A. Chief Whip of the Swaraj Party in the Assembly and Secretary of the Indian National Convention, and Professor Kandhya Lal have ben classified as 'B" Class prisoners, while the rest are being treated as ordinary convicts." This is not all. "They get ordinary jail diet and are put to hard labour including 'chakki' and 'kolhoo' and are otherwise subjected to humiliating treatment. The result is that there have been three hunger-strikes already."

Mr. Kidwai's Offence.

Mr. Kidwai has been marked out for special attention. When the District Magistrate visited the jail on June 19, "he was", our correspondent says, "exasperated on seeing Mr. Kidwai moving about in his own clothes and not working as an ordinary convict and also felt annoyed because Mr. Kidwai did not bow and salam him. So he ordered that Mr. Kidwai should be put to 'hard work' and given jail clothes and as a punishment his interviews should be stopped." Then came the Commissioner of the Division on July 2. "He was exasperated on seeing Mr. Kidwai walking leisurely in the compound and ordered him to come to him (Idhar Ao)." But Mr. Kidwai's pace was rather too slow for this gendeman, who, it is alleged, lost his temper and "ordered two jamadars to bring him by force." A heated altercation followed and Mr. Kidwai was ordered to be taken to the workshop and asked to work "which by way of protest he now refused." He has therefore been put in solitary confinement "in a dirty dingy with not even a mat to sit on." He has lost 10 lbs. in weight. We know that the Viceroy considers Civil Disobedience to be tantamount to war. If the facts are as alleged by our correspondent, is this how prisoners of war should be treated? Can Lord Irwin say "from the bottom of his heart" that he is proud of the manner in which his subordinates are treating civil resisters, who, even he admits, are honourable men and women? The King has appealed for a 'wide sympathy." The treatment of political prisoners in India shows how the spirit of that appeal is being translated into action by the agents of His Majesty's Government.

Shriyut Phiroze Sethna and Congress.

We confess we fail to understand Shriyut Phiroze Sethna. Speaking in the Council of State on his motion regarding Dominion Status he is reported to have said: "Despite their (Liberals') opposition to it (the Civil Disobedience movement) on many grounds, there were clear signs of the possibility of the movement being replenished by a steady flow of fresh recruits, for such was Mr. Gandhi's sway over the masses." Holding this view about "Mr. Gandhi's sway over the masses" and having once asserted that a Round Table Conference without the Congress would be a "farce" we are surprised that he should have been a signatory to the Simla statement which virtually denies the real position of the Congress. Shriyut Phiroze Sethna believes that "the Congress movement resulted from the Government not giving an assurance that the London Conference would meet to frame a Dominion Constitution." Why did he not then insist on the removal of the basic 'causus belli'? And how could he welcome the "farce" of a "Round Table Conference"?

Withdraw The Spirit.

Incidentally Shriyut Phiroze Sethna did well to criticise severely the Government of Bombay for issuing the outrageous leaflet against Indian Banking, Insurance Companies and Shipping Institutions. He described this action as "stupid, mischievous and idiotic propaganda." What will the Government of Bombay do? We know that such of the copies as had still remained undistributed after three days were quietly withdrawn as a result of the public indignation that they had

(Continued on column 6.)

CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE WILL CONTINUE

"There Are Clear Signs", Says Sir P. C. Sethna

IMMEDIATE DOMINION STATUS THE ONLY SOLUTION.

Swaraj Is Not Desired By Hindus Alone

SIMLA, July 10.
(From Our Special Correspondent.)

There was a determined move on part of Government to see that the resolution which Sir Phiroze Sethna moved in Council of State to-day for immediate establishment of Dominion Status was not pressed to division, but withdrawn. And so it was withdrawn at the end of the debate which rolled on for four hours. z

Events which preceded the motion were distinctly discouraging for Sir Phiroze Sethna. For example Mr. Emerson in firm tones had declared that there could be no question of inviting Gandhiji to Round Table Conference, so long as the unconstitutional campaign of Civil Disobedience of which he was the chief author was not called off. Further, even according to Government's conservative estimate no less than 4,377 persons were convicted in short period from 6th April to 15th June.

BRAVE LIBERALS.

There was thus no hope of Government inclining in the direction of seeing the "biggest political party" roped in for the London Conference. The undaunted Liberal Party leader spoke for fortyfive minutes making out a case of immediate establishment of Dominion Status which he took care to emphasise was the minimum demand of Gandhiji and Pandit Nehru, as disclosed in the interviews they gave to Mr. George Slocombe.

Incidentally he severely commented on the fact that impartial reports sent by correspondents of English, American and French newspapers about the police excesses in Bombay on 21st June were subjected to censorship and that at any rate account booked by them provided "very gruesome reading".

UNHAPPY MITTER.

Government reply was furnished by Sir B. L. Mitter who dotted the I's and crossed the T's of the Viceroy's speech and said that Government would work up their programme keeping in view that the attainment of Dominion Status is the natural completion of Indias' constitutional growth.

This gave a start for Mr. Ramaswami Mudaliar who, throughout his speech, kept up his reputation for eloquence so rare in the Council of State and the points he drove home in support of Sir Phiroze Sethna evidently pleased Government benches so that they were the first to applaud him at the end of his performance. Indeed Mr. Ramaswami Mudaliar was the only member who received cheers from any section.

NAIR'S REASONS.

Sir Sankaran Nair, however, caused some excitement. "I am not disappointed at the Simon Report, as Sir Phiroze Sethna." He said and Government members at once cheered him, but the next moment ther was a shock amongst them for he completed his sentence to the dismay of Government by saying "because I never expected anything out of the Simon Commission." Mr. G. A. Natesan was curious enough to ask as to why then he co-operated with the Commission and the reply was "because I wanted to apply a brake to reactionary tendencies of Sir John Simon and his colleagues". This was not convincing enough to Mr. G. A. Natesan, who further queried, but Sir Sankaran Nair silenced him by a shout of "shut up."

Simon report received allround condemnation and not even Mr. A. Ramaswami Mudaliar who confessed to have "dined and wined" with Sir John Simon had any good word to say. Indeed he proved to be the keenest critic of that document.

Proceedings In Details.

—:o:—

SIMLA, July 10.

Speaking on the resolution urging the immediate establishment of Dominion status Sir Phiroze Sethna traced the development of the Congress movement which resulted from the Government not giving an assurance that the London Conference would meet to frame a Dominion Constitution and the starting of the civil disobedience movement, to which the Liberals were opposed. Despite their opposition to it on many grounds, there were clear signs of the possibility of the movement being replenished by a steady flow of fresh recruits, for such was Mr. Gandhi's sway over the masses. The nationalist movement was for Swaraj and it would be foolish to think that this was desired only by Hindus. Mr. Gandhi and Pandit Motilal Nehru had expressed themselves in favour of Dominion Status if it was immediately established and that was what the Liberals also demanded. There would be no end to their troubles if even this was not conceded.

The doctrine of gradualness propounded by Sir John Simon must be abandoned for it had now lost all contact with the vital and fundamental conditions of the problem. The difficulties in the way of the establishment of Swaraj, as detailed by the Simon Commission, such as, in respect of defence, ought not to frighten them. Any constitution falling short of Dominion Status India was in honour bound to reject and it would only embitter and prolong the struggle.

BOMBAY GOVT. LEAFLET.

Incidentally, Sir Phiroze Sethna severely criticised the Bombay Government for issuing leaflets stating that the idea of supporting Indian banking and insurance companies and shipping institutions was not practicable and would lead to great harm to the consumer. He described this as stupid, mischievous and idiotic propaganda and whoever was responsible for it must be ashamed of it, for it had ruined the Government's reputation for sanity and honesty of purpose.

Mr. Khaparde advised Sir Phiroze Sethna to withdraw the resolution and see that the curtain fell on it, for it was unwise to embitter the present position by repeating demands which the Government were aware of, and were already acting upon.

Mr. Narayan Prasad Asthana urged the Government to accept the resolution and thus prevent rupturing the relations that had long existed between India and England. He condemned the repressive regime and asked England to make her choice between ruling India by the sword and by friendship and goodwill.

Mr. G. K. Natesan emphasised that the resolution embodied the demand of the Liberal Party. The time had come when the Government of India should identify itself with the Indian demand for Dominion Status in the same spirit which Lord Hardinge displayed when he supported India's fight in respect of Indian rights in South Africa. He appealed to Britain to give India self-Government without bloodshed, without listening to the advice of that evil genius of British statesmanship, Lord Birkenhead.

GOVERNMENT'S SYMPATHY.

Sir B. L. Mitter, Leader of the House, on behalf of the Government, in a speech which was later described by several non-officials as soothing, said that the Government of India, as the Viceroy had said yesterday, was anxiously examining the Indian problem in all its bearings and it was not wise of the Council to precipitate their opinion without full consideration of all materials on the question. He said Lord Irwin had assured India that he proposed to meet the Ruling Princes and also discuss with representatives of different views and interests in British India. The Government of India could not at this stage express a definite opinion as demanded by Sir Phiroze Sethna. The attitude of the Government of India was eloquently expressed by the Viceroy when he said that the attainment of Dominion Status was the natural completion of India's constitutional growth and from this point of view, the Viceroy and his Government were approaching India's constitutional problem with sympathy.

Government was engaging in finding a suitable solution of the obstacles in the way of attainment of this ideal, Sir Phiroze Sethna's remedy was present in the minds of the Government, Sir B. L. Mitter advised Sir Phiroze Sethna to withdraw the resolution and assured the Council that the Government would forward the contents of the debate to the Secretary of State.

Lala Ramsarandas said the recommendations of the Simon Commission were hope-killing; hence the resolution was required to be carried by the Council as embodying the opinion of this great body and thus encourage the hands of the Viceroy.

Dewan Bahadur A. Ramaswami Mudaliar appreciated the reply of the Law Member, for it enabled all to realise the faith behind the declaration of the Viceroy and to know that it was shared by all his colleagues in the Cabinet. The Viceroy yesterday wanted an expression of views by individual leaders to help him to formulate recommendations to the Secretary of State and to be available before the Round Table Conference. Therefore the memorandum which the Government of India would forward to London on the Reforms would be far more valuable than the Simon Report which had its own limitations. "None of us is satisfied with the Simon Commission's recommendations and, speaking of Madras, I affirm that they fall short of the demands put forward by the Madras Government when Sir Norman Marjoribanks was acting as Governor." To suggest a scheme of so-called provincial autonomy with Security Services and even Medical Services away from the control of Ministers was surely a negation of autonomy. And that was what had been recommended by the Simon Commission. The report was even retrograde, because it had asuggested that the Cabinet Secretary should be a British civilian who would supply confidential reports direct to the Governor. At present no Secretary could approach the Governor direct under the rules of business. But, under the Simon Commission's scheme the Cabinet Secretary would in effect have overriding powers. The Simon Commission's suggestion to apply Devolution Rule 12 to the Indian Medical and Police Service was open to the gravest objection. If there was one scheme which could be riddled with criticism from the beginning to the end it was that suggested by the Simon Commission. As for the Central Government Indians desired a potent voice, for without such control by Indians in the centre it would be difficult to maintain the honour, dignity and prestige of India as a whole before the outside world, whatever might be the Reforms in the Provinces.

AN APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Mudaliar also criticised the Commission's remarks about the Army.

He added that the Viceroy yesterday said he did not want to have a victory over non-co-operators. Mr. Mudaliar requested the Viceroy to work for that victory, for the struggle in India between the Government and the Congress was as to who would secure the allegiance of the masses. The Government could secure this by its constructive work for achieving for India constitutional progress. This was not possible with repressive measures but by a bold step taken to give popular control in the centre as in the Provinces.

Sardar Shivdev Singh Uberoi said that unless a resolution was accepted in favour of Dominion Status the situation might become worse.

Mr. S. C. Ghosh Moulik pleaded for a general amnesty to make the Round Table Conference successful in framing a scheme of Dominion Status.

WHY SIR S. NAIR CO-OPERATED.

Sir Sankaran Nair supported the resolution, but regretted that the Viceroy yesterday did not urge on all parties in India to bring pressure on the Congress to call off the civil disobedience movement. He also regretted that Sir Phiroze Sethna was mild in criticising the Congress, while he was vehement when he came to address the Government.

He assured the Council that he was not disappointed with the Simon Commission's report because he did not expect anything and yet he joined the Central Committee and acted as Chairman because he wanted to apply a brake on the reactionary tendencies of the Commissioners. He believed the Central Committee's work had its own good effect in this respect. He complained that the Government of India did not care to popularise the Central Committee's report in a manner in which they treated the Simon Commission's report.

RESOLUTION WITHDRAWN.

Dewan Bahadur Narayanswami Chetty supported the resolution, but did not like the word "immediate" regarding Dominion Status.

Sir Phiroze Sethna replied to Sir Sankaran Nair by assuring him that the Liberals had attempted to explain to the people the evils that would result from the civil disobedience movement, but they could not get a hearing. He accused the Government for not encouraging the Liberals by a sympathetic policy. He feared the Liberal Party was already thinning and there might be many more resignations if the repressive policy was further continued. He accepted the assurance of Sir B. L. Mitter and withdrew the resolution.

300 PICKETERS ARRESTED

—:o:—

Further Re-Inforcement.

LAHORE, July 10.

(Later) July 10.—About 300 volunteers have so far been arrested in connection with picketing. It is understood that more volunteers have come from Gujranwala and Ferozepore.—A. P.

SIX MONTHS FOR WEARING GANDHI CAPS.

—:o:—

GUNTUR, July 10.

Madhubhusli Chellayachari, a young student has been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment for wearing Gandhi cap by the Stationary Sub-Magistrate He has been ordered to be placed in the "C" Class.

Three others were arrested yesterday for the same offence.—Free Press.

500 PERSONS INJURED ON GHARWAL DAY.

SCENES NEAR AZAD MAIDAN.

(Continued from page 1.)

P. C. C. and the Vice-President were roughly taken hold of by the sergeants and forcibly put into a lorry.

CONGRESS VOLUNTEER MADE UNCONSCIOUS.

In this charge one volunteer fell down by the first violent blow on his head and he was rendered unconscious. Some Red Cross volunteers attempted to remove him on a stretcher but Dr. Nunan thought it rather dangerous to remove him in bleeding condition and he first bandaged his wound to stop bleeding and then sent him to the Congress Hospital.

VOLUNTEERS BODILY THROWN OUT.

By 5-30 p.m. a huge crowd collected near Bori Bunder and the tramway traffic was entirely stopped. Another batch of volunteers came and offered Satyagraha by sitting opposite the Bori Bunder Station. The police sergeants again made a lathi charge and picked them bodily and threw them out. In this charge a number of school boys in the crowd got injured.

SATYAGRAHIS STICK TO THEIR "GUNS."

About half a dozen batches of volunteers, each batch of six volunteers thus came and met with come they were downed by the the same fate. No sooner did they lathi charge and they were removed by the Red Cross men on stretchers. It was a ghastly sight to see the maimed and injured some profusely bleeding but refusing to move till the Red Cross men came to remove them.

CHARGES ON CROWD

After 6 p.m. the batches of volunteers ceased coming and the police directed their attention on the crowd who, in spite of several charges, would not disperse. At each charge some people were rendered unconscious cr injured and in a minute or two the crowd would collect in front of the police in a large number.

A number of men who were not Congress vounteers were thus injured. Some ladies who happened to be in the crowd also received ether lathi blows or fell down owing to the rush of the crowd who ran pell mell at the sight of the police charging with lathis.

A young boy who is not a Congress Volunteer, was arrested by the police for throwing stones at the police. He will be placed before a magistrate to-day.

Mr. Mody, Dr. Gour and the two Sikh leaders also would be placed to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate for defying the Order of the Commissioner of Police.

In all about 25 charges must have been made and the total casualty which could not be ascertained definitely is about 500

The Congress Hospital and the Arab House were crowded soon and two more buildings in the neighbourhood—one opposite the Harkisondas Hospital and its adjacent building—were soon turned into temporary hospital wards. Roughly about 250 were detained in the Hospital and more than 150 were treated by the Congress Field Ambulance Section and allowed to go.

PRESSMEN ASKED TO CLEAR OUT.

The press representatives also were warned to clear out and not to hang about near the police or to mix up in the crowd. Mr. Healy the Commissioner of Police, plainly told them that if they were injured he would not be responsible by the Congress Field Ambulance Section and allowed to go.

POLICE CHIEF SUPERVISES OPERTIONS IN PERSON.

Besides Mr. D. Healy, the Officiating Commissioner of Police, who was on the scene right from the beginning to the end and was personally directing all the operations, Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, the Chief Presidency Magistrate and Major General Weir, G. O. C. were present on the occasion watching the scenes.

DR. GOLE RECEIVES LATHI BLOWS.

—:o:—

Congress Ambulance Men Injured.

A company of British soldiers were stationed at the Victoria Terminus. Another company of Indian troops was stationed in the Bombay Gymkhana Compound at the back of the Gymkhana. There was however no heed of their help as both the volunteers and crowd were pledged to non-violence and were not even shouting the slogans, as the B. P. C. C. has instructed the public to observe silence. The police and the troops were removed exactly at 8-30 p. m.

Before the removal of the troops the Congress Ambulance men were asked to clear out and were forcibly pushed back. About a dozen of them were injured. Dr. Gole, who was trying to protect Miss Sawe, a Red Cross worker of the Congress Ambulance, got several lathi blows on his neck.

Dr. Samsi, the Captain of the Congress Ambulance was roughly handled by a sergeant.

Carrying Mahatma's Gospel To Villages.

—:o:—

Congress Party To Tour The Country.

Sjt. Keshavlal Nagindas Shah with "The Village Propaganda Party" will start from the Congress House on Monday for delivering Mahatma Gandhiji's message for constructive work to the villages and for Swadeshi propaganda.

They propose to carry with them a small exhibition of Swadeshi articles and show them in the villages. The manufacturers and dealers of Swadeshi articles who wish to advertise their goods in the village are therefore requested to send samples and rates with detailed specifications in the form of handbills to the address given below.

It is expected that all merchants will help in the work of the village propaganda party by sending their samples, etc. z

Office of the Secretary Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Congress House, Girgoum, Bombay.

BOMBAY SIKHS DISAPPOINTED.

—:o:—

For They Were not Allowed To Proceed.

The following Press Statement was issued by Sjt. Jamiat Singh, Secretary, Akali Dal, Bombay, in connection with Garhwal procession on Friday:—

Since early morning the members of Akali Dal Bombay had been gathering at their head quarters at Frere Road, from different parts of Bombay and suburbs to take part in the evening procession. They spent the whole day in prayers and exactly at 5-10 p. m. the last prayers before Guru Granth Sahib were offered and the members started towards the Esplanade Maidan in several cars by different routes and gathered behind the Corporation buildings.

As soon as the Jatha collected there Dr. Gour and Mr. Modi were seen going to the Police Station in Police Van. The Jatha wanted to go in procession, when Mr. Dikshit and others, of the Congress Committee approached me and the President Akali Dal not to allow the Jatha to proceed further and to disperse.

TO PROVE ITS WORTH.

At this all the members of Akali Jatha protested vehemently and refused to disperse saying that they would never go back. After several requests and entreaties for about 20 minutes the Jatha agreed to return in the hope that it would have an early opportunity to prove its worth.

The Akali Dal is proud of the arrest of its two members to-day, Sirdar Thamman Singh Captain of the Congress Volunteer Corps and Sirdar Jaswant Singh Akali, a prominent member of the Jatha.

—:o:—

LAD BANIA'S FREE CONGRESS HOSPITAL.

On behalf of some sympathetic Lad Banias, a Free Hospital has been opened at "Lad Wadi," C. P. Tank in co-operation with the main Free Congress Hospital to accommodate casuality patients.

This Hospital will be managed by the Lad Volunteer Corps and some well-known doctors have kindly consented to work in the same.

BOMBAY CELEBRATES TILAK JAYANTI.

Tilak Jayanti was observed by thousands of men and women on Friday morning. After the usual morning Prabhat Feres they went to Chowpatty to pay their homage to the departed leader, who passed away exactly ten years ago.

They carried national flags and sang the usual national songs and on reaching the place where his body was burnt some of them placed flower wreaths. This anniversary was observed according to the Tilak Punchang.

STOP PRESS.

ASSEMBLY MEN STILL FUSSING.

—:o:—

SIMLA, July 11.

The Assembly continued discussion of Mian Shah Nawaz's cut of Rs. 100 in the sum to be provided for the R. T. Conference. A number of speakers took part in the discussion, but the Assembly adjourned without coming to a decision.

LONDON, July 11.

At tea interval Australia had made 305 for two wickets, Bradman being not out 220. Incidentally Bradman equalled Hammond's record of scoring double centuries in successive test innings.—Reuter.

REPRESSION IN ANDHRA.

Some Samples Of Magisterial Edicts.

ALL IN THE NAME OF LAW AND ORDER.

MASULIPATAM, July 6.

The following orders under section 144 Cr. P. C. have been promulgated and served to-day on (1) the President of the Andhra Bank, Masulipatam, (2) the President of the Andhra Insurance Company, Masulipatam, (3) the President of the Bharata Lakshmi Bank, Masulipatam and (4) the President of the Kistna District Co-operative Bank, Masulipatam.

TEXT OF THE ORDER.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to me by the Police Inspector's report and sworn statement dated 5-7-1930 that the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee and the East Kistna District Congress Committee which have been declared as unlawful associations under section 16 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act XIV of 1908 in notification Nos. 114 and 116 published in "The Fort St. George Gazette" extraordinary dated 21-6-1930 are believed to have deposited their money in your bank in their names and in the name of the Manikonda Satyanarayana and whereas it is necessary to paralyse the said unlawful associations and prevent them from carrying on their civil disobedience movement and activities to the danger of the public peace and to the annoyance and injury to persons lawfully employed by keeping out their funds from them and whereas the matter is urgent and permits of no time for enquiry, this emergency ex parte order is passed under section 144 (2) Cr. P. C. directing you to withhold repayment for 2 months from this date of any moneys deposited in your banks in the names of the President or the Secretaries or the treasurers of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, the East Kistna District Congress Committee or in the name of the Manikonda Satyanarayana. Given under my hand and seal of the court on this the 5th day of July 1930.

(Sd.) M. Srinivasachari,
Sub-Divisional Magistrate."

"SO-CALLED NATIONAL FLAG."
ORDER UNDER SECTION 144 CR. P. C.

The following is the full text or order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. promulgated by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Gudivada on June 12 last:—

Whereas from an application made by the police it is made to appear to me that picketing of liquor shops and shops dealing in foreign articles, holding of processions with so-called National flags and taklis, singing of seditious and proscribed songs, and holding of speeches and other demonstrations connected with the present civil disobedience movement, are being or are likely to be organised at Angalulu, Gudlavalleru, and Kavutaram for the purpose of bringing into hatred or contempt His Majesty's Government established by law and excite disaffection towards the said Government, and whereas in my opinion such processions; demonstrations picketing etc., referred to above are likely to lead to a grave disturbance of public tranquality, AND

whereas I am satisfied that there is sufficient ground for proceeding under Section 144, Cr. P. C., I. M. Rangappa Bangara, Sub-Divisional Magistrate Gudivada, do hereby prohibit the picketing of liquor shops, shops dealing in articles of foreign manufacture, and the holding in public place, road and thoroughfare of any meeting or procession composed of more than four persons, the display of so-called National flag and taklis, singing of seditious and proscribed songs, making speeches and holding such other demonstrations connected with the present civil disobedience movement, within the villages of Angalu, Gudlavalleru and Kavataram, and within a radius of three miles from the tank at Angaluru and Gudlavalleru, and from the police-station at Kavataram.

And do hereby warn and enjoin you the public of Angaluru, Gudlavalleru, Kavutram villages in particular and the public visiting these villages in general to abstain from organising, holding, or attending or in any manner taking part in any such meetings and demonstrations referred above.

This order is passed under clause 2 of Section 144 C. P. C. owing to the urgent and special nature of the case. It will remain in force for two months from to-day.

Given under the hand and seal of this court this 22nd day of June 1930.

(Sd.)
Sub-Divisional Magistrate,
Gudivada.
—"The Hindu."

FRESH POWERS FOR THE BOMBAY POLICE

—:o:—

(Continued from Page 8.)

the same time. True, but what are the cartloads of the Hon. Magistrates in our city for, if not to exercise their discretion in necessary contingencies? What are the qualifications of the sergeants to be able to declare, and declare rightly, an assembly an unlawful assembly? Judging from the feats they could accomplish at the Esplanade Maidan on the memorable 21st of June last and elsewhere, we can say that physically the sergeants are quite strong enough to disperse an assembly of unarmed and unresisting men and women. But we should like to know about their intellectual qualifications. What are their educational qualifications? From what class of people are they recruited? We should further like to be acquainted with the qualifications of the sub-inspectors to be armed with vast powers with which it is proposed to arm them.

If the Government wants to ignore all considerations of fitness in investing policemen with such powers, why not invest the police constables with the same powers? Will not the incorrigible people of this city be speedily and effectively taught to behave themselves if the "yellow turban" is also invested with these powers? We suggest that when the Government introduces the Bill in the Council, some one of the numerous M.L.C.'s who have been recently returned unopposed to the Council and who are the true representatives of the people, may move an amendment giving powers to the police constables.

LEGALISING THE ILLEGAL.

We have become fully conversant with the recent exhibition of "lathi raj" in Bombay city and in other parts of the Presidency. Processions of schoolboys of tender age walking peacefully without causing any obstruction to the traffic have been assaulted simply because they were processions. Peaceful and orderly processions of respectable merchants have fared no better at the hands of the police. It seems that the amendment in the present Act is sought to be made with a view to legalize that which is already being done illegally at present.

AUSTRALIAN TEAM FOR TEST MATCH.

—:o:—

LONDON, July 11.

The following will be Australia's team for to-days Test Match at Leeds:—

Woodfull.
Kippax.
McCabe.
Bradman.
Richardson.
Grimmett.
Jackson.
Abeckett.
Oldfield.
Wall and
Hornibrook.

Ponsford is indisposed.

Ial's team for to-day's Test Match lians batted first in the Test Match at Leeds and at lunch they had made 136 for one wicket, Bradman being not out 105.—Reuter.

G. D. A EXAMINATION (1930) Result

Percentage of Passes from SYDENHAM COLLEGE

"44" as against all-India percentage of nearly "21". Admission to the Classes closes on the 25th July. Apply sharp for enrolment and admission to the Hostel to the PRINCIPAL, 90, Hornby Road, Bombay.

NAGINDAS & MANEKLAL

INCOME TAX & SUPER TAX EXPERTS
Sukhadwalla Building,
REVELIN STREET,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 22560

Two Attractive Flats To Let.

To Vegetarian Hindus, Monthly Rent Rs. 220, 185, for Permanent Tenants, in Raval Building, Lamington Road, opposite N. Powell and Co.
Apply OWNER, Third Floor.

SHIPPING NEWS

Export & Import

ARRIVALS.
—:o:—
July 11.
Simla, Handerson, Gottenbur.
Rawalpindi, Pitts, London.
Branksome Hall, Ferguson, Hull.
Jehangir, Constantine, Jeddah.
Juliet, Hanneving, Java.

DEPARTURES.
July 12.
Malwa, Britton, London.
Sumatra, Gazano, Java.

LOADING.
—:o:—
July 11.
Steamer Narunburg for Hamburg.

S S Simla:—The Graham T Co's steamer Simla, arrived in harbour yesterday from Gothenburg, with a general cargo.

S S Branksome Hall:—The J F Coy's steamer Branksome Hall, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hull, with a general cargo.

S S Jerangir:—The T M Coy's steamer Jehangir, arrived in harbour yesterday from Jeddah, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Juliet:—The L Edward Ltd steamer Juliet, arrived in harbour yesterday from Sourabaya, with a cargo of sugar.

S S Sumatra:—The M Italiana steamer Sumatra, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Java, with same bottom cargo.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S S Malwa:—The P and O S N Coy's Englisr Mail Steamer Malwa, will sail to-day from Bellard Pier Station at about (1 p.m.) for London, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

July 11.

VESSELS IN THE DOCKS
ALEXANDRA DOCK
Friday, 11th July, 1930.

2 Malwa, 5980, London, 12-7, M M and Co.
4 City of Salford, Karachi 12-7 K Nixon and Co.
5 Argenfels, Antwerp, 12-7, L Edwards.
6 Canara, Calcutta, 16-7, M M and Co.
8 Sado Maru Japan 13-7 N Y Kaisha.
10 Karapara, Durban, 30-7, M M and Co.
11 Hatimura, Hull, 15-7, M M and Co.
12 Stolzenfels, Karachi 13-7, L.
14 Khandalla, E Africa, 16-7, M M and Co.
16 Laxmi, NF, NF, M M and Co.
B Ps Rawalpindi, London, 26-7- M M and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Sumatra Maru, Kobe, 24-7, O S Kaisha.
2 Jalavihar, Rangoon, 13-7 S S N Co.
3 Barpeta, P Gulf, 16-7, M M and Co.
4 Varsova, Busrah, 11-7, M M and Co.
8 Alipore, Japan 20-7, M M and Co.
10|11 Jalaputra, NF, 14-7, S SN Co.
16 Laxmi, P Gulf, NF, NF, R Assaria and Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

B Dogra, Rangoon, NF, T M and Co.
C|R Jaladuta, Calcutta NF, Scinda S N Co.
D|E Gazana, Karachi, 13-7, M M and Co.
F Alavi, Red Sea Ports, 15-7, T Morrison and Co.
K Vita, Busrah, 18-7, M M and Co.
M Barjora, Busrah, 23-7, M M and Co.
N Dalgoma, NF, NF, M M and Co.
Q Padma, Cochin, NF, New B S Ltd

GENERAL LANDING DATES.

Ormara 9-7-30.
Barjora, 9-7-30.
Indira 9-7-30.
Stolzenfels 10-7-30.
Canara 9-7-30.
Sumatra 10-7-30.
Jalaputra 10-7-30
Irrawadi 10-7-30.

STEAMERS EXPECTED.
FROM LONDON.
Mooltan 18-7-30 P and O S N Co.
Kaiser-i-Hind 25-7-30 P and O S N Co.
FROM PLYMOUTH.
Trekane 25-7-30 M M & Co.
FROM LIVERPOOL.
Clan Macbride 13-7-30 J F Co.
City of Venice 14-7-30 K N Co.
Hesien 25-7 J. F. Co.
Castalia 4-8 G. T. Co.
City of Benares 16-8 K. N. Co.
City of Lahore 26-8 K. N. Co
Tarantia 28-8 G. T. B.
FROM GOTHENBURG.
Benares, 16-7-30, L Edward Ltd.
FROM HAMBURG
Lanterfels 19-7-30 L Edward.
Altenfels 30-7 L Edward Ld.
Brounfels 4-8 L. Edward Ld.
Lichtenfels, 19-8, L. Edward Ld.
Trifels 30-8 L. Edward Ld.
FROM GENOA
Sumatra 10-7-30 M Italiana
Rlow 19-7-30 T M Co.
Genoa 17-7-30 M Italiana
Arabia 22-7-30 M Italiana
FROM TRIESTE.
Pilsna 25-7-30 L T Co.
FROM ROTTERDAM.
Konderkerk 13-7-30 E D Sassoon and Co.
Bovenkerk 8-8-30 E D Sassoon and Co.
Streefkerk 24-8 E D Sassoon and Co. Ltd.
FROM NEW YORK.
City of Newcastle 26-7-30 F F Campbell & Co.
City of Kimberly 12-7-30 F F Campbell & Co.
FROM CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS
Tottori Maru 16-7-30 N Y Kaisha.
Shizoki Maru 29-7-30 N Y Kaisha.
Rangoon Maru, 17-7-30 N. Y. Kaisha.
Burma Maru 25-7-30 O S Kaisha.
Borneo Maru 8-8-30 O S Kaisha.
Morea 1-8 P. & O S N Co.
Mirzapore, 15-8 P & O S N Co.
FROM AUSTRALIA.
Naldera 18-7-30 P & O S N Co.
Narkunda 15-8 P & O S N Co.
FROM DURBAN.
Karoa 19-7-30 M M & Co.
Karagola 2-8 M M & Co.
Ellora 16-8 M M & Co.

SAILING DATE OF STEAMERS.
FOR LONDON.
Rawalpindi, 26-7-30, P and O S N Co.
FOR PLYMOUTH.
Hatimura, 15-7, M M and Co.
FOR LIVERPOOL.
City of Salford, 14-7-30, K N Co.
FOR HAMBURG.
Stolzenfels 12-7, L Edward Ltd.
Argenfels, 12-7-30, L Edward Ltd.
Norunburg, NF, Volkart Bros.
FOR PERSIAN GULF.
Vita 18-7-30 M M and Co.
Barjora, 23-7-30, M M and Co.
Barpeta, 16-7-30, M M and Co.
FOR KOBE.
Sado Maru 12-7-30 N Y Kaisha.
Alipore, 20-7-30, P and O S N Co.
Sumatra Maru, 24-7-30, O S Kaisha.
FOR DURBAN.
Khandalla 12-7-30 M M and Co.
Khandalla, 16-7-30, M M and Co.
Karapara, 30-7-30, M M and Co.
FOR MOULMEIN.
Jaladuta NF Scindia S N Co.
FOR RANGOON.
Jalavihar, 12-7-30, S S N Co.
Dogra, NF, T M and Co.
Canara, NF, T M and Co.
FOR BANGKOK.
Fager NF, NF, F F Campbell Co.
FOR JEDDAH.
Alavi, 15-7-30, T M Co.
FOR CALCUTTA.
Durendra, Calcutta, 15-7-30. M M and Co.

STEAMERS FIXED.
Vita, 1055, Bestargh, M M and Co.
FOR LONDON.
Rawalpndi, 16,687, Pitts, P and O S N Co.
FOR PLYMOUTH.
Hatimura, 4,158, Lamb, M M and Co.
FOR LIVERPOOL
City of Salford 3734 Gorst K N Co.
FOR HAMBURG.
Argenfels 3540 Zimmerman, L ward Ltd.
Stolzenfel, 7,512, Friezen, L Edward Ltd.
Norunburg, Volkart Bros.
FOR CHINA AND JAPAN PORT.
Sado Maru 3628 Uchino N Y K.
Sumatra Maru, 4,272, Shenmura O S Kaisha.
Alipore, 4,231 Dawson, P and O S N Co.
FOR PERSIAN GULF.
Vita, 1,055, Beztargh, M M and Co.
Barjora, 1,877, Toresn, M M and Co.
Barpeta, 1,877, Partridge, M M and Co.
FOR RANGOON.
Dogra 3287 Evello T M and Co.
Jalaviher 3,581 Matches I S N Co.
Canara, 3,884, Denbrook, M M and Co.
Barpeta 18-7, Partridge M M . Co.
FOR MOULMEIN.
Jaladuta 3089 Baker Scindia S N Co.
FOR DURBAN.
Khandalla, 3,329, Baird, M M and Co.
Karapara 3721 McLean M M & Co.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.
Canara 3889 Danbrook M M & Co.
War Bharto, 3,410, Eldrige, A P and Co.
Juliet, 2,598 Hannaving, L Edward Ltd.
Simla, Graham T Co.
Branksome Hull, 2,803, Ferguson J F Co.
Jehangir , 2,157 Constantine, T M Co.

EXPORTS.
—:o:—
S S City of Salford for Liverpool:—5 bales wool raw, M Nissim, 4 bales wool raw, Bombay Export and Import Co.

For Glasgow:—5 cases cotton yarn, E D Sassoon and Co.

S S Stolzenfels for Hamburg:—200 tons manganese ore, Shivraipur Syndicaet Ltd.

For Rotterdam:—26 bales cow Hides, D Abraham and Sons.

S S Argenfels for Hamburg:—24 cwts casings, A D Meyer and Co.

S S Naumburg for Dunkirk:—700 cwts Mustard seed, Volkart Bros, 197 bales cotton raw, C and Thackersey Ltd,

For Barcelona:—4,200 cwts Linseed, Volkart Bros, 99 bales cotton raw, C and Thackersey Ltd, 100 bales cotton raw, A Abdulrehman.

S S Sumatra Maru for Shanghai—500 bales cotton raw, E Suleman and Co, 1,000 bales cotton raw, G Dossa and Co, 1,000 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros, 1,500 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Trading Co, 3,000 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha Ltd.

For Kobe:—200 bales cotton raw, A Krimji, 335 bales cotton raw, V Ladha and Co, 1,000 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Trading Co, 1,000 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha Ltd, 100 bales cotton raw L Kallianji.

For Osaka:—1000 bales cotton raw, The Kaisha Ltd.

S S Alipore for Shanghai:—500 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Trading Co.

IMPORTS.
—:o:—
July 11.

S S Stalzenfels, Agents L Edwards Ltd, from Hamburg:—124 cases Lamps, 28 cases Lamp Parts, 31 cases Flanges, 30 cases zinc sheets, 82 cases Batteries, 268 cases Paper, 21 cases washing blue, 330 cases Beer, 33 cases Machnery, 17 cases medicine, 137 cases milk, 153 cases mill boards, 60 cases motor and cycle covers, 37 cases camphor, 250 bags cegetable products, 66 bags sulphur, 150 bags bangles, 104 kegs M A F oil, 302 kegs cremicals, 100 bdles Steel, 250 bdles Y M Sheets, 100 bdles circles.

From Bremen:—671 cases Beer, 121 cases Hinges, 180 cases iron ore, 59 cases Glassware, 320 cases wire netting, 62 cases Chemicals, 60 cases Ultramarine, 50 cases bolts and nuts, 100 cases tartary, 100 cases Nails, 350 cases tiles, 213 cases copper sheet.

From Antwerp:—200 bags Farina, 38 bags Preserves, 197 bars Starch, 40 bags Soap 300 bags Chicory, 313 cases Paper, 140 cases zinc sheets, 2,312 bdles Galvd Sheets, 235 bdles Steel Rounds, 292 bdles Steel Angles, 269 bdles Steel Joists, 1,002 bdles Steel Rods, 3,173 bdles Steel Bars, 902 bdles Steel Plates, 942 cols wire.

From Alexandria:—295 bales cotton.

STOCKS AND SHARES.
—:o:—
Bombay, July 11.

The market remained closed for forward business and the following business is reported on cash terms:—

	Closing.
E. D. Sassoon. Ordinary	0-8-0
Kasturchand	7-0-0
Solapur Mills	1235|-
Bharatpur Press	267|8
Ahd. Prantaj Rail.	805
C. Provinces Rail.	87|8.
India Bank	32
Imperial Bank new	308|12
Central Bank	15|10
Andra Ordinary	617|8 6 11|4
Tata Power Ordinary	502|8, 487|8
Tata Power Pref.	1125, 1122|8
Tram Pref.	65|4, 66
New India Ice	17|4, 17|8
Scindia	3|1, 8
Tata Steel Second Pref.	63|12
Tata Oil	13|4
B. Telephone	50|3, 50
B. B. Petrol	3|3, 3|2

READY COTTON SALES.
Bombay, June 11.

100 Japan T. and Co. Chandur 161
100 Japan T. and Co. Akola 162.
100 Japan T. and Co. Ranalald 150.
100 Japan T. and Co. Karanja 161
100 P. Crystal and Co. Hansi 153.
100 P. Crystal and Co. Jailu 154.
200 Bussan and Co. Karanja 160.
100 B. Karshandas Broach 195.
86 B. Karshandas Sindhurni 159.
100 Volkart Bros. Arvi 153.
00 E. Spinner and Co. Arvi 162.
100 Patel Cotton Arvi 163.
100 E. Spinner and Co. Nandura 162.

GOLD AND SILVER.
Bombay, July 11.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Mint Gold, Ready	21	8	0
Mint Gold, 1st Settlement	21	6	6
Mint Gold, 2nd "	21	7	6
Silver Ready	46	14	0
Silver, 1st Settlement	46	14	0
Silver 2nd "	45	10	0

COTTON TENDERS.
Bombay, July 11.

	To-day	Total
F. G. M. G.	4300	25800
Fine M. G. Oomra	700	17500
F. G. M. G. Bengal	1200	3700

BOMBAY CITY RAINFALL.
—:o:—
Bombay, July 11.

	Rainfall at Colaba	J. J. Point.	Fort	Hospital.
Rainfall during 24 hours ending 8 a. m. of date 11-7-30	0.11	0.25	0.29	
Total since 1st June to date	31.61	34.02	30.77	
Total for the corresponding period of 1928	39.53	46.64	37.21	
Total for the corresponding period of 1929	38.47	50.13	39.93	

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Fifty per cent. cheaper than so called SWADESHI WATER PROOFS.

K. C. MARROTT,
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THE SOLE IMPORTERS IN INDIA.

MONEY MARKET.
Exchange Quotations.
Bombay, July 11.

B. C. RATE:
T. T. 1|5 25|32.
B. C. RATE:
D. D. 1|5 13|16.
LONDON BANKS:
Selling T. T. 1|5 13|16 15th July.
Selling D. D. 1|5 27|32
Selling T. T. 1-5 25|32 16 July-Dec.
Buying T. T. 1|5 27|32 Near.
Buying D. D. 1|5 29|32 Mail.
Buying T. T. 1|5 27|32 July.
Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 1|32 July.
Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 Aug. Sept.
NEW YORK BANKS:
New York B C Rate T T 277 1/2
Selling T. T. 277 1|4.
Buying T. T. 276.
PARIS BANKS:
Selling T T 916
Buying D D 926
Buying 3 Mos. 940.
JAPAN BANKS:
Selling D. D. 137.
Buying 60 days 134½
HONGKONG BANKS:
Selling D. D. 87 3|4.
SHANGHAI BANKS:
Selling D. D. 103 3|4.
SINGAPORE BANKS:
Selling D. D. 156 1|4.
JAVA BANKS:
Selling D. D. 89 3|8.
CROSS RATE:
New York|London 4.86 7|16 10th inst.
Shanghai|London 1|6 1|4 11th inst.
Japan|London 2|0 11|32 10th inst.
London|Paris 123.65 10th inst.
London|Belgium 34.830 10th inst.
London|Switzerland 25.04 10th inst.
London|Italy 92.90 10th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £4-5-0 3|4 9th inst. £4-5-0 1|2 10th inst.
Silver London Ready 15 13|16 9th inst. 16 1|16 10th inst.
Silver London Forward 15 3|4 9th inst. 16 10th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 7|16 9th inst. 34 13|16 10th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos. 2 13|32 per cent 9th inst. 2 3|8 per cent. 10th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos. 2 3|4 per cent 9th inst. 2 3|4 per cent. 10th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 5 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 3 per cent.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 4 per cent. 3 Mos. 3 1|2 per cent 6 Mos. 3 1|2 per cent. 12 Mos. 4 per cent.
Tone:—Eeasy.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
Bombay, July 11.

3 1|2 per cent Rupee Papez Rs. 64|5.
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 90|12
4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 89|12
4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 75|14.
4 1|2 per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 95|5.
4 1/2 per cent Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 87.
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 94-15.
5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 97/8
5 per cent Loan due 1939-44 Rs. 96-3.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 100|3.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 101|2.
6 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 100|2.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 101|7.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 102|8.
6 1|2 per cent Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 104/14
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 75.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 73|12.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 73|12.
5 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1959 Rs. 90|14.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 103|12.
Forward Rates 16th July Settlement:—
3-1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 64|4.
5 per cent. 1945-55 Rs. 101-1-0.
Tone of Market:—Easy.

Tone of Silver:—Steady. China bought. Buyers satisfied.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.
Bombay, July 11.

3 Months Discounts 2 3|8 per cent.
6 Months Discounts 2 3|4 per cent.
Bank of England rate 3 per cent.
Call Money 3 3|4 per cent.
One Month 3 1|2 per cent.
Three Months 3 1|2 per cent.
Six Months 3 1|2 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Steady
Imperial Bank of India Rate:—5 per cent.

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AND

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CUT PIECES FOR LADIES DRESSES
Insist on your dealers to supply you SILK of
INDIAN INDUSTRIAL AGENCY ONLY
The Sole Stockists
or Call at Readymoney Mansions, Churchgate Street.

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE.
London, July 10.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 62-1/2 lb.
Cargoes,—
Sellers 34/9 July-Aug.
Barletta Russo, 62-1/2 lb.
Cargoes,—
Sellers 34 July-Aug.
Wheat, South Australian, Parcels—
Sellers 36/3 afloat.
Wheat, Choice White Karachi; Parcels—
Liverpool Paid 34 August.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET
London, July 10.

Java Sugar; Fine White; Dutch Standard; No. 25—
C & F. Calcutta:
July-Sept. per cwt. 8/3
Oct/Dec. per cwt. 8/3
C & F Bombay—
July-Sept. per cwt. 8/3-1/4
C & F. Karachi.
July-Sep. per cwt. 8/3-1/4

LONDON RUBBER.
London, July 10.

Smoked Sheet, Standard, Ribbed, 1b. Spot—
Sellers 5-15/16.

LINSEED OIL.
London, July 10.

Linseed, Oil, Naked Cwt.
Sellers July-Aug. 32/7-1/2.
Linseed, Oil, Naked Cwt.
Sellers Sep.-Dec. 31/10-1/2.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET,
New York, July 10.

Coffee, Fair Rio, No. 7 Quality
Spot 7-5/8

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Do not wait if you have any of the symptoms of Consumption, if you have Chronic Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pains in your Chest, a Cold on your Lungs, or any throat or Lung trouble; write to-day for a free trial treatment and book of instructions, and benefit yourself before it is too late.

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105 (C), Grey Street, Calcutta.

MRS. LUKMANI'S CRIME.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Desh Sevikas pay their homage to this distinguished Sevika who at her age is sentenced to five months' hard labour.

It is rather puzzling to our feminine mind to understand this particularly double faced deity of law. In Bombay two ladies in the prime of life who were leading the whole Congres movement were given three months' simple imprisonment.

In Chembur an old lady belonging to one of our most cultured families is given 5 months' rigorous.

What is the crime for which Mrs. Lukmani has to suffer this punishment!

An act, for which in all climes and in all religions, mankind places a crown of homage at the feet of that individual who tries to lead a fellow being to the path of righteousness. This lady, the daughter of one of the founders of our National Congress and a judge of the Bombay High Court, was trying to wean an unfortunate brother from the curse of drink.

The Desh Sevikas will do their duty by their Motherland and as the mother is compelled to drop out the daughter will step in and carry on the work.

In yesterday's Women's procession in honour of Mrs. Lukmani, Miss Lukmani carried the flag as a symbol of our unbroken service to the cause of peace and humanity. —Yours, etc.,

"SEVIKA".

APPEAL TO STUDENTS.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I do not understand the significance of the Conference held on the 28th and 29th of June, if nothing new was going to be settled, the part students ought to play in this struggle of freedom, the responsibilities they ought to shoulder, and the suspension of studies—if all this was to be decided by each according to his conscience what was the good of the Conference?

Keep the Flag flying was the parting message of Mrs. Perin Captain. I do not know how they are going to keep the tri-colour banner flying. Had it been taught to them that by burying their heads in their books they can keep the flag flying high and low. Are they not familiar with the simple truth that it requires sacrifice of life and energy? They—the youths of this country ought to save the honour of the national flag even at the cost of their own lives.

I do not understand how they are going to do both—study and the liberation of their Motherland, at one and the same time. Do they like to remain in lecture rooms when their sisters are out and ready to sacrifice their lives at the altar of freedom? Are they going to acquire honours at the examinations when their mother country's honour is at stake?

Does the study of history teach them to turn deaf ears to the call of their Motherland? Does not the call of the groaning mother appeal to their heart of hearts? Are they not respond to it?

Will they not follow the example set by the students of Bengal? Yours, etc.,

SHRIKRISHNA M. KULKARNY.
National Medical College, Bombay.

July 3.

MR. PATEL & PURCHASE OF CLOTH.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—While going through the columns of the "Indian Daily Mail", I found certain remarks made by "Scrutator" regarding Mr. Patel's advice not to purchase any cloth for one year. It appears to me that "Scrutator" has either deliberately or unconsciously misrepresented the correct position of Mr. Patel with regard to this particular question. Had he attended the meeting of the merchants addressed by Mr. Patel on the night of the 4th instant he would have understood the idea underlying Mr. Patel's advice not to purchase cloth for a year. Mr. Patel at that meeting stated that there was a complaint about his advice in some papers and explained the position as follows:—

He stated that he was quite aware that it will not be possible for all people to follow his advice. His advice applied to those persons who could, with some sacrifice to themselves follow his advice. Out of the 33 crores of people in India, if only half the number of people followed his advice, they would prevent the prices of cloth going up. It must be admitted that at least 30 to 40 per cent. of the people in India must be having sufficient stock of clothes to last for at least one year. I may assure you that the millowners need not be alarmed at the advice given by Mr. Patel, for the simple reason that there will not be absolute stoppage of the goods. I can say so with greater confidence as I belong to the mercantile community—Yours, etc.,

OBSERVER.

Bombay, July 8.

ECONOMICS OF SWADESHI

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I have been a 'Khadi' wearer for about sixty years, ever since the 'Swadeshi' movement was started, for the first time, in Poona —in about 1870, by the late Rao Bahadur Sadashiv Rao Ballal Govande and Shriyut Ganesh Vasudev Joshi alias Sarvajanik Kaka; and the least amount of fabric, consisted with the demands of society and nature, has been my prescription for dress, whereby I could realize the valuable principle of economics inculcated in the good old saying that money saved is money got. I have always regarded all needless clothing as a source of mere waste of money, which is a modern vice in which especially the educated and well-to-do people are seen proudly to indulge; and I believe that there are yet a few persons in Poona who have seen one wearing, when off duty, nothing but a white skull-cap, a 'Kafni' (long coat) of 'Khadi' and a seven inches by twenty-four inches piece of cloth, as 'Kanpin' (underwear) to cover the private parts.

Looking to the extreme poverty of India, I think Sardar Patel has rightly advised us not to purchase any necessary clothing, at least for one year, by the end of which period, we can easily do away with all superfluous clothing by mere force of habit.

But in this respect, the classes must set a lesson to the masses, whereby India will be annually saving, and therefore gaining, several crores of rupees; and considering the fact that Mahatma Gandhi was once openly received by the Viceroy, according to whose idea the G. O. M. was almost naked, it can be safely said that if a man but wills, he can have his position of complete independence, duly recognized irrespective of dress. It is far from creditable to be proud of what is not wholly and solely our own.

It must also be remembered that Europeans first began to condemn our wearing of ornaments, only with a view to induce us to imitate their habits of dress whereby they were sure that we would naturally be inclined to spend all our scanty savings in purchasing their cloth, as we have been actually doing, more and more, at a tremendous cost to our already impoverished Mother India; and the sooner we open our eyes to this economic evil, the wiser and richer we will be. Hoping that the classes will be pleased to give a moment's thought to this self-saving practical 'Swadeshism,' and determine at once, to give immediate effect thereto, since we do not really need much clothing in our tropical country.—Yours, etc.,

NILCANT R. SAHASRABUDDHE.
Poona, July 7.

"SUBSTANCE OF INDEPENDENCE".

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The "Times of India", in the leading article of 8-7-30, says:—

"What has the Congress to offer as an alternative? A Civil Disobedience campaign which is ruining the country, having for its object the attainment of a hitherto undefined 'substance of independence' which is within the province of the Round Table Conference."

The following quotation from "Young India" of January 23, 1930, will show that "substance of independence" has been clearly and unambiguously defined by Gandhiji and therefore the Congress does know what it is after.

"The days of being satisfied with costly toys are over. It is the substance that India wants.

British domination must cease.

British exploitation must cease.

British administration, that is costing the country far beyond its means, must end now, not in the remote future."—Yours, etc.,

HIRALAL N. VYAS.

Surat.

JEWS AND NATIONAL MOVEMENT.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The national struggle for freedom is going on in India. All the minorities are earnestly taking part in it except the Jews in India.

In the by-gone days, the Jews came and settled in India for shelter as our Parsi brothers did. India gave us protection and space to live in. And now it is long since the Jews came down to India and so India must be considered to be the Motherland of the Jews. India is our Motherland and as Indians we cannot neglect to take part in the present struggle.

A "Jew" said in a letter to the "Times of India" that the Jews should participate in the R. T. C. as a minority community. R. T. C. is a mirage and we cannot go there as long as our Indian brothers are in jail.

Now I earnestly desire that some Jewish leaders will call general meetings in chief towns such as Bombay, Ahmedabad, Poona, and Karachi and do some organised work to boycott British goods, use only Indian goods as far as possible and offer every possible help to the present struggle. I once more earnestly pray to my Jew brothers to hear the jailed Mother's call and show to India and the British Government that there exists a community of Jews in India which has patriotic feelings and love for the Motherland (Now India is Jews' Motherland) I humbly request the Jew leaders to call a meeting and discuss the present struggle.—Yours, etc.,

A JEW.

WORD TO THE SLUGGARDS

—:o:—

Make Boycott Effective.

To The Editor of 'The Chronicle',

Sir,—"The Gin Stores Association of Nagdevi Street has rightly been regarded a guide to other merchant Associations in the matter of the 'Boycott of British Goods' in as much as their resolutions, four in number, were given wide publicity.

Boycott is the only weapon of the non-violent that alone will be effective. Still, however, some of the educated black sheep refuse to join this movement and insist on ordering out English goods. Should we not persuade and if persuation fails should we not boycott such firms that continue sending their orders for British goods? A firm which has prepared some two lacs of Taklis (our non-violent weapon) to the All India Spinners' Association, and other firms dealing in machinary have not yet joined the above association.

Is it not the duty of patriotic firms to leave aside their petty differences and join hands with the Gin Stores Association. Associations when deprived of the co-operation of big importing merchants cannot make an effective stand. These are most critical times in the history of Indian Nationalism; and whoever fails to contribute his quota, will be permenantly branded as a traitor to his country.—Yours etc.,

"D".

"CO-OPERATION AND POLITICS".

A Remedy.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—With reference to a letter of "A Co-operator" published in your issue of date, I have to say a word to complete the letter left incomplete. The writer's mild tone with all the safeguards, I pity. In the concluding para of his tame letter, he puts: "It is high time co-operators asserted their rights before Government." As to the methods how the rights are to be asserted, he is studiously silent.

I think, this can be done by calling a special general meeting of the Provincial Co-operative Institute under its by-laws (No. 23) on a requisition, signed by 50 members.—Yours, etc.,

"A TRUE CO-OPERATOR."

Bombay, July 8.

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SIMON REPORT.

RETROGRADE RECOMMENDATIONS.

(BY S. M. RAHMAN, M.L.C., AKOLA.)

The perilous postulates in relation to India's constitutional advance, enunciated in the first volume of the Simon Report, had given rise to a pessimism, which volume II fully justifies. The angle of vision from which the Commissioners had essayed to survey the complexities of the communal problem, the homily on the suitability of personal rule to the peculiar conditions of India, had prepared the people for the worst. The unanimity amongst the members of the Commission, who represented all shades of political thought in England—from hide-bound Conservatism to advance Socialism—was exceedingly ominous and presaged the recommendation of an ante-diluvian constitution. But the freak mouse, that the mountain in labour has produced, after an eternity of waiting, could not have been anticipated, even by the worst pessimist.

ILLUSORY SAFEUGARDS.

The recommendations of Sir John Simon and his colleagues can be divided into two categories, communal and national. As far as the "minority safeguards" are concerned, a section of the Musalmans may feel satisfied, as some of their demands have been accepted by the Commission. But it remains to be seen, whether they are workable, and do not ultimately, prove to be illusory, inasmuch as no constitution, broad-based on certification and veto, can ever successfully function. It is exceedingly hazardous to make these "safeguards," entirely dependent upon the prerogative of the Governor, who cannot "under the new conditions successfully impose a policy against the will of the Legislature." It is normal and not the abnormal working of the constitutional machinery that can afford real protection to the minorities.

A HUGE FARCE.

In their eagerness to solve the communal problem, the Commissioners appear to have forgotten the fact that, in the words of Mr. Benn, "Indians of all races and classes desire the enlargement of India's liberties," and that the intelligentsia amongst the minorities have always demanded a constitutional advance, side by side, with the protection of their communal interests. They have always declared, that if they owe a duty to their co-religionists, they also owe a duty to the country, which is their Motherland. From this point of view, no Indian, barring a few bunkeys, can look with approbation upon a Constitution, which Maulana Shaukat Ali has appropriately described as "obsolete," and which takes away, even, some of the existing rights and reduces the provincial autonomy to a huge farce. As the irony of fate would have it, India has been given stones when she wanted bread.

In order to save India from clash and chaos, it is absolutely necessary that Lord Irwin should make a supreme effort to convince the Cabinet that the Simon scheme should be given an early burial, inspite of the fact, that it has been sponsored by the masterful Sir John and supported by the principal political parties in the Parliament. A declaration to that effect, alone, can prevent the Government from falling into the whirlpool of agitation, unparalleled in its intensity, towards which they are heading.

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BOYCOTT REPERCUSSIONS IN MANCHESTER AND MILAN.

Takli Movement Perturbs Western Magnates.

The Swadeshi feeling is gathering pace in India. The effects of such a movement seem to be telling on the trade of Lancashire. Comments and Market Reports of one overseas contemporaries furnish evidence of the extent of the repercussions.

The "Manchester Guardian Commercial" writes editorially as under:—

"There is still an almost complete absence of Indian buying at Manchester, and the position becomes more serious every day. At Calcutta the pickets, who have now been disowned by the Congress, continue to make business almost impossible in the bazaars, and in other markets, too, the boycott is being executed with considerable efficacy. With clearances very greatly reduced, and some arrivals still coming forward. stocks of foreign cloth are accumulating, and dealers at Bombay and Amritsar now intimate that they will have to plead "force majeure" and to refuse to take up any goods shipped after the end of this month. It is not the intention of Manchester traders to accept this plea, and it seems probable tnat, except in special circumstances, shipments will continue to be made in accordance with the terms of existing contracts. For it will be appreciated that if shipments are stopped the accumulation of stocks will be stopped, so that when the boycott breaks down, as ultimately it must dealers who have stocks of foreign cloth will be able, secure in the knowledge that there can be no new arrivals for some weeks, to put up their prices and extract a handsome profit from the engineered scarcity of the goods. This being so, advice from Indian dealers, however plausible to delay shipments should be taken with a grain of salt.

MOST UNSATISFACTORY.

The Market Review writer of the same paper calls the position in India most unsatisfactory:—

"There is much anxiety as to the immediate future in India, but shippers are not likely to be badgered into acquiescing in cancellations, while it is apparent that such a policy would benefit native dealers holding stocks at the time when the boycott dies down. Some cancellations have taken place. more or less by mutual consent, and the position is most unsatisfactory. Fresh business has not been entirely absent. Madras has taken a fair line or two of dyed goods and some dhooties, and dhooties have been wanted for Calcutta and mulls for Bombay. Karachi has been in the market for light whites and white shirtings, and seems to be a more promising outlet, and there was buying of lawns and voiles for Rangoon before the riots took place at the week-end.

"Collections are reported to be very difficult, and extreme care should be exercised in the granting of credit, due largely to the tense political situation, which has seriously affected business. Bazaar dealers are reported to be reluctant to book forward contracts."

WORK CEASED INDEFINITELY.

Losses in trading are general. Firms that have lost very little time in the past eight or ten years are having to curtail production, and in many cases alternate weeks are being worked while in others, work has ceased indefinitely owing to the upset in the Indian markets.

A special Manchester correspondent of the "London Times Imperial and Foreign Trade and Engineering Supplement" reads the situation there as follows:—

"Instead of improving, the situation has become definitely worse, and there seems no immediate likelihood of any change for the better. Manufacturers engaged in the production of goods for India are rapidly exhausting their orders. The whole of the manufacturing section seems to be affected to some extent. It cannot be said that Burnley is doing any better than Blackburn, though the latter centre is more intimately associated with India than the former. Shippers are determined not to allow cancellations. They intend to keep dealers abroad to their contracts and many of them believe that by persisting in a firm policy. few contracts will, in the end, be dishonoured.

"Some shippers are hopeful enough to predict a comparatively early breakdown of the boycott. There is no doubt, that when the breaking point is reached the collapse is likely to be rapid. Many of the letters received from Calcutta express the view that trading would proceed were it not for the intimidation that is being experienced in all directions. That is why pressure is being brought to bear on the Government to devise means of giving those dealers who wish to trade any protection necessary.

"Some small lots have been booked during the past week for Calcutta, Madras, Karachi, and occasionally for Amritsar. It is almost as difficult to trade with China as with India, though for entirely different reasons."

LACK OF ORDERS.

In another report the same writer states:—

"Bombay, Karachi and Delhi are doing nothing at all, but one or two fair lines of jeans and nainsooks have been purchased for Calcutta. Blackburn is the centre most affected by the Indian trouble, though in all directions looms are being brought to a standstill by the lack of orders."

The Textile Correspondent of the same paper in a subsequent issue remarks:—

"The eve of the annual Whitsuntide holiday finds the Lancashire cotton trade, for the tenth year in succession, suffering from severe depression. Many firms have already gone out of business, and many more admit that if they had to depend upon profits from current transactions they too would have to close their doors. The number of unemployed, enormously large in earlier months, became appalling in May. Disturbances and plans for boycotting the sale of British goods in India account for many of the added difficulties. Men who have been engaged in the industry for 50 years say they have never known an equally depressing period. For its equal they have to go back to what their fathers told them of the conditions during the cotton famine following the American Civil War 70 years ago."

MILAN AND THE INDIAN BOYCOTT.

With regard to the boycott of foreign goods decided on by the Indian Commercial Associations, two telegrams have been received from India by the Milan Chamber of Commerce (Consiglio Provinciale dell' Economia). One from the Delhi Hindustani Mercantile Association says: "In view of the present political situation the association has decided that no orders shall be despatched for foreign textiles and that all orders so far placed must be considered cancelled, except in the case of goods already passed through the Customs. Nobody will, directly or indirectly, purchase goods which have been cancelled or refused. Any members of the association, or any other traders, who act contrary to these decisions will be boycotted. The Chamber is asked to advise those interested that it is very undesirable to despatch goods." The second telegram reads:—"In consideration of the boycott on foreign textiles, the Amritsar Association of fancy woollen goods traders notifies exporters and industrialists not to despatch goods, because, not only will they be rejected but they will be quite unsaleable in view of the present dpolitical situation.'

ORDERS GROWING SLIMMER.

The "Canadian Textile Journal" views seriously the effects of the Indian boycott on Manchester as this market review shows:—

"The position of cotton spinners and manufacturers is vitally affected by the political trouble in India. Business in that market has been practically brought to a standstill. The order lists for cloths are growing slimmer with indications of more looms stopping at an early date. The situation in the spinning branch of the cotton textile industry is deplorable. Despite curtailment, the restricted production cannot be sold."

The Milan correspondent of the "Textile Recorder," writing on Italian loss due to the Indian boycott, says the following:—

"The Italians have no more reason to congratulate themselves upon their position in regard to the Indian cotton tariff and the attitude taken in the Bombay district towards foreign-made cloths than have the British or the Japanese. Italian millowners have no doubt whatever that their exports to India will in future show a decided decrease, and that, of the 250,000,000 rupees' (approximately £186,000,000) worth of European and other exports of cotton and cotton goods finding their way to India, their share will suffer equally with that of the United Kingdom and Japan. At the same time it is recognised that India is perfectly entitled to protect itself. Lancashire has for a long time ceased to hold the predominant position in that Continent that she once did. Italy, France and Germany have all done a substantial part of the Indian trade of late years. Italy especially in the cheaper grades of rayon."

A SERIOUS OBSTACLE.

The market reviewer of "The British Industries," the organ of the Federation of British Industries, is alarmed at the developments in India. He says:—

"Business on a much restricted basis has continued to go through for India in dhooties, light white goods, and fancies, but the new tariff and the recent political developments present a serious obstacle."

The "Cotton" says:—"News from India has again been discouraging, and owing to the boycott of foreign goods replacement buying has been out of the question, and rather more difficulties are being experienced in completing contracts. Some makers complain that merchants are not declaring sorts as freely as required. Trade for the big markets of India has been practically at a standstill.' "Indian Textile Journal."

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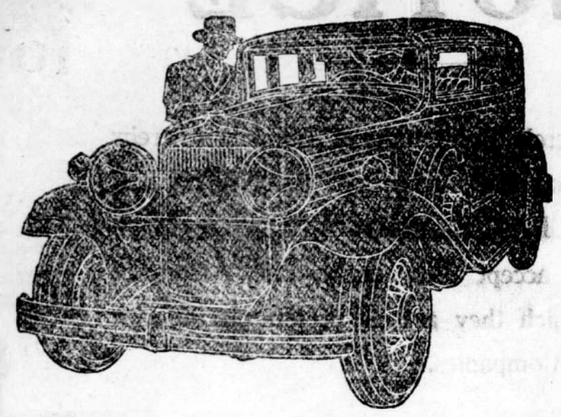

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What the People Say

CONSOLIDATE SWADESHI.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The boycott movement is a necessary preliminary. Its necessity has been now widely recognised. Fortunately, there has been evidence to indicate that national interest in art, industry and national education will no longer be restricted to the negative preliminary. There have been efforts and proposals for lying down the plans for an enduring nation-wide reconstruction in Swadeshi. May I suggest that they should converge towards defined programmes of day-to-day work, and what is more, they should be co-ordinated? I believe it will not be premature to suggest that we should now evolve responsible administrative agencies that would not only define the reconstructive work to be done but would be in a position also to hold itself responsible for distributing the various aspects and stages of actual work in the matter of systematic collection of practical information, educative publicity and effective salesmanship for competent handling. Random exertions and displays, however a spectacular, will, ultimately, profit nobody.

I remember there has been recently organised a group of students, of the Gujarat Vidyapith, I believe, that has decided to collect information. May I draw their attention and the attention of all those similarly occupied to the work of the Gujarat Kala Pradarshan Samiti, Surat? The Samiti has compiled a directory of arts and crafts, of artisans and art-craftsmen of practical importance to the students of the subject. It has already been printed and illustrated and will be published no sooner it is out of the hands of the binders. I mention this to prevent overlapping or unnecessary re-duplication of nationa' efforts.

We must both co-ordinate and consolidate the Swadeshi movement, not only celebrate its inauguration.—Yours, etc.,

KANAIYALAL H. VAKIL,
Jt. Hon. Secretary,
Gujarat Kala Pradarshan.

ANTI-PICKETING NEAR St. XAVIER'S COLLEGE

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—On the 2nd, 3rd and the 4th instant picketing was carried on vigorously near the various colleges of Bombay, the most successful being the Wilson and the V. J. T. Institute, St. Xavier, Elphinstone and Sydenham also gave a good response. But on the 4th instant there was anti-picketing movement by some of the patriots of the country nearly one-third of the students entered the college. The anti-picketing was carried on in the following way. The pickets formed a cordon to prevent the students from entering, so the anti-pickets stood behind the pickets and when anybody pushed the pickets to enter in the anti-pickets would pull him thus making a entrance. Some of the pickets had their shirts torn as a result of this. A lady picket had her bangle broken and was refused even a pinch of boric from the authorities. The hedge in front of the college was broken (by the permission of the authority) for the students to enter; even a ladder was placed in the Cama Hospital compound for those loyalists who wished to enter.

The majority of the students that entered and made the others enter were of the community to which our Nariman and Mrs. Captain belonged. There are some of this community who say that if they are not in the movement Independence would be very very far away.

The students of Bombay held a big Conference, the result of which was eagerly awaited, but the Conference ended in a complete fiasco. The students of Bombay are quite heartless. If they were to be addressed even by Mahatmaji, they would not be moved at all. Our students, like book-worms, would like to study when several big men have given up everything for our mother-country. Even lady students of brilliant career have given up their college at present, before any appeal was made to them but, in spite of several appeals made by great men, there is not the slightest effect on the stony-hearted students. If the students were to suspend their studies for one year only, nobody will be a loser, and if after doing so one cannot join the Congress let him simply spin and do propaganda for the boycott movement. Even this will help a lot. So, I appeal to the sense of justice of the students to join the movement by suspending their studies.

I know that this appeal will be of no avail, because our Bombay students like to remain in clutches rather than to be free from bondage.—Yours, etc.,

N. C. SHAH.
39, Gaiwadi Girgaum, Bombay.

MANUFACTURE OF SWADESHI UMBRELLAS

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—To ward off the scorching sun as well as the drenching rain which are the characteristics of our Great Country, the Umbrella is a necessity but not a luxury to every Indian and yet, there is not to my knowledge, even a single Factory in our Country which turns out the Umbrella as an indigenous industry. All the so-called Factories merely import materials and assemble them into Umbrellas of the most ordinary type, the superior type being imported from foreign countries as a ready-made product.

It is the irony of fate that our Country has to depend entirely upon foreign countries for even the materials requisite for such a necessary article of utility when the stick, the handle, furniture as well as the cloth thougr not the ribs can easily be obtained or manufactured in our own Country. There is an annual drain on our Country of not less than fifty million, the bulk of which it is in our power to save to the country by starting an industry which might be claimed as at least 95 per cent. indigenous instead of being barely 5 per cent. indigenous as at present.

Umbrella ribs unfortunately are the monopoly of only three countries in the world viz., England, France and Germany. Others have attempted the manufacture and failed. These alone would, therefore, have to be imported and the two last named countries would supply them to us cheaper than England can.

When the whole country has acclaimed the policy of Boycott, a necessity would naturally be keenly felt for the immediate establishment of an industry such as this one with a view not only to provide the country with a rome industry, finding employment for hundreds of our countrymen but also to efficiently stop at once the an importation of all the unnecessary material.

Twenty years ago, I started in the Mysore State an Umbrella Factory on a modest scale on the lines above described but for lack of public patronage and financial support, it dwindled out of existence like many other similar industries.

Conditions have, I hope, considerably altered since. The cloth required for umbrellas could not then be obtained, nor could perhaps be manufactured but it has since been found possible to manufacture this. What more is that genuine patriotism and an earnest boycott spirit have rightly found their way into the hearts of our Countrymen to-day, so that the establishment of several Factories would be a sound and economical proposition to-day and the industry is bound to prosper beyond all expectations.

Would our patriotic capitalists rise to the occasion? Would they move in the matter urgently in the best interests of the country? I, for one, am ready at their back and call and at the Country's call to render such assistance or co-operation as my present advanced age of 70 would permit. My address is C|o. Messrs. Bijur, Shanker and Co., Printers, 17, Benham Hall Lane, Bombay No. 4.—Yours etc.,

July, 7.

N. M. SHAMRAO.

IRELAND AND INDIA

—:o:—

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have been a constant reader of your valuable paper for the past six months and during that time I have found that your paper has given full and truthful account of all the recent happenings which have taken place in the fight for India's freedom.

In several recent issues of the "Bombay Chronicle" I notice that the Anglo-Irish War of 1920-21 was mentioned. Now being an Irishman myself I noticed that the methods employed by the Indian people in their fight for independence are on similar lines to the Irish methods employed during the Anglo-Irish War, less "non-violence". Now in a recent issue of the "Irish Independent" which I received from home, I noticed a letter referring to the Indian trouble. New boycott and hunger-strikes were adopted during the Anglo-Irish War and in the end they were the means of securing freedom for the Irish.

Hoping you will find a small space in your valuable paper for this letter.—Yours, etc.,

AN IRISHMAN,

SOME FACTS FOR "TIMES OF INDIA".

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—On 30th June there appeared in the "Times of India" a letter over the pseudonym of "Hard Facts" where the writer of it offered "a few points for consideration" regarding the Simon Report. On the very day I sent my reply to it signing myself "Harder Facts." But although 'Hard Facts' formed a soft morsel for the Old Lady of Bori Bunder, my 'Harder Facts' seem to have been found too hard for my Old Girly of Bori Bunder sans teeth to swallow; and the Bori Bunder journal has not seen its way to give a little space in it to my letter. I, therefore, claim the hospitality of your columns feeling sure that you will be good enough to make room for it in the next issue of your journal. The cutting from the "Times of India" containing the letter of 'Hard Facts' is enclosed to be reproduced along with my reply to it, if you think it necessary.—Yours, etc.,

HARDER FACTS.

July 5.

To the Editor of the "Times of India."

Sir,—In to-day's issue of your journal "Hard Facts" offers "a few points for consideration" regarding the Simon Report which, he says, is "being denounced by several Indian political leaders." The hard fact is that with the solitary exception of Mr. Bepin Paul it is denounced by 'all' Indian political leaders, while it is praised as an admirable production of a political genius by nearly all newspapers and public men in Britain. This in itself is sufficient to convince one that the Commissioners in drawing up the report had in their mind the interests of Britain rather than of India to be protected! "Hard Facts" asks who will be the loser if Indian leaders will not be ready to take part in the Round Table Conference unless Dominion Status is promised. It requires no great thinking power to know that India and Britain both will be the losers, the latter in a greater degree. 'Hard Facts" is convinced that the Britishers are of "bull-dog tenacity and will never yield to threats." But he perhaps does not know that this bulldog tenacity of Britishers cost them dearly at the time of the American War of Independence when they were obliged to bid good-bye to their American colonies. But this lesson they had learnt stood them in good stead when soon after the Boer War they had to pocket their tenacity and grant a constitution to the Union of South Africa.

"Hard Facts" gives the example of Egypt and tries to show that Egypt has to suffer because the Wafd Party would not accept the reservations and safeguards demanded by Britain. But he seems to forget that the tug-of-war between the two countries has not yet ended, and it is a question whether the British bulldog tenacity will finally prevail. The Indians now well know that "the last word" and "settled fact" of the British statesman are mere catch-phrases not worth taking notice of. "Hard Facts" holds forth the example of Egypt and asks Indians to take a lesson from it, otherwise he fears dire results will follow; and he again asks who will be the loser. Well, it all depends upon how far the Britisher's bulldog tenacity goes on this occasion. If the bulldog tenacity made Britain lose her colonies in the armed revolutionary war a century and a half ago, who knows the same tenacity if continued for a long time in his peaceful bloodless revolution in India, may make Britain lose an empire! If the Britisher does not yield to threat, the Indian of to-day will be found equally unyielding to it.

In another paragraph "Hard Facts" tries to teach a lesson in constitutional history to the Indians. He talks of the right of veto vested in the British Crown. But as all students of English history know this royal right is only a prerogative on paper, and no King of England would ever think of exercising it because he knows it might cost him his crown. But the Viceroy or the Governor of a province exercising his right of veto has no such fear. This makes all the difference.

Again "Hard Facts" thinks that India expects that other countries would interfere in her behalf. He is wrong in that. India does not want any help from other nations. She knows that France and other European Powers are similarly engaged in exploiting backward countries of the world and they would willingly support the policy of Britain in India. It is this common interest that has made these countries welcome the Simon Report. India well understands this and she is ready to stand on her own legs in her struggle for freedom. Let "Hard Facts swallow these.

HARDER FACTS.

30th June 1930.

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PICKETING AT St. XAVIER'S COLLEGE.

—:o:—

Miss Mandakini Mehta, Miss Dilshad Sayyad, Miss Kamal Bhagvat, Miss Durga Bhagvat and Messrs. Madanlal Pittie and S. K. Shah write:—

We beg the hospitality of your columns to bring to public notice some of the few incidents which took place at the picketing before the gates of St. Xavier's College. The St. Xavier's College along with the other Bombay colleges was picketed on the 2nd, 3rd and 4th instant in accordance with the appeal made by the Subjects Committee of the Students Conference to observe a hartal for three days, by abstaining from attending college as a mark of protest against the repressive policy of the Government in declaring the Congress Working Committee an unlawful assembly and incarcerating its Acting President, our honoured and revered leader, Pundit Motilal Nehru.

Particular attention is here drawn to the attitude of the authorities who seemed to follow the precept, "Any stick is good to beat the dog with", in their efforts to break the hartal. The missionaries have been shouting from house-tops about their supposed neutrality between the Indians and the British Government, and have, aye, even shown lip-sympathy to the Indian aspirations.

It is in no spirit of grumbling or complaining that this letter is written. The aim of this letter is to show the hollowness of their professions of neutrality and sympathy.

One feels compelled to admire their ingenuity in cutting down the wire-fencing and putting ladders and chairs to help the 'loyal' students to cross over the railing with ease.

The anti-picketers resorted to violence with the result that some of the lady pickets had their bangles broken as they refused to let loose the cordon. Some sturdy loyal students were sent to help the waverers across the cordon And in spite of this how many did succeed in getting in or how many refused to transgress? How many again attended the classes!

The postal service was not forgotten efther and letters were posted to the parents or guardians of the students advising them to withdraw their wards or make them desist from participating in this "mad political frenzy", in this 'anarchy and revolution'. This is the advice of neutral and impartial outsiders and responsible teachers of youth who are so deeply concerned about the 'interests' of the wards in their care. Indian publicists have so far sought in vain why our present education in universities and colleges creates the much-talked of slavish mentality in our students. But it would be a matter of great surprise, however, to hear that all parents take such letters very seriously.

Let it be made clear once more that the pickets are prepared to brave all this over again and do their work in the same unruffled way without retaliating or grumbling. They dare and do what their duty urges them to, and are prepared to face all consequences in this unequal but non-violent fight. But the public should know how political neutrality is observed by missionary teachers.

NO INDENT OF FOREIGN YARN.

—:o:—

Nagpur Empress Mills' Decision.

The Secretary, Nagpur Textile Union, writes:—

Sir Sorabji Mehta, Manager. Empress Mills, has replied to Mr Ruikar, Secretary, Nagpur Textile Union, that the Empress Mills have stopped indenting all foreign yarn from the 28th of May, 1930; Sir Sorabji has also informed that the quantity of foreign yarn used by the Mills was very little; the total production of yarn was 1.57 lakhs of lbs.; only 17 thousand lbs. of foreign yarn was used by the Empress Mills. Artificial silk, which is foreign, is still being imported, and is used to the extent of 1.5 per cent., in the total production of yarn. The Manager of the Model Mills has not still replied to the request of the Nagpur Textile Union; it is to be hoped that the Model Mills will also follow the good example of the Empress Mills and that both the Nagpur Mills will totally stop using all foreign yarn.

A VETERAN URDU JOURNALIST.

—:o:—

DEATH OF MR. JALIB.

Death took place of Mr. Sayed Jalib, a veteran Urdu journalist, on Saturday, July 5, at Lucknow. He was the editor of the "Himmat Daily" which he started about two years ago. He was one of the oldest Urdu journalist having spent nearly 20 years in the line. He was working with Maulana Mohamad Ali on the "Hamdard Daily" when he started at from Calcutta at the time of the Balkan War. Later he joined the "Hamdam Daily" of Lucknow which he edited for a number of years. He was one of the founders of that paper. Lately he started the "Himmat Daily" from Lucknow. His passing away has removed a veteran Urdu journalist of a very long standing. He leaves behind a widow and a son and a very large circle of friends to mourn his loss.

RELEASE SUBASH BABU.

—:o:—

BANDRA YOUTH LEAGUE'S DEMAND.

The Bandra Youth League has adopted the following resolution:—

"The Bandra Youth League has learnt with deep regret the sad news of the illness of Sjt. Subash Bose in the Alipore jail and prays to God for his speedy recovery. In view of the serious nature of the illness this League asks for his unconditional and immediate release."

THE VANISHED HOSTESS.

—:o:—

History Of The Salon.

Is conversation a lost art? The question is raised in a recently-published book by Valerian Tornius entitled "The Salon, Its Rise and Fall" (Thornton Butterworth, 21s.) The author indulges in the gloomiest prognostications with regard to the future of social life. "Gain," he writes, lugubriously, "is the beginning and end of our lives to-day, and even men of susceptibility and refinement yield to its demands."

But surely this is too sweeping an indictment. It may be true that of recent years the Salon has to a large extent been replaced by the club. but wit still flourishes and conviviality has not entirely disappeared from English life.

OPULENCE AND VICE.

Mr. Tornius traces, in a series of vivid pen-pictures, the development of the Salon—using that term in its broadest application—from the days of the Renaissance to the beginning of the last century. It has had a mixed, and not wholly creditable, career. The social gatherings of Lucrezia Borgia, for instance, or of that worst of Popes, Leo X., were hardly fit meeting-places for the devout, or even for the decent. Opulence and vice went hand-in-hand in those hectic times. Both were seasoned with vulgarity. The hous of Veronica Franco in Venice was the rendezvous of all the leading poets and wits of the period. Few of her guests had reason to complain of the hospitality extended to them, though it is recorded that on one occasion Montaigne came away with a severe pain in the stomach. It is doubtful however, whether the servants entirely enjoyed these lavish entertainments.

In Veronica's Salon luxury was carried so far that the Spanish Ambassador, having need of a spittoon, spat in a servant's face, saying as excuse: "I am sorry, but it is the only ugly thing here."

THE ORIGIN OF CONVERSATION.

But it is to France rather than to Italy that we must look for the birth of the Salon proper. Its real founder was Mme. de Rambouillet.

There were Salons before the Marquise opened her house to literary conversation, but the Salon had never before been raised to a social organization. definite and independent, and one which was to prove so important in the history of literature. . . Mme. de Rambouillet understood how to reconcile most happily the two aristocracies of the time, birth and brain, which until then had been so far apart. Class distinctions disappeared; every "honnete homme" was admitted to her Salon, no matter where he was cradled. From this mixture of birth and understanding as of an equal nobility a new art was born, the art of conversation, which has remained the characteristic of the French Salon.

It was at the Hotel de Rambouillet that the best talk in Europe was to be heard. "There is no spot on earth," wrote Jean Chapelain, where more sound common sense and less pedantry is to be met with."

This book is full of good stories. and helps to a realization of the importance of the hostess in the social history of modern Europe.

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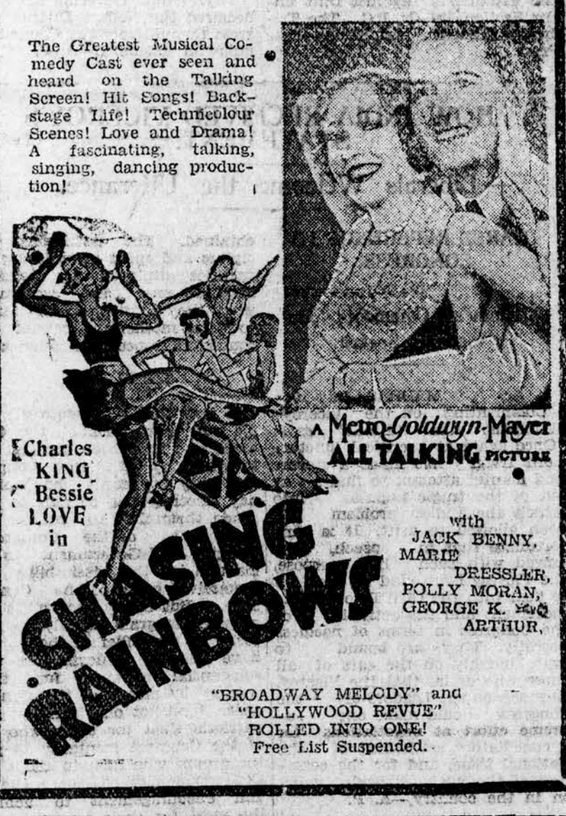

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Satyagrha News From All Quarters.

COUNTRY'S RESPONSE TO CONGRESS CALL

KUNWAR ANAND SINGH GETS 18 MONTHS.

—:o:—

A Descendent Of Royal Family

ALLAHABAD, July 10.

A Nainital message says that Kunwar Anand Singh of Kashipur was tried under section 124-A, I.P.C. in connection with two speeches delivered at Kashipore and Haldwani, and was convicted and sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment. He was put in class "A" and sent to Dehra Dun. The Rani Saheb was present at the trial.

Kumar Anand Singh is a prominent landholder possessing large estates in Nainital and Aligarh Districts. He is the direct descendent of former Kings of Jumaon and is an excellent shot. Yesterday batches of Congress volunteers came out with National Flags and thirteen arrests were made.—A. P.

6 MONTHS FOR SWAMINARAYAN

—:o:—

New Secretary For Gujirat P. C. C.

AHMEDABAD, July 11.

Prof. Swaminarayan, ex-M.L.C. who was tried at Dhandhuka in connection with a speech calling upon the peasants not to pay land revenue till Swaraj was obtained, has been sentenced to six months' S.I. as an "A" class prisoner.

Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel, who is the President of Gujarat P. C. C. has nominated Mr. Hariprasad Mehta, as Secretary in place of Jivanlal Diwan who has been arrested.—A. P.

DISTRESS WARRANTS AGAINST LIQUOR VENDORS.

—:o:—

DHANABAD, July 10.

Distress Warrants were issued against the Licensees of Liquor shops in this Sub-Division, owing to their failure to deposit Muslim Divines who were going to their sales.—Free Press.

DELHI CONVICTIONS.

—:o:—

DELHI, July 10.

Nine Congress volunteers were sentenced to-day by the Additional District Magistrate to six months rigorous imprisonment under the Instigation Ordinance.

Nineteen volunteers were arrested to-day for picketing liquor shops under Section 32 of Police Act.—A. P.

LATHI CHARGE IN RAJKOT

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, July 7.

Rajkot observed a hartal on hearing the news of the arrest of Pandit Motilal Nehru and a procession of nearly 1500 men started from the Alfred high school. On reaching near the Chawdhry High school in the Agency limits the procession was stopped by the police and three men, including two boys of 17 and 12, were arrested, the procession was asked to disperse but it defied the order. A lathi charge was made and nearly 70 persons were injured. 40 horsemen and nearly 100 foot police charged the people and the national flag was snatched away Owing to this great enthusiasm prevailed in Rajkot and the students decided not to attend school on the next day. The Chawdhary high school was picketed. The police charged the mob as a result of which two persons were severely injured and nearly 50 persons got lathi blows.

On Friday the public meeting of 8000 people, including nearly 500 women, assembled in "Aazd Madan" under the presidentship of Gordhandas Ladhabhai to condmn the Authority. Mr. P. L. Chudgar bar-at-law in his eloquent speech said that Sec. 144A was sufficient to administer the Government inspite of all the criminal laws standing in the Criminal Code.

Out of the three arrested two were given one month's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100/ or eight days' more imprisonment and the boy of 12 was ordered 12 stripes by Major Tate the P. A. W. K. Agency.

Sardar Jamnadas Gandhi and Mr. Odhavji were arrested yesterday morning. Complete Hartal was observed and a large meeting assembled. Six workers of Babra Thana were arrested and brought to Rajkot for trial. Great enthusiasm prevails in Rajkot.

KITTUR LEADER ARRESTED.

—:o:—

KITTUR, July 8.

(From A Correspondent.)

A complete hartal was observed here on the 1st instant owing to the arrests of Deshabhakta Pandit Motilal Nehru and Dr. Sayad Mahamad. On the 5th the second Gandhi day was observed, and the Simon Report was burnt in a public meeting. Srijut Shantinath Ingle, Secretary of the local Congress Committee, was arrested by the police under 117 etc. of I. P. C. Just before the arrest a grand procession was arranged. Nearly 2000 people assembled. As he was taken through the streets people cheerfully welcomed him from house to house with the shouts of "Mahatma Gandhiki-jai" and showered flowers on him as a token of their respect towards him as he was esteemed highly by the public. Complete hartal was observed due to his arrest. He was congratulated in a public meeting held in the same evening.

MUSLIM LEADERS DEFY SECTION 144.

FARIDPUR, July 10.

Order under Section 144 was served on Mr. Jelaluddin Hashemy, Ex-M.L.C. and two other Muslim Divines who were going to address public meetings in Faridpur.

Following the decision by the leaders, to defy the order, the latter were arrested but subsequently released.—Free Press.

Lalchand Falak Arrested

—:o:—

SIMLA, July 10.

Lalchand Falak, poet and journalist has been arrested under section 108 Cr. P.C.—A. P.

SAFEGUARD TO BRITISH INDUSTRIES.

—:o:—

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO DISCUSS STEPS.

LONDON RUGBY, July 10.

Further meeting of the Bankers, responsible for the resolution favouring tariff measures for extension of inter-Imperial trade, has been held to confirm the terms of that agreement, and the names of others who desire to be associated with it has been added. These include F. C. Goodenough, Chairman of Barclays Bank, Sir Guy Granet, Sir Cecil Budd, and several other directors of Development Companies and large industrial concerns. The Grand Council of the Federation of British Industries has unanimously resolved that "in view of the special responsibility attaching to the industrialists in regard to employment", to set up a Committee to ascertain whether members of the Federation favour more general application of safeguarding as a help to British Industry, and whether they favour adoption of the fiscal policy, permitting reciprocal agreement with Dominions on basis of mutual preference. On basis of the views expressed, a policy of Federation will be decided at a special meeting to be called for purpose. Committee consists of past presidents of Federation.—B. O. W.

RUMANIAN PRINCE IN AIR CRASH

—:o:—

SOFIA, July 11.

The Young Rumanian prince Gheka who set out from Bicester in a single-seater Gipsymoth, on a attempt to beat the record for non-stop flight in a straight line, crashed at Teteven in Rumania and has been admitted to a hospital.—Reuter.

LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE.

—:o:—

Case Against Dutt Withdrawn.

SIMLA, July 10.

The Conspiracy Case Tribunal framed charges to-day against Bhagatsingh and fourteen others under sections 120-B; 121 A; 122 123 and 302 I.P.C. and sections 4, 5 and 6 of the Explosives Substances Act. The case against B. K. Dutt was withdrawn and S. N. Panday and Master Agiya Ram were discharged.

The accused were not present when charges were framed.—A. P.

The Government Advocate made a statement seeking permission of the Tribunal to withdraw the case against B. K. Dutt, whose appeal in regard to his sentence in the Assembly Bomb case had been dismissed by the High Court. The Crown did not desire to vindicate and force the accused to undergo, the charge against him being one punishable with death or transportation for life, nor did they wish to waste public time and money on further trial. He requested the judges to sanction the withdrawal against Dutt under Section 494 Cr. P.C. The Tribunal granted permission.—Free Press.

HAILEY GOVT: CENSURED.

—:o:—

Beating Of Congress Volunteers.

U. P. COUNCIL ADJOURNED

NAINITAL, July 10.

At to-day's meeting of the U. P. Council, Mr. Chintamani moved an adjournment motion to discuss the alleged beating of Congress volunteers at Nainital yesterday, when two flag processions were taken out and 13 volunteers were arrested.

Sir George Lambert denied that there was any beating or any serious injury to any volunteers. He said when the arrested volunteers refused to go to the thana and had to be dragged by force, some volunteers received minor injuries in the process.

The adjournment motion was carried, Government not challenging division.—A. P.

M. BRIAND'S NOTE TO ITALY.

—:o:—

Maintaining "Status Quo

PARIS, July 10.

M. Briand has informed the Italian Government of his intention to suspend the Naval ship-building in connection with 1930 programme until December. This will ensure the maintenance of 'status quo' during the Franco-Italian negotiations.—Reuter.

NELLORE "WAR" COUNCIL DECLARED ILLEGAL.

—:o:—

MADRAS, July 10.

The Madras Government has declared the Nellore District Congress Committee "War Council" an unlawful assembly.—A. P.

LABOUR RETAINS SEAT

—:o:—

LONDON, July 10.

North Norfolk bye-election has resulted as follows:—

Lady Noel Buxton (Laborite) 14,821 votes

Cook (Conservative) 14,642 "

PRESS LORD'S TRICK.

Lord Beaverbrook in interview regarding result of North Norfolk bye-election said:—"Well, we have lost trick. Let us get on with game."—Reuter.

SCHOOL STUDENTS AND NATIONAL MOVEMENT

—:o:—

In order to give a more concrete form to the activities of schoolboys, in regard to the present struggle for independence, the Bombay Presidency Youth League has decided to organise Students' Unions in various Schools, in the city.

With the above object a meeting of schoolboys was held in the Jinnah Hall on Thursday evening, Sjt. Kabadi presiding. Explaining the object of the Unions the speakers said that their main object would be to prevent the boys being misguided by irresponsible persons. Each School would form its own Union and no action should be taken by the boys either in regard to hartal or any other matter without the previous consent of the Union executive.

The Unions would receive financial and other assistance from the Youth League. The Union should also guide activities in the direction of encouraging the Swadeshi movement. Spinning should be introduced and every student should spin at 25 yards of yarn.

"THIS WILL NOT DO".

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, July 10.

Commenting on the Viceroy's speech, the "Liberty" says the Viceroy is grievously mistaken if he believes that the feeling of exasperation in India can be assuaged by vague promise of Dominion Status, compelled with a formidable list of obstacles real and imaginary. Mere dangling of pious platitudes before the eyes will not serve the purpose".—Free Press.

LIVE BOMB RECOVERED FROM TRUNK.

—:o:—

AN ARREST.

CALCUTTA, July 10.

Bijoychandra Ghosh and Prankumar Das Gupta from whose runk a live bomb was recovered yesterday when they alighted at Sealdah station from Barisal Express, were placed before the Police Magistrate this afternoon and emanded.

Krishnachandar Ghosh has been arrested at Howrah on a charge of throwing a bomb at the residence of Detective Police Inspector where it exploded. Nobody was, however, hurt. Bail has been refused.

Mr. N. N. Sircar, Advocate-General, Bengal, left for Simla to-night to appear, it is understood, in the Lahore High Court on July 14 in connection with the question that has been raised that Government have no power to make an Ordinance to try the Lahore conspirators.—A. P.

MORE RIOTING AT TANTAH.

—:o:—

15 Constables Injured.

LONDON, July 10.

Cairo.—Fifteen policemen were injured and seventy rioters were arrested to-day at Tantah where a crowd stoned the police station as a protest against the action of authorities at Mansourah.

The police while endeavouring to disperse the mob were greeted with showers of brickbats. A demonstration was also held at Damanhour, but it passed off peacefully.—Reuter.

The Congress Hospital continues to receive public support. The following contributions to the Hospital Fund were received on Thursday:—

Sjt. Vithaldas Hukamchand Rs. 501, Bombay Staff of the Tata Hydro Power Supply Co. 357, Mrs. E. D. Kazi 501, Khambat Sadi Magyana Panch Association Rs. 151, Mrs. Manibai B. Virchand Rs. 100, Hay Merchants Association Rs. 121, A Zoroastrian sympathiser, Cotton Green, Sewree, Rs. 101, Morarjee Gokuldas Mill Workers Co-operative Credit Society Rs. 25, Bombay Coir Merchants' Association Rs. 500.

HOW BRITAIN IS "DISARMING" HERSELF

Twenty More Vessels To Be Added To Navy: Singapore Base To Go On

LONDON, July 9.

Mr. Alexander, in the House of Commons to-day said that the total expenditure upon Singapore Base including floating dock was £2,527,000. The estimated total expenditure was £8,721,000. The contributions received from Dominions and Colonies amounted to £1,672,000, the whole of which had been applied to expenditure to date. The date of completion of the main contract would be towards the end of 1935 but two years further would be required for the completion of various works making final date of completion at the end of 1937.—B. O. W.

Britain's New "Destroyers."

LONDON, July 9.

A supplementary estimate for £208,000 required to meet expenditure on ship building, not provided for in the original estimates for the year, is published. The estimate covers the cost expected to be incurred during the current financial year on, firstly three submarines of 1929 programme, the construction of which was deferred pending the conclusion of the London Naval Conference and secondly the programme of new construction for 1930.

The memorandum states that the Government propose to lay down in the present financial year the following programme:—

Three six inch sloop cruisers, one flotilla of destroyers and one flotilla leader and eight destroyers —three submarines, four sloops and one minelayer.—B. O. W.

20 MORE VESSELS.

—:o:—

LONDON, July 9.

Mr. Alexander in a memorandum explaining Government's reasons for the addition of 20 vessels to the navy says that in consequence of severe cuts in naval programmes, prior to London Naval Conference, replacement of cruisers, destroyers and submarines cannot further be delayed.

In order to maintain the figure at 50 cruisers, the building of 27 cruisers must be spread over 1930 to 1936 programme, Government propose to adopt a steady replacement programme for destroyers and to lay down only one Flotilla in 1930 and propose to construct about three submarines a year.—Reuter.

HASAN IMAM TO LEAD

Bihar "Dictator's" Announcement.

PATNA, July 9.

Babu Deep Narayan Singh who has succeeded Babu Rajendra Parasad as president of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee and 'dictator' of the Civil Disobedience movement in Bihar, took over charge of his office yesterday and made an impressive speech in the evening at a crowded gathering of students and other citizens of Patna on Bhawarpokhar Park grounds. Syed Hasan Imam presided.

In the course of his speech, Babu Deep Narayan appealed to the college students to come out of their colleges and join the ranks of the Congress workers in large numbers for the question was of 'now or never'. Concluding, he announced that it was expected that no sooner he was arrested than Syed Hasan Imam would be there to lead the movement.

In fact, it is understood, Syed Hasan Imam has now decided to throw himself heart and soul into the movement and there is every likelihood of his succeeding Babu Deep Narayan Singh as president of the Provincial Congress Committee and 'dictator' of the movement in Bihar, in case the former is arrested. It may be remembered that Syed Hasan Imam presided over the special session of the Indian National Congress in 1918, but had retired from politics for some years and only came out of his retirement in April last, after the happenings in Patna which made a deep impression on him and since then he has been taking an active interest in the movement.—Leader.

ECONOMIC POLICY—FREE FROM POLITICAL BIAS

British Preparatory Committee's Report.

LONDON, July 10.

The British Preparatory Committee for the Imperial Conference, composed of representatives of the Association of British Chambers of Commerce, Federation of British Industries and Chamber of Shipping of United Kingdom, as presented a report to the Government recommending that suitable machinery for constant and adequate investigation and consultation within the empire should be devised, particularly the Imperial Economic Secretariat drawn from all parts of the Empire should be established. The problem of devising an economic policy for the empire should be studied in scientific spirit free from all political bias. The Committee believes that the only means of obtaining substantial growth and efficient rationalisation of Imperial resources, both from the view-point of Inter-Imperial trade and Imperials' world trade, is for representatives of industry, commerce, shipping and finance in various parts of the empire to be fully consulted by their Governments upon questions of policy.—Reuter.

HOW INDIA RECEIVED VICEROY'S STATEMENT.

— Liberals Welcome the Utterance.

HARSH REFERENCE TO CONGRESS.

—:o:—

"Hindu's" Comments On Viceroy's Speech.

MADRAS, July 10.

Commenting on the Viceroy's statement the "Hindu" says: "Once again at a critical juncture Lord Irwin has made a sincere and manful attempt to find a way out of the tragic impasse into which the Indian problem has been allowed to drift. It is unfortunate that in a speech, conceived with such high purpose, the Viceroy has found an occasion to deal with the Civil Disobedience movement and the activities of the Congress in terms of needless acerbity. They are bound to grate harshly on the ears of all those who desire that the Viceroy, as much as the Leaders of the Congress should make one supreme effort at negotiations for a conciliatory settlement of the National issue, and for the cessation of the huge struggle going on in the country.—A. P.

—:o:—

LIBERALS' FAITH IN R. T. CONFERENCE.

—:o:—

BOMBAY, July 10.

A general meeting of the Western India Liberal Association was held on Thursday evening when Sir Chimanlal Setalvad presided.

Addressing the meeting, Sir Chimanlal said: Indeed on the main and vital issue, there is no difference among all sections of the people—Hindus, Moslems, Brahmins, Non-Brahmins, Sikhs, Depressed Classes, Parsis, Christians and others. India is in no mood to enter into discussion as to her fitness and readiness to be self-governing, nor is she willing to have self-government doled out to her by stages. She wants to have full internal freedom immediately, with only such safeguards for the transition period, regarding subjects like Army Foreign relations and Indian States as may be agreed upon. Our difference with the Congress group is as regards the methods by which the objective is to be obtained. The patriotism, discipline and spirit of suffering and sacrifice displayed by thousands of young men and women in what they consider to be service to their motherland cannot but command respect and admiration.

THEIR FAITH.

It may that the Congress people and those outside the Congress who have been brought into sympathy with the Congress mentality by recent happenings, may sincerely not be able to persuade themselves to believe in the labours of the Conference bringing Self-Government to India and in the desirability of themselves going to the Conference. But surely they must be prepared to grant equally the sincerity of the belief of those who have faith of achieving a very substantial advance for their country by means of the Conference. It is not only fair but also patriotic then for those who are of the Congress mentality to give the groups who wish to adopt the Conference method, every chance and encouragement to achieve the most for their country. Let me assure the Congress and the public that, speaking personally, I will not be satisfied with and will not be a party to accepting any solution which is not honourable to India and which does not secure to her real internal freedom. I am sure that the same will be the attitude of every patriotic and self-respecting Indian who may take part in the Conference.—A. P.

India Has Advanced

—:o:—

BENARES, July 11.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya speaking here last night at a meeting attended by 15,000 persons referred to the Viceroy's address and explained that before launching civil disobedience campaign Mahatma Gandhi made every effort to get an assurance that the British Government would support Dominion Status. Congress gave full one year but no assurance was given. He felt that the movement had caused a great awakening and India was now much advanced.—A. P.

DEATH OF SAIYED JALIB.

—:o:—

Z. A. B. writes:—

Urdu journalism has suffered an irreparable loss in the death of Mir Basharat Ali Jalib of Delhi which took place on the 5th instant at Lucknow. He was ailing for some months past and was removed to the Medical College Hospital on the 13th May. In spite of every effort on the part of the doctors who were in constant attendance, the disease could not be thoroughly diagnosed, and as a result of it the deceased had to suffer untold miseries for a number of days. A few days before his death the Mir Sahib became totally unconscious and this state lasted up to the end of his earthly life.

Saiyed Jalib was in the journalistic line for the last 35 years and barring a few exceptions, he may be rightly considered to be the oldest journalist. He was a forceful writer and had a fine command over the English language. His Urdu was highly chaste and polished, although free from sentimentalism. He was a moderate by convictions; perhaps his constitution did not allow him to be otherwise. He was a voracious reader and a prolific writer. His leading articles were invariably very long but full of information. During all these years he was connected with various newspapers, chief of them being: "Paisa Akhbar", "Vakil", "Hamdard", "Hamdam" and "Himmat". He was very sober in style and perhaps there is none, either friend or foe, who can have any word of complaint regarding his writings.

The deceased was deeply interested in historical studies and his lengthy dissertation on the 3rd Mahratta War which was read before a distinguished gathering at Lucknow and which was published by "Zama" of Cawnpore in one single issue, was highly [illegible] of and may be taken as his masterpiece. He was a great lover of Delhi and of everything connected with the Mughal Court. He was also busy writing a detailed history of Delhi, but I am not in a position to say now far he progressed in that direction.

He was a fine conversationalist and those who have come in contact with him, can hardly forget his winning smile, his amiable disposition and his pure character.

He leaves behind him one son, Saiyed Ishrat Husein, and a widow to mourn his loss. May his soul rest in peace!

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